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# CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers

Bulletin 5069



by ROCKWELL AUTOMATION

**User Manual** 

**Original Instructions** 

## **Important User Information**

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

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The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



**WARNING:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



**ATTENTION:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

**IMPORTANT** Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

Labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



**SHOCK HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



**BURN HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.



**ARC FLASH HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

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# Summary of Changes

This manual contains new and updated information as indicated in the following table.

Topic	Page
Added CompactLogix™ 5380 Process controllers.	Throughout
Updated safety signature definition.	53
Added Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).	129
Added Automatic Diagnostics.	275
Added Considerations for Communication Loss Diagnostics.	276
Updated the Disable Controller Web Pages procedure.	320

Catalog Numbers	This p	oublication is applicable to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380 Standard Catalog Numbe	ers:	5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM, 5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ERM, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERMK, 5069-L330ER, 5069-L330ERM, 5069-L330ERMK, 5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L350ERM, 5069-L350ERMK, 5069-L380ERM, 5069-L3100ERM
CompactLogix 5380 Process Catalog Numbers	s:	5069-L320ERP, 5069-L340ERP
Compact GuardLogix <sup>®</sup> 5380 SIL 2 Catalog Nur	mbers:	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Catalog Num	bers:	5069-L306ERMS3, 5069-L310ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K, 5069-L340ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K, 5069-L380ERMS3, 5069-L3100ERMS3
Overview	Comp	nanual provides information on how to design a system, operate a bactLogix or Compact GuardLogix-based controllers system, and develop ations.
		nust be trained and experienced in the creation, operation, and enance of safety systems.
	requir and C	formation on Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and Performance Level (PL) rements and safety application requirements, see the GuardLogix 5580 compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, ration <u>1756-RM012</u> .

# Notes:

# CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Systems and Controllers

This chapter describes features and functions that are associated with the CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers.

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The controllers have minimum requirements.

- CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers have minimum hardware requirements. For more information on the hardware requirements, see <u>Table 1 on page 20</u>.
- The controller firmware revision must be compatible with the software version that you use. For more information, see <u>Controller Firmware</u> and Logix Designer Application Compatibility on page 64.
- Programming software

System	Cat. No.	Studio 5000 Logix Designer® Application <sup>(2)</sup>	
CompactLogix	5069-L320ER, 5069-L340ERM	Version 28.00.00 or later	
CompactLogix	5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM, 5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069-L310ERM, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L330ER, 5069-L330ERM, 5069-L340ER	Version 29.00.00 or later	
CompactLogix	5069-L350ERM, 5069-L380ERM, 5069-L3100ERM	Version 30.00.00 or later	
Compact GuardLogix SIL 2 Controllers <sup>(1)</sup>	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L30ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2	Version 31.00.00 or later	
Compact GuardLogix SIL 3 Controllers <sup>(1)</sup> 5069-L306ERMS3, 5069-L310ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K, 5069-L340ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K, 5069-L380ERMS3, 5069-L3100ERMS3		Version 32.00.00 or later	
CompactLogix Process Controllers	5069-L320ERP, 5069-L340ERP	Version 33.00.00 or later	

(1) For more information on safety ratings, see <u>Safety Concept of Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers on page 51</u>.

# Minimum Requirements

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

<sup>(2)</sup> For compatible Linx-based communication software and ControlFLASH™ software, see the <u>Product Compatibility and Download</u> <u>Center (PCDC)</u>.

IMPORTANT	If safety connections or safety logic are required for your application, then you must use a Compact GuardLogix controller.
IMPORTANT	This equipment is supplied as open-type equipment for indoor use. It mus be mounted within an enclosure that is suitably designed for those specifi environmental conditions that are present and appropriately designed to prevent personal injury resulting from accessibility to live parts.
	The enclosure must have suitable flame-retardant properties to prevent or minimize the spread of flame, complying with a flame spread rating of 5V or be approved for the application if nonmetallic. The interior of the enclosure must be accessible only by the use of a tool.
	For more information regarding specific enclosure type ratings that are required to comply with certain product safety certifications, see the
	<ul> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN014.</u></li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN023.</u></li> </ul>

## Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



At the end of its life, this equipment should be collected separately from any unsorted municipal waste.

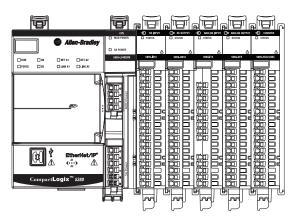
## CompactLogix 5380 System

CompactLogix 5380 control systems are DIN rail-mounted systems that can operate in various applications.

One of the simplest controller configurations is a standalone controller with I/O assembled in one chassis, as shown in Figure 1.

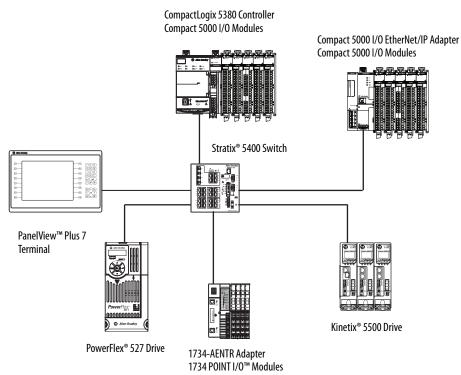
#### Figure 1 - CompactLogix 5380 Controller in a Standalone System

CompactLogix 5380 Controller Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O Analog and Digital Modules



The controllers can also operate in more complex systems with devices that are connected to the controller via an EtherNet/IP<sup>TM</sup> network, as shown in Figure 2.

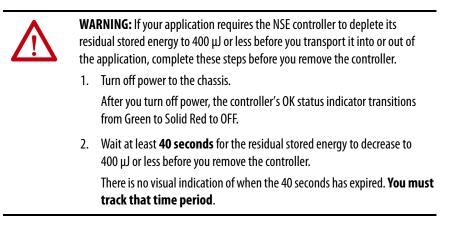




## 5069-L310ER-NSE No Stored Energy (NSE) Controller

The NSE controller is intended for use in applications that require the installed controller to deplete its residual stored energy to specific levels before transporting it into or out of your application.

The residual stored energy of the NSE controller depletes to  $400\mu$ J or less in 40 seconds.



# **IMPORTANT** The Real Time Clock (RTC) does not retain its time and date when the power is off.

Some applications require that the installed controller to deplete its residual stored energy to specific levels before transporting it into or out of your application. This requirement can include other devices that also require a wait time before removing them. See the documentation of those products for more information.

## CompactLogix 5380 Process controllers

CompactLogix 5380 Process controllers (5069-L320ERP, 5069-L340ERP) are extensions of the Logix 5000 controller family that focus on plantwide process control, and support motion.

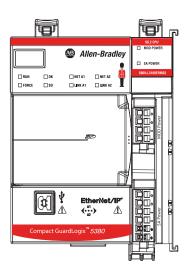
The process controllers come configured with a default process tasking model and dedicated PlantPAx<sup>®</sup> process instructions that are optimized for process applications, and that improve design and deployment efforts.

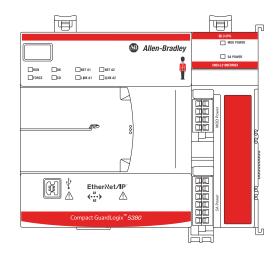
The process controllers are conformal coated to add a layer of protection when exposed to harsh, corrosive environments.

## Compact GuardLogix 5380 System

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 and SIL 3 controllers are programmable automation controllers with integrated safety.

For SIL 3/PLe safety applications, the Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller system consists of a primary controller with an internal safety partner, that function together in a 1002 architecture.





Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Controller



For more information on safety ratings, see <u>Safety Concept of Compact</u> <u>GuardLogix 5380 Controllers</u> on page 51.

The Compact GuardLogix system can communicate with safety I/O devices via CIP Safety<sup>™</sup> over an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network (Guard I/O<sup>™</sup> modules, integrated safety drives, integrated safety components).

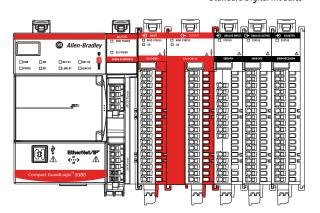
With a Compact GuardLogix controller, you can interface to standard I/O via standard tasks while you interface with safety I/O via the safety task.

IMPORTANT	For the safety task, Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support Ladder Diagram only.
	For standard tasks, Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support:
	Ladder Diagram (LD)
	Structured Text (ST)
	Function Block Diagram (FBD)
	Sequential Function Chart (SFC)

The controllers can operate in various applications that range from standalone systems that contain local I/O modules, as shown in <u>Figure 3</u>.

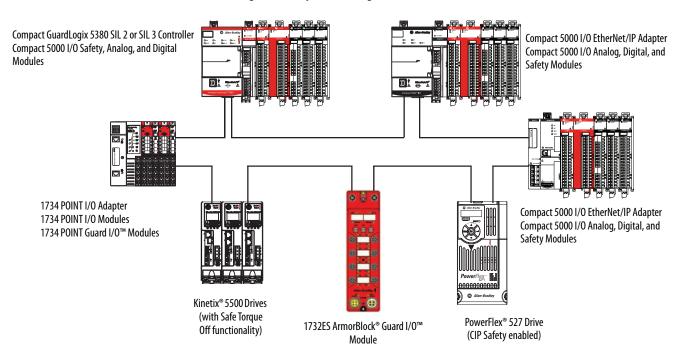
#### Figure 3 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller in a Standalone System

Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Compact 5000 I/O Safety Digital, Standard Analog, and Standard Digital Modules



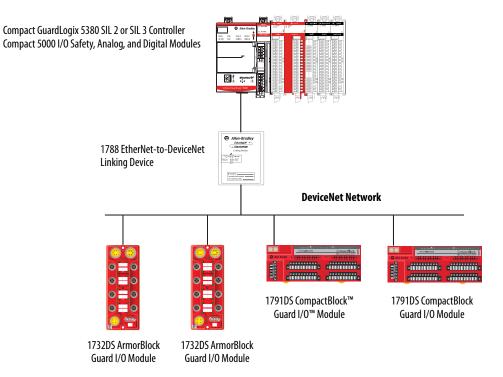
The controllers can also operate in more complex systems with devices that are connected to the controller via an EtherNet/IP network, as shown in Figure 4.

## Figure 4 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller on an EtherNet/IP DLR Network



Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can communicate with safety devices on a DeviceNet<sup>®</sup> network via a 1788-EN2DN linking device, as shown in <u>Figure 5</u>

### Figure 5 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Connected to Devices on a DeviceNet Network



# **Design the System**

### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380 Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 When you design a system, you must decide what system components your application needs. <u>Table 1</u> describes components that are commonly used in CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 control systems.

#### Table 1 - System Components

Component	Purpose	Required	For More Information
DIN rail	Mounting system	Yes	CompactLogix 5380 Controllers
End cap (5069-ECR) IMPORTANT: The end cap ships with the controller.	The end cap covers the exposed interconnections on the last module in the system. If you do not install the end cap before powering the system, equipment damage or injury from electric shock can result. <b>IMPORTANT</b> : You install the end cap after the last module is installed on the DIN rail. This design helps to prevent the end cap from going beyond the locked position. If you push the end cap beyond the locked position or insert it from the backwards direction, you can damage the MOD power bus and SA power bus connector.	Yes	<ul> <li>Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN013</u></li> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN014</u></li> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN023</u></li> </ul>
Removable terminal blocks (RTBs)	Connect these power types to the controller: • MOD power • SA power	Yes	
External power supply <sup>(1)</sup>	Provides Module (MOD) Power to the system	Yes	
External power supply <sup>(1)</sup>	Provides Sensor/Actuator (SA) Power to the system	Yes - Only if the system requires SA power. If the system does not require SA power, the external power supply is not needed.	Power the System on <u>page 26</u>
Studio 5000 Logix Designer application	Configure the project that is used to define controller activity during system operation	Yes	Minimum Requirements on <u>page 13</u> Create a Logix Designer Application     Project on <u>page 75</u>
Linx-based communication software	Used as follows: • Assign the controller an IP address • Maintain communication over the EtherNet/IP network	Yes	<ul> <li>For compatible Linx-based communication software and, see the <u>Product Compatibility and Download</u> <u>Center (PCDC)</u>.</li> <li>Connect to the Controller on <u>page 57</u></li> </ul>
ControlFLASH software	Update controller firmware	Yes	<ul> <li>For compatible ControlFLASH software, see the <u>Product Compatibility and Download</u> <u>Center (PCDC)</u>.</li> <li>Update Controller Firmware on <u>page 63</u></li> </ul>
USB programming port	Complete tasks that only require a temporary connection to the controller, for example, when you download a project or update firmware	_	Connect a USB Cable on page 59
Ethernet port A1	Connects to these network types: • Enterprise-level network • Device-level network	-	Chapter 9, Use EtherNet/IP Modes on page 135
Ethernet port A2	Connect to device-level networks	—	
Secure Digital (SD) card IMPORTANT: The 1784-SD2 card ships with the controller.	Store data, such as the controller project and diagnostics that are required by technical support to obtain information if non-recoverable controller faults occur.	We recommend that you leave the SD card installed, so if a fault occurs, diagnostic data is automatically written to the card.	Use the Secure Digital Card on page 107

Component	Purpose	Required	For More Information
Ethernet cables	<ul> <li>Used as follows:</li> <li>Access the controller from the workstation over an EtherNet/IP network to set IP address, update firmware, download, and upload projects</li> <li>Connect controller to an EtherNet/IP network and perform tasks that are required for normal operations</li> </ul>	Yes.	Connect an Ethernet Cable on page 58
USB cable	Access the controller directly from the workstation to set IP address, update firmware, download, and upload projects. The USB port is intended for temporary local programming purposes only and not intended for permanent connection.	Yes - Only if you perform tasks that are listed in the previous column via the USB port. You can also perform the tasks via the controller Ethernet ports.	Connect a USB Cable on <u>page 59</u>
Integrated Safety I/O devices on an EtherNet/IP network	Connected to safety input and output devices, for example, Compact 5000 I/O safety modules or Guardmaster® Multifunctional Access Box. IMPORTANT: CompactLogix 5380 controllers cannot use safety devices.	Yes for Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.	Safety I/O Devices on <u>page 191</u>
Compact 5000 I/O modules	<ul> <li>Used as follows:</li> <li>Local standard I/O modules that are installed in the CompactLogix 5380 system</li> <li>Remote standard I/O modules that are accessible via the EtherNet/IP network</li> <li>Local safety I/O modules that are installed in the CompactLogix 5380 system</li> <li>Remote safety I/O modules that are accessible via the EtherNet/IP network</li> </ul>	Yes	<ul> <li>Standard I/O Modules on page 169</li> <li>Safety I/O Devices on page 191</li> </ul>
Devices that are installed on an EtherNet/IP network	Dependent upon device type. Examples include: <ul> <li>Remote standard I/O modules</li> <li>Remote safety I/O modules</li> <li>Ethernet switches</li> <li>Motion control devices, such as drives</li> <li>HMI devices</li> </ul>	Yes.	<ul> <li>Standard I/O Modules on page 169</li> <li>Safety I/O Devices on page 191</li> <li>Develop Motion Applications on page 269</li> </ul>

## Table 1 - System Components (Continued)

(1) We strongly recommend that you use separate external power supplies for MOD power and SA power, respectively.

# **Controller Features**

<u>Table</u> lists features available on the controllers. The features are described in detail in the rest of this manual.

Feature	CompactLogix 5380 Controllers		Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers	
User memory	5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM	0.6 MB	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	0.6 MB
	5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069- L310ERM	1 MB	5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	1 MB
	5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	2 MB	5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	2 MB
	5069-L330ER, 5069-L330ERM	3 MB	5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	3 MB
	5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP	4 MB	5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	4 MB
	5069-L350ERM	5 MB	5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	5 MB
	5069-L380ERM	8 MB	5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	8 MB
	5069-L3100ERM	10 MB	5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	10 MB
Safety memory			5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	0.3 MB
		_	5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	0.5 MB
			5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	1 MB
			5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	1.5 MB
		_	5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	2 MB
			5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	2.5 MB
		_	5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	4 MB
		_	5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	5 MB
Controller tasks	<ul> <li>32 tasks</li> <li>1000 programs/task</li> <li>Event tasks; all event triggers</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>32 tasks</li> <li>31 standard tasks</li> <li>1 safety task</li> <li>1000 programs/task</li> <li>Event tasks; all event triggers</li> </ul>	
Communication ports	<ul> <li>1 - USB port, 2.0 full-speed, Type B</li> <li>2 - Embedded Ethernet ports, 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, 1 Gbps</li> </ul>			
EtherNet/IP network topologies supported	<ul> <li>Device Level Ring (DLR)</li> <li>Star</li> <li>Linear</li> </ul>			
EtherNet/IP modes	<ul> <li>Linear/DLR mode</li> <li>Dual-IP mode - Available with the Logix Des</li> </ul>			

CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Features

Feature	CompactLogix 5380 Controllers		Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers	
EtherNet/IP nodes supported, max <sup>(1)</sup>	5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM	16 nodes	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	16 nodes
	5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069-L310ERM	24 nodes	5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	24 nodes
	5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	40 nodes	5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	40 nodes
	5069-L330ER, 5069-L330ERM	60 nodes	5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	60 nodes
	5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP	90 nodes	5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	90 nodes
	5069-L350ERM	120 nodes	5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	120 nodes
	5069-L380ERM	150 nodes	5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	150 nodes
	5069-L3100ERM	180 nodes	5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	180 nodes
Integrated motion axes supported	5069-L306ERM	2 axes	5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	2 axes
Only controllers with an 'M' or 'P' in the catalog number support motion.	5069-L310ERM	4 axes	5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	4 axes
	5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	8 axes	5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K,	8 axes
	5069-L330ERM	16 axes	5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	16 axes
	5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP	20 axes	5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	20 axes
	5069-L350ERM	24 axes	5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	24 axes
	5069-L380ERM	28 axes	5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	28 axes
	5069-L3100ERM	32 axes	5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	32 axes
Local I/O modules, max	5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM, 5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069-L310ERM	8 modules	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3, 5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	8 modules
	5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	16 modules	5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	16 module
	5069-L330ER <sup>(2)</sup> , 5069-L330ERM <sup>(2)</sup> , 5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP, 5069-L350ERM, 5069-L380ERM, 5069-L3100ERM	31 modules	5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K, 5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3, 5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K, 5069-L380ERMS3, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	31 module
Programming languages	<ul> <li>Ladder Diagram (LD)</li> <li>Structured Text (ST)</li> <li>Function Block Diagram (FBD)</li> <li>Sequential Function Chart (SFC)</li> <li>For standard tasks, Compact GuardLogix controllers         <ul> <li>Ladder Diagram only.</li> </ul> </li> <li>For standard tasks, Compact GuardLogix controllers         <ul> <li>Ladder Diagram only.</li> <li>For standard tasks, Compact GuardLogix controllers             <ul> <li>Ladder Diagram (LD)</li> <li>Sequential Function Chart (SFC)</li> <li>Sequential Function Chart (SFC)</li></ul></li></ul></li></ul>			

## CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Features (Continued)

### CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Features (Continued)

Feature	CompactLogix 5380 Controllers	Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers
Supported Controller Features	Data access control	Data access control
	Firmware Supervisor	Firmware Supervisor
	Secure Digital (SD) card	Secure Digital (SD) card
	Standard Connections	Standard Connections
		Safety Connections

(1) A node is an EtherNet/IP device that you add directly to the I/O configuration, and counts toward the node limits of the controller. For more information on EtherNet/IP nodes, see page 121.

(2) When you use this controller with the Logix Designer application, version 29.00.00, the application limits the number of local I/O modules in the project to 16. For more information, see Knowledgebase Article <u>5380 Compact Logix controllers limited to 16 local Compact 5000 I/O modules in V29 of Studio 5000.®</u> With the Logix Designer application, version 30.00.00 or later, the controller supports as many as 31 local I/O modules.

**IMPORTANT** When you use a CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller, you do not need to configure a System Overhead Time Slice value.

# Features Supported by Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers Via the Safety Task

You can use the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers in safety applications via the Safety task in the Logix Designer application.

In the Logix Designer application, the Safety task supports a subset of features that are supported in the standard task as listed in this table.

Feature	Studio 5000 Logix Designer Applic Version 31 or Later <sup>(2)</sup>	
	Safety Task	Standard Task
Add-On Instructions	Х	Х
Instruction-based alarms and events	—	Х
Tag-based alarms	_	Х
Controller logging	Х	Х
Event tasks <sup>(1)</sup>	—	Х
Function Block Diagrams (FBD)	—	Х
Integrated motion	X <sup>(3)</sup>	Х
Drive Safety Instructions	Х	—
Ladder Diagram (LD)	Х	Х
Language switching	Х	Х
License-based source protection	—	Х
Import program components	—	Х
Export program components	Х	Х
Sequential Function Chart (SFC) routines	—	Х
Structured Text (ST)	—	Х

(1) While the safety task cannot be an Event task, standard Event tasks can be triggered with the use of the Event instruction in the safety task.

(2) Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 controllers are compatible with Studio 5000 Logix Designer Application, version 31 or later. Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controllers are compatible with Studio 5000 Logix Designer Application, Version 32 or later

(3) Limited to the use of Drive Safety Instructions with Kinetix 5700 ERS4 drives.

## IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can produce standard tags as unicast or multicast, but they can only produce safety tags as unicast. The controllers can consume safety tags as either unicast or multicast.

When you configure a produced safety tag, you are only allowed to configure unicast connection options. Logix Designer does not allow you to configure multicast connection options.

When you configure a consumed tag, you must consider the capabilities of the producer:

- If the producer in the I/O tree of this controller is a GuardLogix 5580 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller, and you are consuming a safety tag, you must configure the consumed tag to use unicast.
- If the producer in the I/O tree of this controller is a GuardLogix 5570 or GuardLogix 5560 controller, or a Compact GuardLogix 5370 controller, the safety consumed tag can be configured as either unicast or multicast. A GuardLogix 5560 controller requires Studio 5000 Logix Designer application version 19.00.00 or later for unicast produce/consume safety tags.

## **Power the System**

#### Applies to these controllers:

#### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The controller provides power to the system as follows:

• MOD Power - System-side power that powers the system and lets modules transfer data and execute logic.

System-side power is provided through the MOD Power RTB.

• SA Power - Field-side power that powers some Compact 5000 I/O modules and field-side devices that are connected to them.

Field-side power is provided through the SA Power RTB.

There are specific considerations and restrictions that you must be aware of before you connect MOD power and SA power to a CompactLogix 5380 system or to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system.

For more information on how to connect MOD power and SA power to the different systems, see the following:

- How to Power CompactLogix 5380 Controllers Chapter 2 on page 27
- How to Power Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers Chapter 3 on page 37

# How to Power CompactLogix 5380 Controllers

Topic	Page
Two Types of Power	27
MOD Power	29
SA Power	30

This chapter explains how to power standard CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 controllers.

For information on how to power Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers, see Chapter 3, <u>How to Power Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers on page 37</u>.

The CompactLogix 5380 controllers provide power to the system as follows:

• MOD Power - System-side power that powers the system and lets modules transfer data and execute logic.

System-side power is provided through the MOD Power RTB.

• SA Power - Field-side power that powers some Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O modules and field-side devices that are connected to them.

Field-side power is provided through the SA Power RTB.

## **Two Types of Power**

Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Connect external power supplies to the RTBs to provide MOD power and SA power. <u>Figure 6</u> shows the RTBs on a CompactLogix 5380 controller.

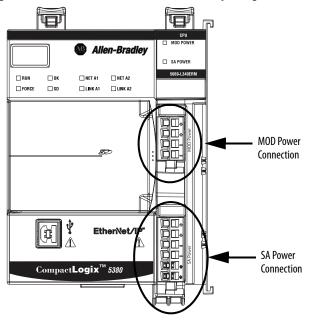


Figure 6 - MOD Power and SA Power RTBs on a CompactLogix 5380 Controller

Power begins at the controller and passes across the Compact 5000 I/O module internal circuitry via power buses.

MOD power passes across a MOD power bus, and SA power passes across a SA power bus. The MOD power bus and SA power bus are isolated from each other.

IMPORTANT	We <b>recommend</b> that you use separate external power supplies for MOD power and SA power, respectively. This practice can help prevent unintended consequences that can result if you use one supply.
	If you use separate external power supplies, the loss of power from one external power supply does not affect the availability of power from the other supply. For example, if separate MOD and SA external power supplies are used and SA power is lost, MOD power remains available for the CompactLogix 5380 controller and Compact 5000 I/O modules. As such, data transfer continues in the system.

For more information on how to connect MOD power and SA power, see the CompactLogix 5380 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication 5069-IN013

## **MOD** Power

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

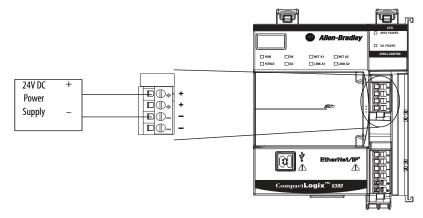
MOD power is a DC power source that is required to operate a CompactLogix 5380 system.

**IMPORTANT** You can only use DC power on the MOD power bus. Do not connect AC power to the MOD power bus.

Remember the following:

- Every module in the CompactLogix 5380 system draws current from the MOD power bus and passes the remaining current to the next module.
- MOD power lets Compact 5000 I/O modules transfer data and the controller execute logic.
- A CompactLogix 5380 system uses only one MOD power bus.
- The total continuous current draw across the MOD power bus must not be more than 10 A, max, at 18...32V DC.
- We recommend that you use an external power supply that is adequately sized for the total MOD power bus current draw in the system.

You must consider **inrush current requirements** when you calculate the total MOD power bus current draw in the system.



#### Figure 7 - External Power Supply Provides MOD Power

## **MOD Power Bus**

When the MOD power source is turned on, the following occurs.

- 1. The CompactLogix 5380 controller draws current from the MOD power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 2. The next module draws MOD power bus current and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 3. The process continues until MOD power bus current needs are met for all modules in the system.

For more information on the current that the Compact 5000 I/O modules draw from the MOD power bus, see the Compact 5000 I/O Modules Specifications Technical Data, publication <u>5069-TD001</u>.

## **SA Power**

Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

SA power provides power to devices that are connected to some of the Compact 5000 I/O modules in the CompactLogix 5380 system. SA power is connected to the controller via an SA power RTB.

Remember the following:

- Some Compact 5000 I/O modules draw current from the SA power bus and pass the remaining current to the next module.
- Some Compact 5000 I/O modules only pass current along the SA power bus to the next module.
- A CompactLogix 5380 system can have multiple SA power buses. The first SA power bus starts at the controller and passes across the I/O modules that are installed to the right of the controller.

You use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus. The new SA power bus is isolated from the SA power bus to its left in the system.

For more information on how to use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor in a CompactLogix 5380 system, see <u>page 34</u>.

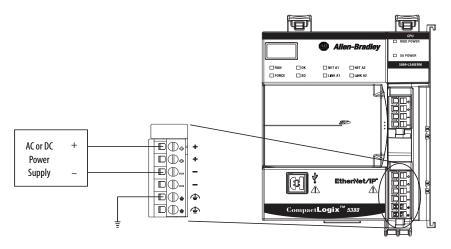
- If the SA power source uses DC voltage, the total continuous current draw across the SA power bus must not be more than to 10 A, max at 18...32V DC.
- We recommend that you use an external power supply that is adequately sized for the total SA power bus current draw on an individual bus.

You must consider **inrush current requirements** when you calculate the total SA power bus current draw in the system.

• Connections to an SA power bus use a shared common. All inputs that draw current from an SA power bus to power field-side devices have a return through circuitry to the SA - terminal on the SA power connector.

IMPORTANT	Each SA power bus has a shared common unique to that bus because SA power buses are completely isolated from each other.
	That is, the SA power bus that the CompactLogix 5380 controller establishes has a shared common. If you use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus in the system, that second bus has its own shared common for modules that draw current from it.

#### Figure 8 - External Power Supply Provides SA Power



When the SA power source is turned on, the following occurs.

1. The CompactLogix 5380 controller draws current from the SA power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.

IMPORTANTThe level of current that the CompactLogix 5380 controller draws<br/>from the SA power bus is negligible.<br/>It draws 10 mA (DC Power), 25 mA (AC power).

- 2. The next module completes one of these tasks.
  - If the module uses SA power, the module draws current from the SA power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
  - If the module does not use SA power bus current, the module passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 3. The process continues until all SA power bus current needs are met for the modules on the SA power bus.

If your system includes AC and DC modules that require SA power, you must use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a separate SA power bus and separate the module types on the isolated SA power buses.

For more information on the current that the Compact 5000 I/O modules draw from the SA power bus, see the Compact 5000 I/O Modules Specifications Technical Data, publication <u>5069-TD001</u>.

## **Track SA Power Bus Current Draw**

We recommend that you track the SA power bus current draw, max, per module, and collectively for the CompactLogix 5380 system.

You must make sure that the Compact 5000 I/O modules that are installed on an SA power bus do not consume more than 10 A. If so, you must establish another SA power bus.

Consider the following with this example:

- The values in this example represent a worst-case calculation. That is, all modules that draw SA power bus current, draw the maximum available on the module.
- Not all modules that are shown in Figure 9 use SA power bus current. For example, the 5069-ARM and 5069-OW4I modules only pass SA power bus current to the next module.

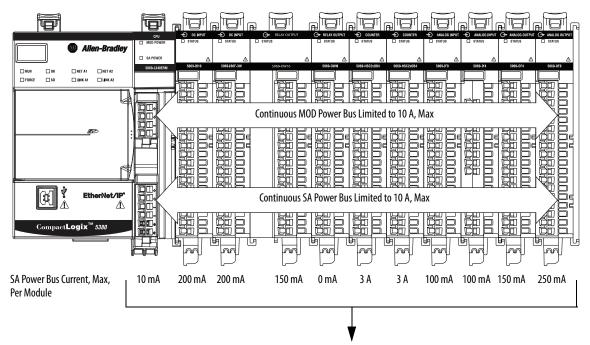
Other modules that do not use SA power bus current, but are not shown in the graphic, include the 5069-OB16, 5069-OB16F, 5069-OX4I, and 5069-SERIAL modules.

• System SA power bus current, max, is calculated as each module draws SA power bus current. The calculation begins with the controller. The controller SA power bus current draw used for the calculation is 10 mA for DC power

In <u>Figure 9</u>, after the 5069-IB16 module in slot 1 draws SA power bus current, the system SA power bus current, max, is 210 mA.

After the 5069-IB16 module in slot 2 draws SA power bus current, the system SA power bus current draw is 410 mA. This process continues until the system SA power bus current, max, is 7.160 A.

#### Figure 9 - CompactLogix 5380 System - Calculate SA Power Bus Current Draw



System SA Power Bus Current, Max = 7.160 A

## Use a 5069-FPD Field Potential Distributor to Create a New SA Power Bus

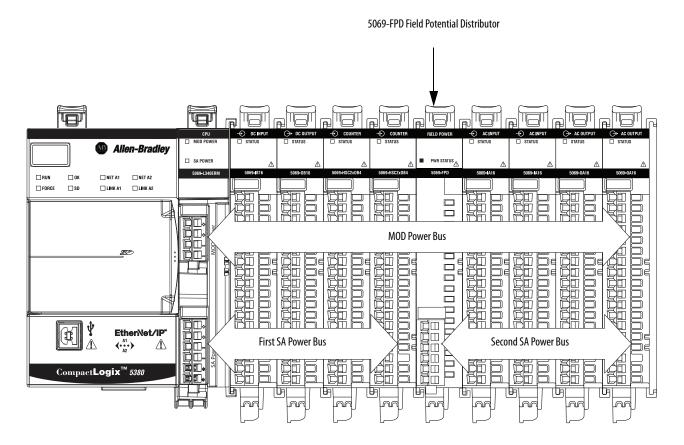
You can use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus in a CompactLogix 5380 system.

The field potential distributor blocks the current that passes across the SA power bus to its left. At that point, the field potential distributor establishes a new SA power bus for modules to the right. The new SA power bus is isolated from the SA power bus to its left in the system.

You can connect either a 24V DC or 120/240V AC external power supply to a 5069-FPD field potential distributor in a CompactLogix 5380 system.

<u>Figure 10</u> shows a CompactLogix 5380 system that uses a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to create a second SA power bus.

Figure 10 - CompactLogix 5380 System - Create a New SA Power Bus



You can install multiple 5069-FPD field potential distributors in the same system, if necessary.

## **SA Power - Additional Notes**

- Other examples of system configurations that use multiple SA power buses include:
  - The modules in the system collectively draw more than 10 A of SA power. That is, the maximum current that one SA power bus can provide.
  - The modules in the system must be isolated according to module types, such as digital I/O and analog I/O modules.
  - The modules in the system are isolated according to the type of field-side device to which they are connected.

For example, you can separate modules that are connected to fieldside devices that use DC voltage from modules that are connected to field-side devices that require AC voltage.

• The actual current in CompactLogix 5380 system changes based on the operating conditions at a given time.

For example, the SA power bus current draw on some modules is different if all channels power field devices or half of the channels power field devices.

• Some Compact 5000 I/O modules use field-side power but do not draw it from a SA power bus. The modules receive field-side power from an external power supply that is connected directly to the I/O module.

For example, the 5069-OB16 and 5069-OB16F modules use Local Actuator (LA) terminals on the module RTB, that is, LA+ and LA- terminals for all module channels.

In this case, you can use the same external power supply that is connected to the SA power RTB on the controller to the LA+ and LA– terminals.

IMPORTANT	You must consider the current limit of an external power supply if
	you use it to provide power to the SA power RTB on the controller
	and the LA+ and LA– terminals on a 5069-0B16 or 5069-0B16F
	module.

# Notes:

# How to Power Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers

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MOD Power	39
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This chapter explains how to power Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers.

For information on how to power standard CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 controllers, see Chapter 2, <u>How to Power CompactLogix 5380 Controllers on page 27</u>.

The Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers provide power to the system as follows:

• MOD Power - System-side power that powers the system and lets modules transfer data and execute logic.

System-side power is provided through the MOD Power RTB.

• SA Power - Field-side power that powers some Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O modules and field-side devices that are connected to them.

Field-side power is provided through the SA Power RTB.

IMPORTANT	Both the MOD and SA Power must be DC power on the controller side. DC power for the Compact GuardLogix controllers must come from an SELV/PELV-rated power source.
	If you use an AC voltage for local I/O modules, then you must connect through a 5069-FPD field potential distributor module. An AC voltage cannot be terminated on the controller.

# **Two Types of Power**

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Connect external power supplies to the RTBs to provide MOD power and SA power. <u>Figure 11</u> shows the RTBs on a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

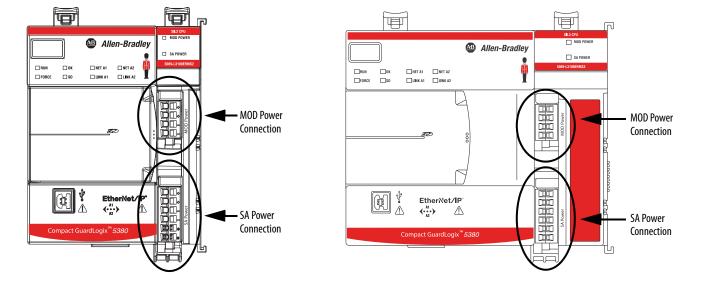


Figure 11 - MOD and SA Power RTBs on Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 and SIL 3 Controllers

Power begins at the controller and passes across the Compact 5000 I/O module internal circuitry via power buses.

MOD power passes across a MOD power bus, and SA power passes across a SA power bus. The MOD power bus and SA power bus are isolated from each other.

IMPORTANT	We <b>recommend</b> that you use separate external power supplies for MOD power and SA power, respectively. This practice can help prevent unintended consequences that can result if you use one supply.
	If you use separate external power supplies, the loss of power from one external power supply does not affect the availability of power from the other supply. For example, if separate MOD and SA external power supplies are used and SA power is lost, MOD power remains available for the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller and Compact 5000 I/O modules. As such, data transfer continues in the system.

For more information on how to connect MOD power and SA power, see these publications:

- Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN014</u>.
- Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN023</u>.

# **MOD** Power

#### Applies to these controllers:

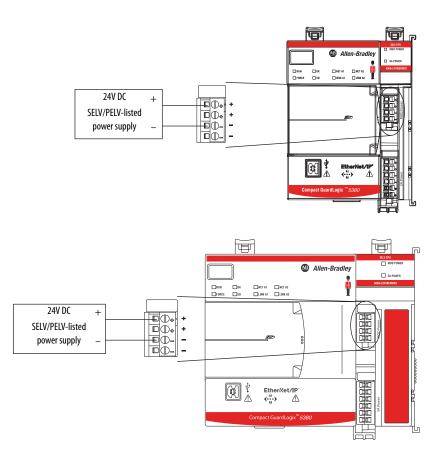
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

MOD power is a DC power source that is required to operate a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system. Remember the following:

- You must use SELV or PELV power supplies to provide MOD power to Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.
- Every module in the Compact GuardLogix 5380 system draws current from the MOD power bus and passes the remaining current to the next module.
- MOD power lets Compact 5000 I/O modules transfer data and the controller execute logic.
- A Compact GuardLogix 5380 system uses only one MOD power bus.
- You must limit the MOD power source to 5 A, max, at 18...32V DC.
- We recommend that you use an external SELV/PELV rated power supply that is adequately sized for the total MOD power bus current draw in the system. You must consider **current inrush requirements** when you calculate the total MOD power bus current draw in the system.

### Figure 12 - External Power Supply Provides MOD Power



### **MOD Power Bus**

When the MOD power source is turned on, the following occurs.

- 1. The Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller draws current from the MOD power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 2. The next module draws MOD power bus current and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 3. The process continues until MOD power bus current needs are met for all modules in the system.

For more information on the current that the Compact 5000 I/O modules draw from the MOD power bus, see the Compact 5000 I/O Modules Specifications Technical Data, publication <u>5069-TD001</u>.

# **SA Power**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

SA power provides power to devices that are connected to some of the Compact 5000 I/O modules in the Compact GuardLogix 5380 system. SA power is connected to the controller via an SA power RTB.

Remember the following:

IMPORTANTMore specific restrictions apply when you connect SA power to a<br/>Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller or 5069-FPD field potential distributor.For more information, see <a href="mailto:page 46">page 46</a>.

- You must use SELV or PELV power supplies to provide SA power to Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.
- If the SA power source uses DC voltage, you must limit the SA power source to 10 A, max at 18...32V DC.
- Some Compact 5000 I/O modules draw current from the SA power bus and pass the remaining current to the next module.
- Some Compact 5000 I/O modules only pass current along the SA power bus to the next module.
- If the SA power source is an AC power supply, or non-SELV/PELV DC source, then you must terminate from an FPD before consuming the power on the SA power bus.
- A Compact GuardLogix 5380 system can have multiple SA power buses. The first SA power bus starts at the controller and passes across the I/O modules that are installed to the right of the controller.

You can use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus. The new SA power bus is isolated from the SA power bus to its left in the system.

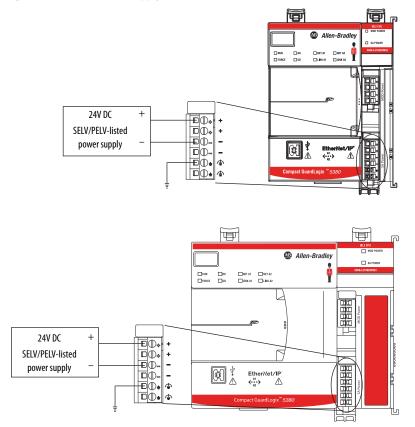
For more information on how to use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor in a CompactLogix 5380 system, see <u>page 45</u>.

• We recommend that you use an external power supply that is adequately sized for the total SA power bus current draw on an individual bus. You must consider **current inrush requirements** when you calculate the total SA power bus current draw on a specific bus.

• Connections to an SA power bus use a **shared common**. All inputs that draw current from an SA power bus to power field-side devices have a return through circuitry to the SA - terminal on the SA power connector.

IMPORTANT	Each SA power bus has a shared common unique to that bus because SA power buses are completely isolated from each other.
	That is, the SA power bus that the controller establishes has a shared common. If you use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus in the system, that second bus has its own shared common for modules that draw current from it.

#### Figure 13 - External Power Supply Provides SA Power



When the SA power source is turned on, the following occurs.

1. The controller draws current from the SA power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.

**IMPORTANT** The level of current that the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller draws from the SA power bus is negligible. It draws 10 mA.

- 2. The next module completes one of these tasks.
  - If the module uses SA power, the module draws current from the SA power bus and passes the remaining current through to the next module.
  - If the module does not use SA power bus current, the module passes the remaining current through to the next module.
- 3. The process continues until all SA power bus current needs are met for the modules on the SA power bus.

For more information on the current that the Compact 5000 I/O modules draw from the SA power bus, see the Compact 5000 I/O Modules and EtherNet/IP Adapters Technical Data, publication <u>5069-TD001</u>.

### **Track SA Power Bus Current Draw**

We recommend that you track the SA power bus current draw, max, per module, and collectively for the Compact GuardLogix 5380 system. You must make sure that the Compact 5000 I/O modules that are installed on an SA power bus do not consume more than 10 A. If so, you must establish another SA power bus.

Consider the following with this example:

- The values in this example represent a worst-case calculation. That is, all modules that draw SA power bus current, draw the maximum available on the module.
- Not all modules that are shown in Figure 14 on page 44 use SA power bus current. For example, the 5069-OBV8S, 5069-ARM and 5069-OB16 modules only pass SA power bus current to the next module. Other modules that do not use SA power bus current, but are not shown in the graphic, include the 5069-OB16F and 5069-OX4I modules.
- System SA power bus current, max, is calculated as each module draws SA power bus current. The calculation begins with the controller. The controller SA power bus current draw used for the calculation is 10 mA for DC power

In <u>Figure 14</u>, after the 5069-IB8S module in slot 1 draws SA power bus current, the system SA power bus current, max, is 90 mA.

After the 5069-IB8S module in slot 2 draws SA power bus current, the system SA power bus current draw is 170 mA. This process continues until the system SA power bus current, max, is 1.27 A.

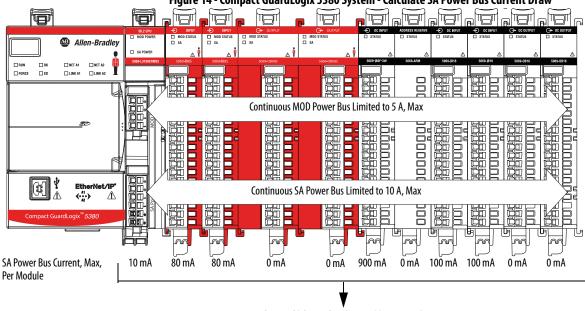


Figure 14 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 System - Calculate SA Power Bus Current Draw<sup>(1)</sup>

System SA Power Bus Current, Max = 1.27 A

 Although a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 controller is shown, this example also applies to Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 controllers.

# Use a 5069-FPD Field Potential Distributor to Create a New SA Power Bus

IMPORTANTIf you use local Compact 5000 I/O relay modules, or an AC voltage for local<br/>Compact 5000 I/O modules, then you must connect through a 5069-FPD<br/>field potential distributor module. An AC voltage cannot be terminated on<br/>the controller.

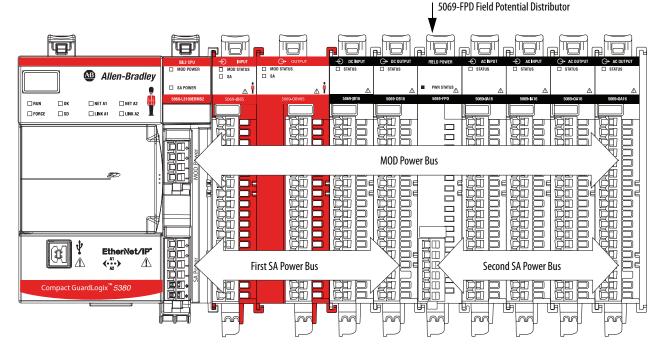
You can use a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to establish a new SA power bus in a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system.

The field potential distributor blocks the current that passes across the SA power bus to its left. At that point, the field potential distributor establishes a new SA power bus for modules to the right. The new SA power bus is isolated from the SA power bus to its left in the system.

You can connect either a 24V DC or 120/240V AC external power supply to a 5069-FPD field potential distributor in a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system.

**IMPORTANT** Some restrictions apply when you connect SA power to a 5069-FPD field potential distributor. For more information, see <u>page 46</u>.

<u>Figure 15</u> shows a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system that uses a 5069-FPD field potential distributor to create a second SA power bus.



### Figure 15 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 System - Create a New SA Power Bus<sup>(1)</sup>

You can install multiple 5069-FPD field potential distributors in the same system, if necessary.

Although a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 controller is shown, this example also applies to Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 controllers.

# Restrictions When You Connect SA Power to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 System

Remember these restrictions in <u>Table 2</u> when you connect SA power to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system.

### Table 2 - SA Power Restrictions - Compact GuardLogix 5380 System

Component to Which SA Power Is Connected	Restrictions		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 or SIL 3 Controller	<ul> <li>You must use SELV/PELV-listed power supplies to provide SA power to Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.</li> <li>You can only connect a 24V DC SELV/PELV-listed power supply.</li> <li>The total continuous current draw across the SA power bus must not be more than 10 A, max at 032V DC.</li> </ul>		
	Example Compact GuardLogix System		
	*Although a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 controller is shown, this example also applies to compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 controllers.		
	SA Power Bus - From SELV-listed Power Supply		
	24V DC + SELV-listed Power Supply _		
	Ground		

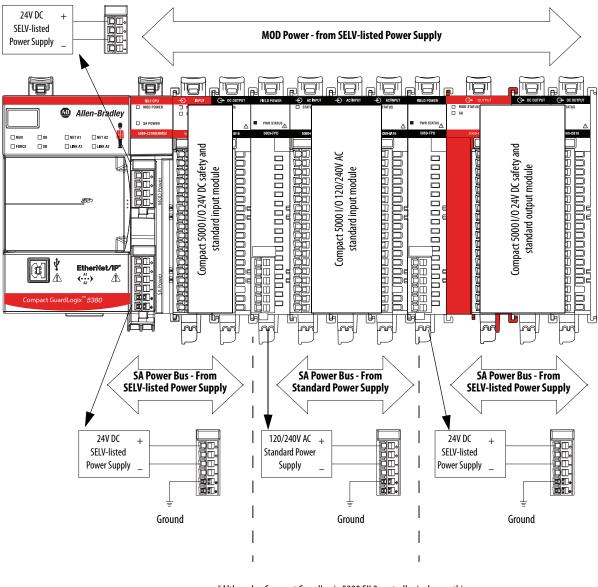
omponent to Which SA Power s Connected	Restrictions
069-FPD Field Potential Distributor Vith Compact 5000 I/O Standard Aodules Only	<ul> <li>In addition to the restrictions on page 46, these restrictions also apply:</li> <li>You can use non-SELV or PELV power supplies if only Compact 5000 I/O standard modules are installed to the right of the 5069-FPD f potential distributor.</li> <li>You can connect a 24V DC or 120/240V AC power supply. The example uses a 120/240V AC power supply.</li> <li>If the SA power that is connected to the 5069-FPD field potential distributor is <b>DC voltage</b>, the total continuous current draw act the SA power bus must not be more than 10 A, max at 032V DC.</li> <li>If a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system includes Compact 5000 I/O relay modules (5069-0W4I, 5069-0W4I, 5069-0W16), or I/O modules that require SA power that is <b>AC voltage</b>, you must install these modules to the right of a 5069-FPD field potential distributor, as shown.</li> <li><b>IMPORTANT</b>: This requirement applies even if it means that you must install the 5069-FPD field potential distributor immediate the right of the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.</li> <li>If a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system includes Compact 5000 I/O standard modules that use SA power that is provided by a power supply that is not SELV/PELV-listed, the I/O modules must be installed to the right of a 5069-FPD field potential distributor.</li> <li>IMPORTANT: The SA power bus that the 5069-FPD field potential distributor establishes cannot include any Compact 5000 I/O safe modules.</li> </ul>
	Example Compact GuardLogix System
24V DC +	
SELV-listed	MOD Power - from SELV-listed Power Supply
Allen-Brau	
	3 34 FUBER         A         -
Compact GuardLogix <sup>®</sup> 5380	Alone     Alone       Alone
	SA Power Bus - From SELV-listed Power Supply Power Supply
SELV-	'DC +     Image: Constraint of the const
	Ground 🚽 Ground 🚽 Ground

### Table 2 - SA Power Restrictions - Compact GuardLogix 5380 System

\*Although a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 controller is shown, this example also applies to Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controllers.

#### Table 2 - SA Power Restrictions - Compact GuardLogix 5380 System

Component to Which SA Power Is Connected	Restrictions	
5069-FPD Field Potential Distributor With Compact 5000 I/O Safety and Standard Modules	<ul> <li>In addition to the restrictions on page 46 and page 47, this restriction also applies:</li> <li>You must use SELV or PELV power supplies to provide SA power to Compact 5000 I/O safety modules that are installed to the right of the 5069-FPD field potential distributor.</li> </ul>	
Example Compact GuardLogix 5380 System		



\*Although a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL2 controller is shown, this example also applies to Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controllers.

### **SA Power - Additional Notes**

- Other examples of system configurations that use multiple SA power buses include:
  - The modules in the system collectively draw more than 10 A of SA power. That is, the maximum current that one SA power bus can provide.
  - The modules in the system must be isolated according to module types, such as digital I/O and analog I/O modules.
  - The modules in the system are isolated according to the type of field-side device to which they are connected.

For example, you can separate modules that are connected to fieldside devices that use DC voltage from modules that are connected to field-side devices that require AC voltage.

• The actual current in a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system changes based on the operating conditions at a given time.

For example, the SA power bus current draw on some modules is different if all channels power field devices or half of the channels power field devices.

• Some Compact 5000 I/O modules use field-side power but do not draw it from a SA power bus. The modules receive field-side power from an external power supply that is connected directly to the I/O module.

For example, the 5069-OB16, 5069-OB16F, and 5069-OBV8S modules use Local Actuator (LA) terminals on the module RTB, that is, LA+ and LA– terminals for all module channels.

In this case, you can use the same external power supply that is connected to the SA power RTB on the controller to the LA+ and LA– terminals.

IMPORTANT	You must consider the current limit of an external power supply it		
	you use it to provide power to the SA power RTB on the controller		
	and the LA+ and LA– terminals on a 5069-0B16, 5069-0B16F, or		
	5069-0BV8S module. The 5069-0BV8S module requires a		
	SELV/PELV-rated power supply.		

# Notes:

# Safety Concept of Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers

Торіс	Page
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Safety Network Number	52
Safety Signature	53
Distinguish Between Standard and Safety Components	53
Controller Data-flow Capabilities	54
Safety Terminology	55

The Compact GuardLogix<sup>\*</sup> 5380 controller systems are certified for use in safety applications up to and including SIL 2/PLd and SIL 3/PLe where the de-energized state is the safe state.

Controller System	IEC 61508	IEC 62061	ISO 13849-1	
	Type-approved and certified for use in safety applications up to and including:	Suitable for use in safety applications up to and including:	Suitable for use in safety applications up to and including:	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 controller systems <sup>(1)</sup>	SIL 2	SIL CL2	Performance Level PLd (Cat. 3)	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller systems <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	SIL 3	SIL CL3	Performance Level PLe (Cat. 4)	

(1) Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 controller catalog numbers have a '2' at the end, for example, 5069-L3xxxxS2, and are for use in safety applications up to and including SIL 2.

(2) Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller catalog numbers have a '3' at the end, for example, 5069-L3xxxxXS3, and are for use in safety applications up to and including SIL 3.

(3) For SIL 3/PLe safety applications, the Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 3 controller system consists of a primary controller with an internal safety partner, that function together in a 1002 architecture.

Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller-based safety applications require a safety signature be used.

For SIL 2/PLd and SIL 3/PLe safety system requirements, including functional validation test intervals, system reaction time, and PFD/PFH calculations, see to the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

You must read, understand, and fulfill these requirements before you operate a Compact GuardLogix safety system.

# **Functional Safety Capability**

**Applies to these controllers:** 

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# Safety Network Number

### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The safety network number (SNN) uniquely identifies CIP Safety<sup>™</sup> subnets within a routable safety network. The combination of SNN + Node Address uniquely identifies each CIP Safety port on each device in the routable safety network.

The application assigns an SNN to each CIP Safety subnet attached to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller, including the backplane. If there are other Logix Safety controllers on an attached Ethernet network, assign the same SNN for this network in each controller application. This allows you to use Logix Designer's automatic assignment of safety network numbers for devices added to the application.

Nonvolat	ile Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Conf	iguration	Sec	urity	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety*
Safety Ap	plication: Unlock	ed		Safety L	ock/Unlock.	**		
Safety Sta	atus:							
Safety Sig	gnature:			G	enerate	•		
ID: Date:	<none></none>				Сору			
Time:				[	Delete	+		
When rep	olacing Safety I/O	Configure On	ly When No Safety	/ Signature Exist	5	•		
When rep Safety Le		Configure On SIL2/PLd	lly When No Safety	/ Signature Exist	\$	•		
			lly When No Safety	/ Signature Exist	\$			
Safety Le			ane 41F1	/ Signature Exist _04B4_B1E6 018 5:55:50.888 P	(			
Safety Le	vel:	SIL2/PLd	ane 41F1 3/21/2 0004	_0484_81E6	M (	•		
Safety Le	vel:	SIL2/PLd	ane 41F1 3/21/2 0004 EtherN 0004	_04B4_B1E6 018 5:55:50.886 P _0000_0002	M (	•		

For an explanation of the Safety Network Number, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

For information on how to assign the SNN, see <u>Assign the Safety Network</u> <u>Number (SNN) on page 78</u>.

# Safety Signature

### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# Distinguish Between Standard and Safety Components

Applies to these controllers: Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The safety signature is composed of a safety signature ID (identification number), and a timestamp (date and time). The safety signature ID applies to the entire safety portion of the controller and uniquely identifies each project, including its logic, data, and configuration.

The Compact GuardLogix 5380 system uses the safety signature to determine project integrity and to let you verify that the correct project is downloaded to the target controller. The ability to create, record, and verify that the safety signature is a mandatory part of the safety-application development process.

The safety signature must be present to operate as a SIL 2/PLd or SIL 3/PLe safety controller.

See Generate the Safety Signature on page 254 for more information.

Slots of a Compact GuardLogix 5380 system chassis that are not used by the safety function can be populated with other Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O modules that are certified to the Low Voltage and EMC Directives. See <a href="http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/certification/ce.page">http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/certification/ce.page</a> to find the CE certificate for the CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> Product Family and determine the modules that are certified.

You must create and document a clear, logical, and visible distinction between the safety and standard portions of the controller project. As part of this distinction, the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application features safety identification icons to identify the safety task, safety programs, safety routines, and safety components.

In addition, the Logix Designer application displays a safety class attribute whenever safety task, safety programs, safety routine, safety tag, or safety Add-On Instruction properties are displayed.

# Controller Data-flow Capabilities

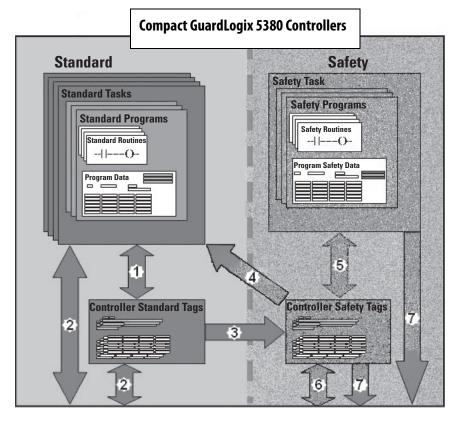
#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

This illustration explains the standard and safety data-flow capabilities of the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.

#### Figure 16 - Data-flow Capabilities



No.	Description		
1	Standard tags and logic behave the same way that they do in a standard CompactLogix 5380 controller.		
2	Standard tag data, program- or controller-scoped, can be exchanged with external HMI devices, personal computers, and other controllers.		
3	Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers are integrated controllers with the ability to move (map) sta data into safety tags for use within the safety task. This is the only way to get standard tag data ir safety task. Safety logic in the safety task cannot read or write the standard tag that is the source mapping data transfer; it can only reference the safety tag destination of the mapping. But, it can write that safety tag.		
	$\triangle$	<b>ATTENTION:</b> Mapped tag data must not be used to control a SIL 2/PLd or SIL 3/PLe output directly.	
4	Controller-scoped safety tags can be read directly by standard logic.		
5	Safety tags can be read or written by safety logic.		
6		hanged between safety controllers over Ethernet networks, including rollers and 5069 Compact GuardLogix controllers.	
7	personal computers, or controller is protected	am- or controller-scoped, can be read by external devices, such as HMI devices, r other standard controllers. External devices cannot write to safety tags (whether the or not). it is considered standard data, not safety data.	

Abbreviation	Full Term	Definition
1001	One Out of One	Identifies the programmable electronic controller architecture. 1001 is a single-channel system.
1002	One Out of Two	Identifies the programmable electronic controller architecture. 1002 is a dual-channel system.
CIP Safety	Common Industrial Protocol – Safety Certified	SIL 3/PLe-rated version of CIP™.
DC	Diagnostic Coverage	The ratio of the detected failure rate to the total failure rate.
PFD	Probability of a dangerous failure on demand	The average probability of a dangerous failure on demand.
PFH	Probability of dangerous failure per hour	The average frequency of a dangerous failure per hour.
PL	Performance Level	ISO 13849-1 safety rating.
SIL	Safety Integrity Level	A relative level of risk-reduction that is provided by a safety function, or to specify a target level of risk reduction.
SIL CL	SIL Claim Limit	The maximum safety integrity level (SIL) that can be achieved.
SNN	Safety Network Number	A unique number that identifies a section of a safety network.
UNID	Unique Node ID (also called unique node reference)	The unique node reference is a combination of a safety network number (SNN) and the node address of the node.

# Safety Terminology

The following table defines terms that are used in this manual.

# Notes:

# **Connect to the Controller**

Торіс	Page
Before You Begin	57
Connection Options	58
Set the IP Address	59
Update Controller Firmware	63
Controllers with Firmware Earlier than Revision 31	73

Before you can connect to the controller through the EtherNet or USB port, you must configure the EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> or USB driver in Linx-based software on your workstation.

- The controller has an Ethernet port that supports 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, or 1 Gbps
- The controller has a USB port that uses a Type B receptacle. The port is USB 2.0 compatible and runs at 12 Mbps.
- Install and configure a communication module in the chassis with the controller as described in the installation instructions for the communication module.

The EtherNet/IP driver:

- Supports runtime communications
- Requires that the workstation and the controller are configured
- Supports communications over longer distances when compared to the USB driver

USB driver:

- Convenient method to connect to an unconfigured controller and configure the Ethernet port
- Convenient method to connect to a controller when the Ethernet port configuration is unknown
- Convenient method to update the controller firmware
- Not intended for runtime connections; it is a temporary-use only connection with a limited cabling distance

For information on how to configure EtherNet/IP or USB drivers, see the EtherNet/IP Network Devices User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM006</u>.

# **Before You Begin**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380

Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# **Connection Options**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	-
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	-

Before you can begin using your controller, you must make a connection to the controller. Make sure that you have already configured the EtherNet/IP or USB communication drivers (see the EtherNet/IP Network Devices User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM006</u>).

Connection options with the controller include:

- Ethernet cable to an Ethernet port The controller Ethernet ports support communication rates of 10 Mbps, 100 Mbps, and 1 Gbps. See <u>Connect an Ethernet Cable on page 58</u>.
- USB cable to the USB port The controller USB port uses a Type B receptacle and is USB 2.0 compatible. The port runs at 12 Mbps. See <u>Connect a USB Cable on page 59</u>.

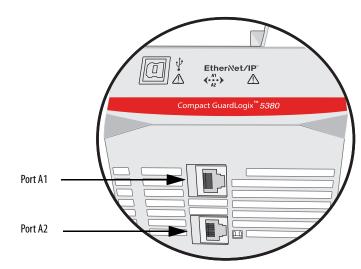
## **Connect an Ethernet Cable**

The example graphic shows a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller. You perform the same task to connect an Ethernet cable to a CompactLogix 5380 controller.



**WARNING:** If you connect or disconnect the communications cable with power applied to this module or any device on the network, an electric arc can occur. This could cause an explosion in hazardous location installations. Be sure that power is removed or the area is nonhazardous before proceeding.

If you are connecting a controller directly to an EtherNet/IP network, connect a CAT 5e or CAT 6 Ethernet cable with an RJ45 connector to an Ethernet port on the bottom of the controller.



For information on how to select the proper cable, see Guidance for Selecting Cables for EtherNet/IP Networks, publication <u>ENET-WP007-EN-P</u>.

## **Connect a USB Cable**

Use the USB connection to update firmware and download programs.

The example graphic shows a CompactLogix 5380 controller. You perform the same task to connect an Ethernet cable to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

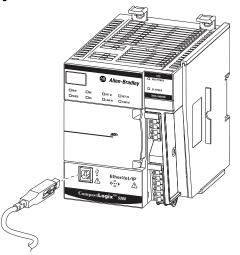


The USB port is intended only for temporary local programming purposes and not intended for permanent connection. The USB cable is not to exceed 3.0 m (9.84 ft) and must not contain hubs.



WARNING: Do not use the USB port in hazardous locations.

#### Figure 17 - USB Connection



# Set the IP Address

Applies to these controller
-----------------------------

Com	pactLogix 5380

Compact	GuardI ogiy	( 5380 SIL 2
compace	Guaracogiz	

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

When the controller is in the out-of-the-box condition, the following apply regarding IP addresses:

• The controller embedded Ethernet ports are configured to obtain an IP address via a DHCP server.

If there is no DHCP server or the DHCP server is not configured to set the IP address, you must set the IP address manually.

• The controller is configured so that you must set the IP address each time that power is cycled.

You can configure your controller so that you are not required to set an IP address each time that power is cycled.

• The controller is configured to use Dual-IP mode. As a result, you must set a unique IP address for port A1 and port A2.

### **Requirements**

To set the IP address, have the following:

- EtherNet/IP or USB drivers installed on the programming workstation
- MAC ID from the device, which is on the label on the side of the device
- Recommended IP address for the device

## **Other Methods to Set the IP Address**

The controller supports the following methods to change the IP address:

- BOOTP/DHCP utility
- RSLinx<sup>®</sup> Classic software
- Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application

For more information on how to use these methods, see EtherNet/IP Network Devices User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM006</u>.

IMPORTANT	The EtherNet/IP mode in which the controller operates affects the setting and use of IP addresses on the controller. For example, if the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, you must set an IP address for each controller Ethernet port. That is, you must complete the steps that are described in this section twice—once for each port.
	For more information on how the EtherNet/IP modes affect the controller IP address, see <u>Use EtherNet/IP Modes on page 135</u> .

## Use a Secure Digital Card to Set the Controller IP Address

You can use an SD card to set the controller IP address. The SD card can set the IP address when it loads a project onto the controller.

For more information on how to use an SD card, see <u>Use the Secure Digital</u>. <u>Card on page 107</u>.

The controller verifies that its IP address does not match any other network device IP address when you perform either of these tasks:

- Connect the controller to a EtherNet/IP network.
- Change the controller IP address.

If the controller IP address matches that of another device on the network, the controller Ethernet port transitions to Conflict mode. In Conflict mode, these conditions exist:

# Duplicate IP Address Detection

Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

- Network (NET) status indicator is solid red.
- The 4-character display indicates the conflict.

The display scrolls: <IP\_address\_of\_this\_module> Duplicate IP <Mac\_address\_of\_duplicate\_node\_detected>

For example: 192.168.1.1 Duplicate IP - 00:00:BC:02:34:B4

### **Duplicate IP Address Resolution**

When two devices on a network have IP addresses that conflict, the resolution depends on the conditions in which the duplication is detected. This table describes how duplicate IP addresses are resolved.

Duplicate IP Address Detection Conditions	Resolution Process	
<ul> <li>Both devices support duplicate IP address detection.</li> <li>Second device is added to the network after the first device is operating on the network.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The device that began operation first uses the IP address and continues to operate without interruption.</li> <li>The device that begins operation second detects the duplication and enters Conflict mode.</li> </ol>	
<ul> <li>Both devices support duplicate IP address detection.</li> <li>Both devices were powered up at approximately the same time.</li> </ul>	Both EtherNet/IP devices enter Conflict mode. To resolve this conflict, follow these steps: a. Assign a new IP address to the controller. b. Cycle power to the other device.	
One device supports duplicate IP address detection and a second device does not.	<ol> <li>Regardless of which device obtained the IP address first, the device that does not support IP address detection uses the IP address and continues to operate without interruption.</li> <li>The device that supports duplicate IP address detection detects the duplication and enters Conflict mode.</li> </ol>	

# **DNS Addressing**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can also use DNS addressing to specify a host name for a controller, a domain name, and DNS servers. DNS addressing makes it possible to configure similar network structures and IP address sequences under different domains.

### IMPORTANT Safety Considerations

- Safety connections are not allowed to use host names (this requires DNS lookup, which is not allowed for Safety I/O). Safety devices on EtherNet/ IP networks do not present the host name parameter. Standard devices do present the host name parameter, regardless of whether the project is safety or standard.
- Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can have safety connections or standard connections. When used in a standard project, GuardLogix 5580 controllers are considered standard devices (the only connections are standard consumed tags), so the controller presents the host name parameter.
- When Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers are used in a safety project, it is assumed to be a safety device, and the host name parameter is not presented.

DNS addressing is necessary only if you refer to the controller by host name, such as in path descriptions in MSG instructions.

To use DNS addressing, follow these steps.

1. Assign a host name to the controller.

A network administrator can assign a host name. Valid host names must be IEC-1131-3 compliant.

- 2. Configure the controller parameters.
- 3. Configure the IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, a host name for the controller, domain name, and primary/secondary DNS server addresses.

In the DNS server, the host name must match the IP address of the controller.

4. In the Logix Designer application, add the controller to the I/O configuration tree.

### **IMPORTANT** Remember the following:

•	If a child module resides in the same domain as its parent module, type the host name. If the domain of the child module differs from the domain of its parent module, type the host name and the domain name (hostname.domainname)
	You can also use DNS addressing in a module profile in the I/O configuration tree or in a message path. If the domain name of the destination module differs from the domain name of the source module, then use a fully qualified DNS name (hostname.domainname). For example, to send a message from EN2T1.location1.companyA to EN2T1.location2.companyA, the host names match, but the domains differ. Without the entry of a fully qualified DNS name, the module adds the default domain name to the specified host name.

## **Update Controller Firmware**

#### Applies to these controllers:

#### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can use these tools to update the controller firmware:

- ControlFLASH<sup>™</sup> or ControlFLASH Plus<sup>™</sup> software
- AutoFlash feature of the Logix Designer application

## Firmware Upgrade Guidelines for Safety Controllers

#### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

You cannot update a controller that is safety locked.

The IEC 61508 functional safety standard requires impact analysis before upgrading or modifying components in a certified, functional safety system. This section provides high-level guidance on how you can perform the impact analysis for safety controller hardware/firmware upgrades. Reference the standard to make sure you fulfill all of the requirements as they relate to your application.

When you upgrade controller firmware to a newer version, consider the following:

- All major and minor firmware releases for Compact GuardLogix controller systems are certified for use in safety applications. As part of the certification process, Rockwell Automation tests the safety-related firmware functions (for example the CIP Safety<sup>™</sup> communication subsystems, embedded safety instruction execution, and safety-related diagnostic functions). The firmware release notes identify changes to safety-related functions.
- Perform an impact analysis of the planned firmware upgrade.
  - Review of the firmware release notes for changes in safety-related functionality.
  - Review of hardware and firmware compatibility in the <u>Product</u> <u>Compatibility and Download</u> site to identify potential compatibility conflicts.
  - Any modification, enhancement, or adaptation of your validated software must be planned and analyzed for any impact to the functional safety system as described in the 'Edit Your Safety Application' section in the safety reference manual for your controller.
- You must remove and re-generate the safety signature as part of the firmware upgrade process. Use the online and offline edit process described in the safety reference manual for your controller.

For more controller-specific information, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>. **IMPORTANT** Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers have a different compiler than earlier controllers. You must re-validate that applications on earlier controllers compile correctly on Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.

For product change management guidelines and definitions of how Rockwell Automation manages product versions, see System Security Design Guidelines Reference Manual, publication <u>SECURE-RM001</u>.

For Example:

- 1. From the Product Compatibility and Download Center:
  - a. Review all firmware release notes, starting with the original firmware revision through the new firmware revision, to identify any changes that impact the safety-related implementation of the application.
  - b. Review hardware and firmware compatibility to identify any restrictions between the original system components and the new system components.
- 2. Perform a hazard and risk assessment for any changes identified during the impact analysis and determine what additional testing is necessary.
- 3. Perform the online and offline edit process described in the safety reference manual for your controller. You can restrict the 'Test the Application' block to the testing identified by the hazard and risk assessment.

### Controller Firmware and Logix Designer Application Compatibility

In Logix 5000<sup>™</sup> control systems, the controller firmware and the Logix Designer application must be of the same major revision level. For example, if the controller firmware revision is 31.xxx, you must use the Logix Designer application, version 31.

There are minimum software version requirements for the software applications that you use in your system.

Compatible builds of software have been tested together to verify they work properly. Versions of software that are not identified as being compatible with each other have not been tested together and are not guaranteed to work.

For more information on controller firmware revisions and software application minimum requirements, go to the Rockwell Automation<sup>®</sup> Product Compatibility and Download Center (PCDC) available at:

https://compatibility.rockwellautomation.com/Pages/home.aspx

In the PCDC:

- • The Download section has the firmware for your controller.
- The Compare section has software compatibility information for software applications that are used in a CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 control system.

### **Determine Required Controller Firmware**

The controller ships with firmware revision 1*.xxx* installed. You must update the firmware revision before you can use it in a Logix Designer application project.

In Logix 5000<sup>™</sup> control systems, the controller firmware and the Logix Designer application must be of the same major revision level. For example, if the controller firmware revision is 31.xxx, you must use the Logix Designer application, version 31.

**IMPORTANT** The controller must be in Remote Program or Program mode and all major recoverable faults must be cleared to accept updates.

### **Obtain Controller Firmware**

You can obtain controller firmware in these ways:

• Firmware is packaged as part of the Studio 5000 Logix Designer environment installation.

**IMPORTANT**The firmware that is packaged with the software installation is the initial<br/>release of the controller firmware. Subsequent firmware revisions to address<br/>anomalies may be released during a product's life.<br/>We recommend that you check the Product Compatibility and Download<br/>Center (PCDC) to determine if later revisions of the controller firmware are<br/>available. For more information, see the next bullet.

• From the Rockwell Automation Product Compatibility and Download Center (PCDC). You can check for available revisions of controller firmware, and download controller firmware, associated files, and product release notes.

To visit PCDC, go to <u>http://compatibility.rockwellautomation.com/</u> <u>Pages/home.aspx</u>.

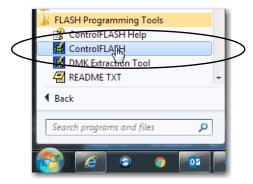
### Use ControlFLASH Software to Update Firmware

To update your controller firmware with ControlFLASH software, complete these steps



**ATTENTION:** If the Secure Digital (SD) card is locked and set to load on power-up, this update can be overwritten by firmware on the SD card.

- 1. Verify that the network connection is made and the network driver has been configured in Linx-based communication software.
- From the Windows Start Menu, click FLASH Programming Tools > ControlFLASH.



3. Click Next.



4. Select the controller, and click Next.

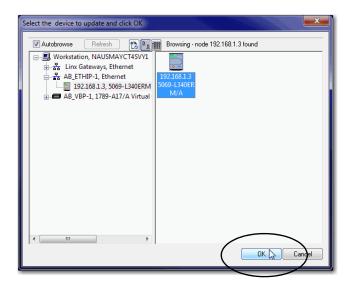
ControlFLASH software version 15.01.00 or later has a family name that applies to all controllers in that family, instead of individual controller catalog numbers.

Catalog Number	Catalog Number
Catalog Number	Catalog Number  Enter the catalog number of the target device:  CompactLogix 5380 (5069-L3)  2097-V33PR6-LM 2097-V34PR5-LM 2097-V34PR6-LM 2097-V34PR6-LM 2097-V34PR6-LM 2715-PanelView 5063-AENTR 5063-AENTR 5063-BETCARC 5580 (5069-L3)  CompactLogix 5580 (5069-L3)  GuardLogix 5580 Safety (1756-L8)  Browse
< Back Next > > Cancel Help	< Back Next > Cancel Help
Control ELACIU of the control of 14,01,00 or continu	Control ELAGU (to control

ControlFLASH software version 14.01.00 or earlier

ControlFLASH software version 15.01.00 or later

- 5. Expand the communication path and select the controller.
- 6. Click OK.



7. Select the firmware revision and click Next.

If the firmware revision you need is not on the list, choose Show all revisions.

**TIP** If you experience a Script File Error after you select the firmware revision number, as shown, there can be an issue with your firmware files.

ControlF	LASH						×
1		rror: The script file more information.	associated	with the sele	cted update	e revision i	s corrupt.
			OK				

We recommend that you use the latest version of the ControlFLASH software. If you are not, first upgrade to the latest version.

To resolve the issue, perform the following:

- Go to <a href="http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/">http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/</a> and download the firmware revision you are trying to update. Replace the firmware revision that you have previously installed with that posted on the Technical Support website.
- If the replacement firmware revision does not resolve the anomaly, contact Rockwell Automation Technical Support.
- 8. On the Summary Screen, click Finish.



9. When a confirmation dialog box appears, click Yes.



Before the firmware update begins, this dialog box appears. Take the required action for your application. In this example, the upgrade continues when OK is clicked.



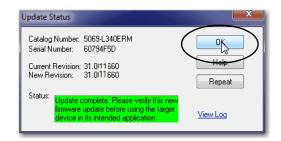
The progress dialog box indicates the progress of the firmware update. The controllers indicate progress in updates and blocks.

IMPORTANT	Let the firmware update complete before you cycle power or otherwise interrupt the update.
	If the firmware update is interrupted, the controller reverts to boot firmware, that is, revision 1 <i>.xxx</i> .

When the update is complete, the Update Status dialog box indicates that the update is complete.

10. Click OK.

\_



11. Close the ControlFLASH software.

## **Use AutoFlash to Update Firmware**

To update the controller firmware with the AutoFlash feature, complete these steps.



**ATTENTION:** If the Secure Digital Card is locked and set to load on power-up, this update can be overwritten by firmware on the SD card.

- 1. Verify that the network connection is made and the network driver has been configured in Linx-based communication software.
- 2. Start the Logix Designer application, and create a project.
- 3. In the project, click RSWho.



4. Expand the communication path and select the controller.

3 Who Active (RSLinx Classic)	
Autobrowse Refresh	
	Go Online
표····쿱····쿱···························	
☞ 器 AB_ETHIP-1, Ethernet	Upload
AB_VBP-1, 1789-A17/A Virtual Chassis	Download
🛓 🎒 13, 5069-L340ERM LOGIX340ERM, 5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMair	Update Firmware
	Close
	Help
III ►	
Path: USB\13	Set Proje(* Path
Path in Project: <none></none>	
	Clear Project Path

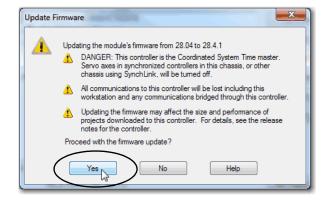
5. Select the controller and click Go Online.

😚 Who Active (RSLinx Classic)	
✓ Autobrowse       Refresh         → ∰       Workstation, NAUSMAYCT4SVY1         → ∰       Linx Gateways, Ethernet         → ∰       AB_ETHIP-1, Ethernet         → ∰       AB_VED-1, 1709-A17/A Virtual Chassis         → ∰       USB         → ∰       I3, 5069-L340ERM LOGIX340ERM, 5069-L340ERM/A	Go Online Upload. Download Update Firmware Close Help
Path: USB\13 Path in Project: <none></none>	Set Project Path Clear Project Path

6. On the Who Active dialog box, select the controller under the communication driver you want to use, and click Update Firmware.

🞯 Who Active	
Autobrowse       Refresh         Box       Workstation, NAUSMAYCT4SVY1         Box       Einx Gateways, Ethernet         Box       BETHIP-1, Ethernet         Box       192.168.1.2, 5069-L340ERM LOGIX340ERM, 5069-L340ERM/A         Box       192.168.1.3, 5069-AEN2TR, 5069-AEN2TR/A_LnxMain_152         Box       AB_VBP-1, 1789-A17/A Virtual Chassis	Go Online Upload Download Update Firmware Close Help
Path:     AB_ETHIP-1\192.168.1.2       Path in Project: <none></none>	Set Project Path Clear Project Path

- 7. On the Choose Firmware Revision dialog, browse to the location of the firmware files (C:\Program Files (x86)\ControlFlash).
- 8. Select the firmware revision, and click Update.
- 9. On the Confirmation dialog, click Yes.



10. On the ControlFLASH Attention dialog, click OK.



A progress dialog box indicates the progress of the firmware update. The controllers indicate progress in updates and blocks.

IMPORTANT	Let the firmware update complete before you cycle power or otherwise interrupt the update.
	If the ControlFLASH update of the controller is interrupted, the controllers revert to boot firmware, that is, revision 1 <i>.xxx</i> .

When the update is complete, the Update Status dialog box indicates that the update is complete.

11. Click OK on the Who Active dialog box.

# Controllers with Firmware Earlier than Revision 31

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

For controllers with firmware revisions earlier than revision 31, you must be aware of the following before you set the IP address and update the controller firmware:

- Controller state before you make changes
- Firmware revision to which you are updating the controller
- Order in which you set the IP address and update the firmware revision

Controller State Before Making Changes	Description	Firmware Revision of Update/Change	Task Completion Order	Result of Completing Tasks in Order Indicated
Out-of-box	<ul> <li>No IP address set</li> <li>Unique MAC addresss are used for port A1 and port A2, respectively</li> <li>Each port on the controller is DHCP-enabled</li> <li>Firmware revision</li> </ul>	Revision 29.011 or later	<ol> <li>Change the EtherNet/IP mode from Dual-IP mode to Linear/ DLR mode.</li> <li>Set IP address on port A1/A2.</li> <li>Install controller firmware.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>The controller EtherNet/IP mode is automatically set to Dual-IP mode.</li> <li>The port A1/A2 IP address, network mask, default gateway settings are applied to port A2. Other port A1/A2 settings, for example, DNS servers and Domain Name, are lost.</li> <li>The port A1/A2 MAC address is applied to port A1, and a separate MAC address is applied to Port A2.</li> <li>You must set the IP address configuration</li> </ul>
	1.xxx		<ol> <li>Install controller firmware.</li> <li>Set IP addresses on port A1 and port A2.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>The controller EtherNet/IP mode remains set to Dual-IP mode after the firmware is installed.</li> <li>The controller EtherNet/IP mode is set to Dual-IP mode when it is in the out-of-box state.</li> <li>A unique MAC address is assigned to each controller port.</li> <li>You must set the IP address and related parameters for port A1 (enterprise port) and port A2 (device-level port).</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>No IP address is set</li> <li>One MAC address is used for port A1/A2</li> <li>Port A1/A2 is DHCP-enabled</li> <li>Firmware revision 1.xxx</li> </ul>	Revision 28.xxx IMPORTANT: Only the 5069-L320ER and 5069-L340ERM controllers support revision 28.xxx.	<ol> <li>Set IP address on port A1/A2.</li> <li>Install controller firmware.</li> <li>Install controller firmware.</li> <li>Set IP address on port A1/A2.</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>The controller EtherNet/IP mode is automatically set to Linear/ DLR mode.</li> <li>The IP address settings on port A1/A2 remain the same.</li> </ul>

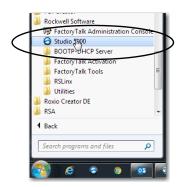
Controller State Before Making Changes	Description	Firmware Revision of Update/Change	Task Completion Order	Result of Completing Tasks in Order Indicated
Operating	<ul> <li>IP address set on port A1/A2</li> <li>Firmware revision 28.xxx is installed</li> </ul>	Revision 29.011 or later	Update controller firmware	<ul> <li>EtherNet/IP mode changes to Dual-IP mode.</li> <li>The port A1/A2 IP address, network mask, default gateway settings are applied to port A2. Other port A1/A2 settings, for example, DNS servers and Domain Name, are lost.</li> <li>The port A1/A2 MAC address is applied to port A1. A separate MAC address is applied to Port A2.</li> <li>The I/O Configuration section in the Logix Designer application project is automatically assigned to port A1. You can change the I/O configuration in the Logix Designer application project to assign it to port A2.</li> <li>If necessary, you can change to DLR/Linear mode after the firmware revision update.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Controller operates in Linear/DLR mode</li> <li>IP address set on port A1/A2</li> <li>Firmware revision 29.011 or later is installed</li> </ul>	Downgrade to revision 28.xxx IMPORTANT: You can perform this download only on the 5069- L320ER and 5069- L340ERM controllers.	Downgrade controller firmware	<ul> <li>EtherNet/IP mode remains in Linear/DLR mode</li> <li>IP address settings remain the same</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Controller operates in Dual-IP mode</li> <li>IP addresses are set on port A1 and port A2</li> <li>Firmware revision 29.011 or later is installed</li> </ul>		Downgrade controller firmware	<ul> <li>EtherNet/IP mode automatically changes from Dual-IP mode to Linear/DLR mode</li> <li>After the change is made, the port A2 Internet Protocol configuration is applied to the A1/A2 port.</li> </ul>

# Start to Use the Controller

Торіс	Page
Create a Logix Designer Application Project	75
Additional Configuration for a Compact GuardLogix Controller	78
Go Online with the Controller	85
Download to the Controller	92
Upload from the Controller	95
Choose the Controller Operation Mode	99
Change Controller Configuration	102
Reset Button	103

Out-of-the-box, the controller does not contain a Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application project. To create a Logix Designer application project, complete these steps.

1. Start the application. The Logix Designer application is part of the Studio 5000° environment.



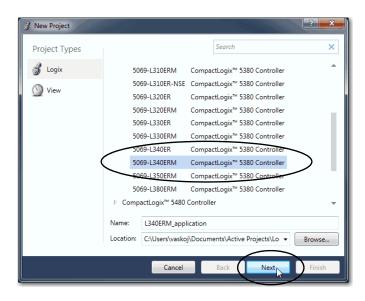
# Create a Logix Designer Application Project

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix™ 5380
Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

2. Click New Project.



- 3. On the New Project dialog box, complete these steps:
  - a. Select the controller.
  - b. Name the project.
  - c. Browse to the location where the project file is created.
  - d. Click Next.



- 4. Select the following:
  - Revision
  - Security Authority (optional)
  - Secure With (only available if Security Authority is used)

For information on security, refer to the Logix 5000<sup>™</sup> Controllers Security Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM016</u>.

Revision:	31 •
Security Authority:	No Protection
	Use only the selected Security Authority for authentication and authorization
Secure With:	Logical Name <controller name=""></controller>
	O Permission Set
Descriptions	

5. Click Finish.

# Additional Configuration for a Compact GuardLogix Controller

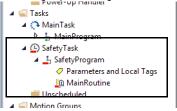
Applies to these controllers:	То
- + +	As
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	AS
	Go
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	00

Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers require additional configuration after you create the project. These topics describe how to configure the additional parameters.

Торіс	Page
Assign the Safety Network Number (SNN)	78
Go Online with the Controller	85

For a Compact GuardLogix controller, the Logix Designer application creates a safety task and a safety program. A main Ladder Diagram safety routine that is called MainRoutine is also created within the safety program.

A red bar under the icon distinguishes safety programs and routines from standard project components in the Controller Organizer.



# Assign the Safety Network Number (SNN)

When you create controller projects, the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application generates an SNN value automatically whenever it recognizes a new subnet that contains CIP Safety<sup>™</sup> devices:

- Each CIP Safety-capable port on the controller is assigned an SNN. The Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers have up to three safety network numbers: a separate SNN for each Ethernet port, and one SNN for the backplane.
- If a bridge or adapter device is in the I/O tree and a child CIP Safety device is added, the subnet that is created by the bridge or adapter is assigned an SNN.

For typical users, the automatic assignment of a time-based SNN is sufficient. However, manual assignment of the SNN is required if the following is true:

- One or more controller ports are on a CIP Safety subnet that already has an established SNN.
- A safety project is copied to another hardware installation within the same routable CIP Safety system.

Rockwell Automation recommends changing each SNN to the SNN already established for that subnet, if one exists. That way, devices created later in the project are automatically assigned the correct SNN.

For information regarding whether the controller or Ethernet ports are being added to existing subnets, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

Each safety network must have a unique safety network number. You must be sure that a unique SNN is assigned to each CIP Safety network that contains safety devices.

**TIP** Multiple safety network numbers can be assigned to a CIP Safety subnet or a ControlBus<sup>™</sup> chassis that contains multiple safety devices. However, for simplicity, we recommend that each CIP Safety subnet has only one unique SNN.

For an explanation on the Safety Network Number, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

The SNN can be software-assigned (time-based) or user-assigned (manual). These two formats of the SNN are described in the following sections:

- <u>Automatic Assignment of Time-based SSN on page 80</u>
- Manual Assignment of SSN on page 81

#### Automatic Assignment of Time-based SSN

When a new controller or device is created, a time-based SNN is automatically assigned.

- Devices that are created directly under the controller port default to having the same SNN as that port on the controller.
- For devices not directly under a controller port, subsequent new safety device additions to the same CIP Safety network are assigned the same SNN defined within the lowest address on that CIP Safety network.

The time-based format sets the SNN value as the date and time when the number was generated, according to the computer running the configuration software.

#### Figure 18 - Time-based Format



#### Manual Assignment of SSN

Manual assignment is useful if you lay out your network and put the SNNs on your network diagram. It may be easier to read SNNs from a diagram than it is to copy and paste them from multiple projects.

Manual assignment of the SNN is required if the following is true:

- One or more controller ports are on a CIP Safety subnet that already has an established SNN.
- A safety project is copied to another hardware installation within the same routable CIP Safety system.

IMPORTANT	If you assign an SNN automatically or manually, make sure that system expansion does not result in a duplication of SNN and unique node reference combinations.
	A warning appears if your project contains duplicate SNN and unique node reference combinations. You can still verify the project, but Rockwell Automation recommends that you resolve the duplicate combinations.
	However, there can be safety devices on the routable safety network that have the same SNN and node address and are not in the project. In this case, these safety devices are unknown to the Logix Designer application, and you will not see a warning.
	If two different devices have the same node references, the safety system cannot detect a packet received by one device that was intended for the other device.
	If there are duplicate unique node references, as the system user, you are responsible for proving that an unsafe condition cannot result.

Follow these steps to change the controller SNNs to a manual assignment:

- 1. On the Online toolbar, click the Controller Properties icon
- 2. On the Controller Properties dialog, click the Safety tab.
- 3. On the Safety tab, click .... to the right of the safety network number for the port that you want to change.

and the second		Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Conf	iguration	Sec	urity	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exec	oution	Project	Safety*
Safety App	plication: Unlock	ed		Safety Li	ock/Unlock			
Safety Sta	itus:							
Safety Sig	nature:			G	enerate	•		
ID:	<none></none>				Сору			
Date:								
Date: Time: Time Pro	tect Signature in	Run Mode			Delete	•		
Time:	itect Signature in lacing Safety I/O:		Only When No Safety			•		
Time:	lacing Safety I/O:		Only When No Safety			•		
Time: Pro When repl Safety Lev	lacing Safety I/O:	Configure C	plane 0001				)	
Time: Pro When repl Safety Lev	lacing Safety I/O:	Configure C SIL2/PLd	plane 0001 Backpi et 4171	Signature Exist	is ([		)	

- 4. On the Safety Network Number dialog box, select Manual
- 5. Enter the SNN as a value from 1...9999 (decimal).

Time-based			Generate
Manual			
Backplane:	16	(Decimal)	
lumber:			
0001_0000_00	010	(Hex)	Сору
			Paste

6. Click OK.

### Copy and Paste a Safety Controller Safety Network Number (SNN)

If you must apply an SNN to other safety controllers, you can copy and paste the SNN. There are multiple ways to copy and paste safety controller SNNs.

Copy a Safety Controller SNN

From the Controller Properties Safety Tab:

- 1. On the Safety tab, click in the SNN field that you want to copy.
- 2. Press Ctrl-C to copy the SNN.

Nonvolatile	Memory	Cap	acity	Internet	Protocol	Port Config	uration	Network		Security	Alarm Log
General	Major Fa	ults	Minor	Faults	Date/Time	Advan	ced	SFC Execu	tion	Project	Safety
Safety App	olication: U	hlocke	ed			Sa	fety Loc	k/Unlock			
Safety Stat	tus:										
Safety Sign	nature:						Gen	erate			
ID:	(none)						0	00Y			
Date:									۲.		
Time:	tect Signatu						De	lete	•		
			_				-		_		
When repl	acing Safet		_		When No Sa	fety Signatur	e Exists		•		
When repl Safety Lev	acing Safet		_	gure Only	When No Sa	fety Signatur	e Exists		•		
Safety Lev	lacing Safet; rel:	y 1/0:	Confi SIL2	gure Only /PLd							
Safety Lev	acing Safet	y 1/0:	Confi SIL2	gure Only	e 41	fety Signatur F1_04B4_	B1E6		•		
Safety Lev	lacing Safet; rel:	y 1/0:	Config SIL2	gure Only /PLd	e 41 3/2 et 00	F1_04B4_	B1E6 0 886 PM				
Safety Lev	lacing Safet; rel:	y 1/0:	Config SIL2	gure Only /PLd Backplan	e 41 3/2 et 00	F1_04B4_	B1E6 0 886 PM				

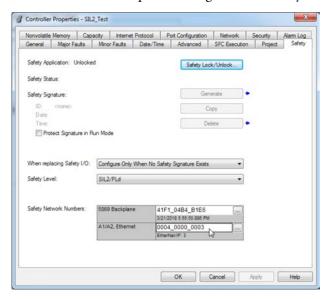
From the Safety Network Number dialog:

- 1. On the Controller Properties dialog, click the Safety tab.
- 2. Click \_\_\_\_\_ to the right of the safety network number to open the Safety Network Number dialog.
- 3. On the Safety Network Number dialog, either click Copy, or click in the SNN field and Press Ctrl-C.

Format:		
Time-based		Generate
Manual		
EtherNet/IP: 3	(Decimal)	
Number:		
0004_0000_0003	(Hex)	Сору
		Paste
ОК	Cancel	Help

Paste a Safety Controller SNN

1. On the Controller Properties dialog, click the Safety tab.



- 2. Click \_\_\_\_\_ to the right of the safety network number to open the Safety Network Number dialog.
- 3. On the Safety Network Number dialog, either click Paste, or click in the SNN field and Press Ctrl-V.

Format:		
Time-based		Generate
Manual		
EtherNet/IP: 3	(Decimal)	
Number:		
0004_0000_0003	(Hex)	Сору
		Paste

- 4. Click OK.
- 5. On the Controller Properties Safety tab, click OK.

Applies to these controllers:	
CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

Go Online with the Controller

To go online with the controller, you must first specify a communication path in the Logix Designer application.

> **TIP** For this section, the USB port was chosen as the communication path. Another path through the embedded Ethernet ports is also possible.

### **Use RSWho**

- 1. Open or create a Logix Designer application project.
- 2. In the application, click RSWho.



3. Expand the communication path and select the controller.

Autobrowse Refresh	
	Go Online
늘…묾 Linx Gateways, Ethernet	
늘풉 AB_ETHIP-1, Ethernet	Upload
AB_VBP-1, 1789-A17/A Virtual Chassis	Download
in and the second se	
🚋 📲 13, 5069-L340ERM LOGIX340ERM, 5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMair	Update Firmware
	Close
	Close
	Help
• III III III	
Path: USB\13	Set Project Path
Path in Project: <none></none>	

4. If you want to store the path in the project file, click Set Project Path.

If you store the project path in the project, you do not have to choose the path each time you go online.

5. After you choose the communication path, click Go Online in the Who Active dialog box.

🗳 Who Active (RSLinx Classic)	
V Autobrowse Refresh	
Grand Workstation, NAUSMAYCT4SVY1	Go Online
im 器 Linx Gateways, Ethernet	Upload
angle AB_ETHIP-1, Ethernet	
⊕-■ AB_VBP-1, 1789-A17/A Virtual Chassis	Download
	Update Firmware
	Close
	Close
	Help
Path: USB\13	Set Project Path
Path in Project: USB\13	
	Clear Project Path

Go Online uses the highlighted node in the Who Active tree, regardless of the setting for Path in Project. For more information on the Who Active dialog box, see the Logix Designer Online Help.

See <u>Additional Considerations for Going Online with a Controller on</u> page 88.

### **Use a Recent Communications Path**

You can also select a recent communications path and go online or apply it to your project.

1. Click the Recent Communication Path button next to the Path bar.



2. On the Select Recent Communications Path dialog box, choose the path.

Controller	Path		Go Online
<none></none>	USB\13		Upload
<u> </u>			Download
			Close
			Help
Show Only	Paths Matching Serial Number in F	Project Reset Path List	Set Project Pat
Serial Numbe	r in Project: <none></none>		Clear Project Pa

- 3. To store the path in your project, click Set Project Path.
- 4. Click Go Online.

Select Rece	nt Communications Path			
Controller ≪none>	Path USB∖13		Go Online Upload Download Close Help	
	Paths Matching Serial Number in Project in Project: <none> : USB\13</none>	Reset Path List	Set Project Path Clear Project Path	

For more information on the Select Recent Communications Path dialog box, see the Logix Designer Online Help.

Once you have established a communication path, then you can choose Go Online from the Controller Status menu when you are working in the project.

OK     Energy Storage		Path: <non< th=""><th>ie&gt;</th><th></th><th></th></non<>	ie>		
I/O	Offline	Ē.,	No Forces	<b>b</b> . 1	No E
Controller Organizer			Go Online		
👂 📁 Controller L340	ERM_applica	ation	Upload	~	
👂 💼 Tasks			Dewnload		_
🔺 🚄 Motion Group					

See <u>Additional Considerations for Going Online with a Controller on</u> page 88.

# Additional Considerations for Going Online with a Controller

Applies to these controllers:				
CompactLogix 5380				
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2				
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3				

The Logix Designer application determines whether you can go online with a target controller based on whether the offline project is new, or whether changes occurred in the offline project.

- If the project is new, you must first download the project to the controller.
- If changes occurred to the project, you are prompted to upload or download.
- If no changes occurred, you can go online to monitor the execution of the project.
  - **TIP** For information on uploading a project, downloading a project, and the upload and download dialog boxes, see the Logix Designer Online Help.

A number of factors affect these processes, including the Match Project to Controller feature and the Firmware Revision Match feature.

For Compact GuardLogix controllers, additional considerations include the safety status and faults, the existence of a safety signature, and the safety-lock/-unlock status of the project and the controller. See <u>Additional</u> <u>Considerations for Going Online with a Compact GuardLogix Controller on page 90</u>.

### **Match Project to Controller**

The Match Project to Controller feature affects the download, upload, and go online processes of standard and safety projects. This feature is on the Controller Properties Advanced tab.

Nonvolat	ile Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Confi	guration	Secu	atty	Alarm Log
General	Major Fault	Minor Fault	s Date/Time	Advanced*	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety
Controller	Fault Handler:	<none></none>		-				
Power-Up	Handler:	<none></none>		•				
Match	Project to Cont	roller						
	Serial Number:	6099AAB7						
Report	Overflow Fault		ided by Producer					
Report	Overflow Fault							

If the Match Project to Controller feature is enabled in the offline project, the Logix Designer application compares the serial number of the controller in the offline project to that of the connected controller. If they do not match, you must cancel the download/upload, connect to the correct controller, or confirm that you are connected to the correct controller that updates the serial number in the project to match the target controller.

## **Firmware Revision Matching**

Firmware revision matching affects the download process. If the revision of the controller does not match the revision of the project, you are prompted to update the firmware of the controller. The Logix Designer application lets you update the firmware as part of the download sequence.

5000 <sup>®</sup> environment.	kit. An update kit ships on a supple	troller, first install a firmware update emental DVD along with the Studio
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**TIP** You can also upgrade the firmware by choosing ControlFLASH<sup>™</sup> from the Tools menu in the Logix Designer application.

# Additional Considerations for Going Online with a Compact GuardLogix Controller

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can upload program logic and go online regardless of safety status. Safety status and faults only affect the download process.

You can view the safety status via the Safety tab on the Controller Properties dialog box.

# Safety Signature and Safety-locked and -unlocked Status

The existence of a safety signature and the safety-locked or -unlocked status of the controller affect both the upload and download processes.

The safety signature and the safety lock status are uploaded with the project. For example, if the project in the controller was safety-unlocked, the offline project remains safety-unlocked following the upload, even if it was locked before the upload.

Following an upload, the safety signature in the offline project matches the controller safety signature.

The safety lock status always uploads with the project, even when there is no safety signature.

The existence of a safety signature, and the controller safety-lock status, determines if a download can proceed.

#### Table 3 - Effect of Safety-lock and safety signature on Download Operation

Safety-lock Status	Safety Signature Status	Download Functionality
Controller safety-unlocked	Safety signature in the offline project matches the safety signature in the controller.	The entire application downloads. Safety tags are reinitialized to the values they had when the safety signature was created. Safety lock status matches the status in the offline project. The safety signature does not change.
	Safety signatures do not match.	If the controller had a safety signature, it is automatically deleted, and the entire project is downloaded. Safety lock status matches the status in the offline project.
Controller safety-locked	Safety signatures match.	If the offline project and the controller are safety-locked, all standard project components are downloaded and safety tags are reinitialized to the values they had when the safety signature was created. If the offline project is not safety-locked, but the controller is, the download is blocked and you must first unlock the controller to allow the download to proceed.
	Safety signatures do not match.	You must first safety-unlock the controller to allow the download to proceed. If the controller had a safety signature, it is automatically deleted, and the entire project is downloaded. Safety lock status matches the status in the offline project.

### Checks for Going Online with a GuardLogix Controller

For a safety project, the Logix Designer application checks for the following:

- Do the offline project and controller serial numbers match (if Project to Controller Match is selected)?
- Does the offline project contain changes that are not in the controller project?
- Do the revisions of the offline project and controller firmware match?
- Are either the offline project or the controller safety-locked?
- Do the offline project and the controller have compatible safety signatures?

Table 4 - Connect to the Controller with a Safety Proje	ect
---	-----

If the Software Indicates	Then		
Unable to connect to controller. Mismatch between the offline project and the controller serial number. Selected controller can be the wrong controller.	Connect to the correct controller, select another project file, or choose the Update project serial number checkbox and choose Go Online to connect to the controller and update the offline project serial number to match the controller.		
Unable to connect to controller. The revision of the offline project and the controller firmware are not compatible.	<ul> <li>Choose one of the following options:</li> <li>Choose Update Firmware. Choose the required revision and click Update. Click Yes to confirm your selection.</li> <li>IMPORTANT: The online project is deleted.</li> <li>To preserve the online project, cancel the online process and install a version of the Studio 5000 environment that is compatible with the firmware revision of your controller.</li> </ul>		
You must upload or download to go online by using the open project.	<ul> <li>Choose one of the following options:</li> <li>Upload to update the offline project.</li> <li>Download to update the controller project.</li> <li>Choose File to select another offline project.</li> </ul>		
Unable to connect in a manner that preserves safety signature. The firmware minor revision on the controller is not compatible with safety signature in offline project.	<ul> <li>To preserve the safety signature when the firmware minor revision is incompatible, update the firmware revision in the controller to exactly match the offline project. Then go online to the controller.</li> <li>To proceed with the download despite the safety signature incompatibility, click Download. The safety signature is deleted.</li> <li>IMPORTANT: The safety system requires revalidation.</li> </ul>		
Unable to connect to controller. Incompatible safety signature cannot be deleted while project is safety-locked.	Cancel the online process. You must safety-unlock the offline project before attempting to go online.		

When the controller and the Logix Designer application are online, the safetylocked status and safety signature of the controller match the controller project. The safety-lock status and safety signature of the offline project are overwritten by the controller. If you do not want the changes to the offline project to be permanent, do not save the project file following the go online process.

# **Download to the Controller**

Comp	actLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

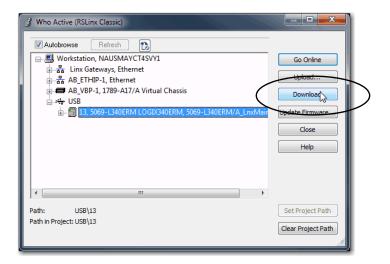
When you download a project to the controller, it copies the project from the Logix Designer application onto the controller. You can download a project in two ways:

- Use Who Active on page 92
- Use the Controller Status Menu on page 93

### **Use Who Active**

You can use the features of the Who Active dialog box to download to the controller after you have set the communication path. Complete these steps to download to the controller.

1. After choosing the communication path, click Download in the Who Active dialog box.



2. After reading the warnings in the Download dialog box, click Download.



#### **Use the Controller Status Menu**

After you choose a communication path in the Logix Designer application, you can use the Controller Status menu to download to the controller. To download, from the Controller Status menu, choose Download.

Figure 19 - Download Via the Controller Status Menu



**TIP** After the download completes, the project name appears on the scrolling status display.

# Additional Considerations for Download to a Compact GuardLogix Controller

Applies to these controllers:	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	

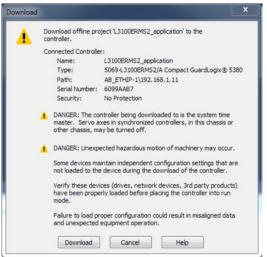
COII	ipaci	Juai	uloy	IX J.	000	JIL	2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

For a safety project, the Logix Designer application compares the following information in the offline project and the controller:

- Controller serial number (if project to controller match is selected)
- Firmware major and minor revisions
- Safety status
- Safety signature (if one exists)
- Safety-lock status

After the checks pass, a download confirmation dialog box appears. Click Download.



The Logix Designer application displays status messages in the download dialog, progress screen, and the Errors window.

If the Software Indicates:	Then:		
Unable to download to the controller. Mismatch between the offline project and the controller serial number. Selected controller can be the wrong controller.	Connect to the correct controller or verify that this is the correct controller. If it is the correct controller, check the Update project serial number checkbox to allow the download to proceed. The project serial number is modified to match the controller serial number.		
Unable to download to the controller. The major revision of the offline project and the controller firmware are not compatible.	Choose Update Firmware. Choose the required revision and click Update. Click Yes to confirm your selection.		
Unable to download to controller. The internal safety partner hardware has failed.	Replace the Compact GuardLogix SIL 3 controller.		
Unable to download to the controller. Safety partnership has not been established.	Cancel the download process and attempt a new download to the Compact GuardLogix SIL 3 controller.		
Unable to download to controller. Incompatible safety signature cannot be deleted while the project is safety-locked.	Cancel the download. To download the project, you must safety-unlock the offline project, delete the safety signature, and download the project.		
	IMPORTANT: The safety system requires revalidation.		
Cannot download in a manner that preserves the safety signature. Controller firmware minor revision is not compatible with safety signature in offline project.	<ul> <li>If the firmware minor revision is incompatible, to preserve the safety signature, update the firmware revision in the controller to exactly match the offline project. Then download the offline project.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>To proceed with the download despite the safety signature incompatibility, click Download. The safety signature is deleted.</li> </ul>		
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> The safety system requires revalidation.		
Unable to download to controller. Controller is locked. Controller and offline project safety signatures do not match.	Choose Unlock. The Safety Unlock for Download dialog box appears. If the Delete Signature checkbox is selected and you choose Unlock, click Yes to confirm the deletion.		
	<b>IMPORTANT:</b> The safety system requires revalidation.		
Downloading safety signature	The safety signature is present in the offline project and is downloading.		

Following a successful download, the safety-locked status and safety signature of the controller match the project that was downloaded. Safety data is initialized to the values that existed when the safety signature was created.

# **Upload from the Controller**

CompactLogix 5380 Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	Applies to these controllers:	
1 5	CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
	Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

When you upload a project from the controller, it copies the project from the controller to the Logix Designer application. To upload a project, use one of these methods:

- Use Who Active on page 95
- Use the Controller Status Menu on page 96

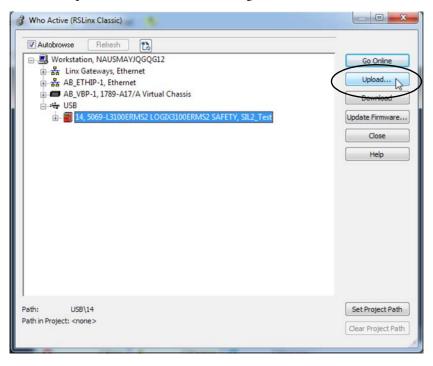
### **Use Who Active**

You can use the features of the Who Active dialog box to upload from your controller after you have set the communication path. Complete these steps to upload from the controller.

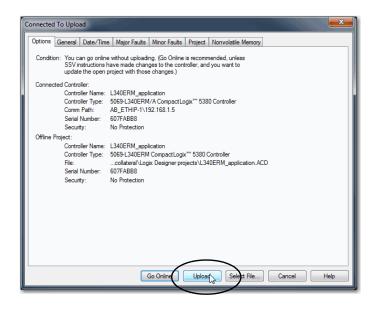
1. In the Logix Designer application project, click RSWho.



- 2. Expand the communication path and select the controller.
- 3. Click Upload on the Who Active dialog box.



- 4. On the Connected to Upload dialog box, verify that the project is the one you want to upload.
- 5. Click Upload.

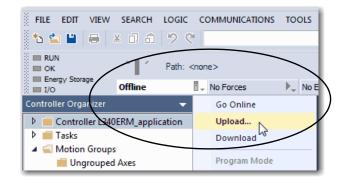


For more information on the Connected To upload dialog box, see the Logix Designer Online Help.

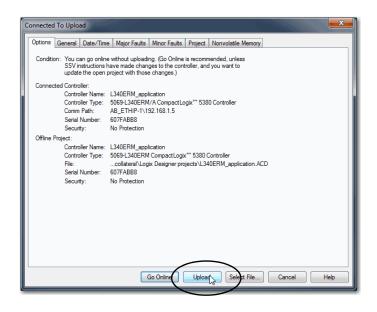
## **Use the Controller Status Menu**

After you have chosen a communication path in the Logix Designer application, you can use the Controller Status menu to upload from the controller.

1. From the Controller Status pull-down menu, choose Upload.



- 2. On the Connected to Upload dialog box, verify that the project is the one you want to upload.
- 3. Click Upload.



# Additional Considerations for Upload to a Compact GuardLogix Controller

For a safety project, the Logix Designer application compares the following information in the project and the controller:

- Controller serial number (if project to controller match is selected)
- Open project to the controller project
- Firmware major and minor revisions
- Safety signature (if one exists)

**IMPORTANT** An upload is allowed regardless of the Safety status and the Safety Locked state of the offline project and controller. The locked status follows the state of the uploaded project.

#### Table 5 - Upload Behavior

Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Upload Behavior:	Response:
If the project to controller match is enabled, the Logix Designer application checks whether the serial number of the open project and the serial number of the controller match.	<ul> <li>Connect to the correct controller or verify that this is the correct controller.</li> <li>Select a new project to upload into or select another project by choosing Select File.</li> <li>If it is the correct controller, select the Update project serial number checkbox to allow the download to proceed. The project serial number is modified to match the controller serial number.</li> </ul>
The Logix Designer application checks whether the open project matches the controller project.	<ul> <li>If the projects do not match, you must select a matching file or cancel the upload process.</li> <li>If the projects match, the software checks for changes in the offline (open) project.</li> </ul>
The Logix Designer application checks for changes in the offline project.	<ul> <li>If there are no changes in the offline project, you can go online without uploading. Click Go Online.</li> <li>If there are changes in the open project that are not present in the controller, you can choose to upload the project, cancel the upload, or select another file.</li> </ul>
Uploading safety signature	This message appears during the upload only if a safety signature matching the one in the controller does not exist in the offline project.

If you choose Upload, the standard and safety applications are uploaded. If a safety signature exists, it is also uploaded. The safety-lock status of the project reflects the original status of the online (controller) project.

**TIP** Before the upload, if an offline safety signature exists, or the offline project is safety-locked but the controller is safety-unlocked or has no safety signature, the offline safety signature and safety-locked state are replaced by the online values (safety-unlocked with no safety signature). If you do not want to make these changes permanent, do not save the offline project following the upload.

# Choose the Controller Operation Mode

Use this table as a reference when determining your controller operation mode.

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Mode Switch         Available Controller Modes           Position <sup>(1)</sup> Available Controller Modes		In This Mode You Can:	In This Mode You Cannot:	ATTENTION:	
RUN	<b>Run mode</b> —The controller is actively controlling the process/machine. Projects cannot be edited in the Logix Designer application when in Run mode.	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to the state commanded by the logic of the project.</li> <li>Execute (scan) tasks</li> <li>Send messages</li> <li>Send and receive data in response to a message from another controller</li> <li>Produce and consume tags</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to their configured state for Program mode</li> <li>Change the mode of the controller via the Logix Designer application</li> <li>Download a project</li> <li>Schedule a ControlNet<sup>®</sup> network</li> <li>While online, edit the project</li> </ul>	Run mode is used only when all conditions are safe.	
REM       Remote Run mode—This mode is identical to Run mode except you can edit the project online, and change the controller mode through the Logix Designer application.       • Turn outputs to the state commanded by the logic of the project.       • Execute (scan) tasks         • Change the mode of the controller via the Logix Designer application.       • Change the mode of the controller via the Logix Designer application         • Send messages       • Send messages         • Send and receive data in response to a message from another controller         • Produce and consume tags		<ul> <li>Turn outputs to their configured state for Program mode</li> <li>Download a project</li> <li>Schedule a ControlNet network</li> </ul>	You are able to modify a project file online in Remote Run mode. Be sure to control outputs with care to avoid injury to personnel and damage to equipment.		
	<b>Remote Program mode</b> —This mode functions like Program mode, except you can change the controller mode through the Logix Designer application.	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to their configured state for Program mode</li> <li>Change the mode of the controller via the Logix Designer application</li> <li>Download a project</li> <li>Schedule a ControlNet network</li> <li>While online, edit the project</li> <li>Send and receive data in response to a message from another controller</li> <li>Produce and consume tags</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to the state commanded by the logic of the project.</li> <li>Execute (scan) tasks</li> </ul>	Outputs are commanded to their Program mode state,	
mode executes code, but I/O is not controlled. You can edit the project online, and change the controller mode through the Logix Designer application.state for Execute Change via the While or Send m Send m Send m a mess	<ul> <li>via the Logix Designer application</li> <li>While online, edit the project</li> <li>Send messages</li> <li>Send and receive data in response to a message from another controller</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to the state commanded by the logic of the project.</li> <li>Download a project</li> <li>Schedule a ControlNet network</li> <li>Send messages</li> </ul>	which can cause a dangerous situation.		
PROG	Program mode—This controller mode does not execute code or control I/O, but editing operations are available. Output modules are commanded to their Program mode state (On, Off, or Hold). In this position, controller modes cannot be changed through the Logix Designer application.	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to their configured state for Program mode</li> <li>Download a project</li> <li>Schedule a ControlNet network</li> <li>While online, edit the project</li> <li>Send and receive data in response to a message from another controller</li> <li>Produce and consume tags</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Turn outputs to the state commanded by the logic of the project.</li> <li>Execute (scan) tasks</li> <li>Change the mode of the controller via the Logix Designer application</li> <li>Send messages</li> </ul>	Do not use Program mode as an emergency stop (E-stop). Program mode is not a safety device. Outputs are commanded to their Program mode state, which can cause a dangerous situation.	

(1) Moving the mode switch from Run to Remote leaves the controller in the Remote Run mode, while moving the switch from Program to Remote leaves the controller in the Remote Program mode. You cannot choose Remote Test mode by the mode switch alone, it is only available via the Logix Designer application.

### Use the Mode Switch to Change the Operation Mode

To change the operating mode, use the controller mode switch. The controller mode switch provides a mechanical means to enhance controller and control system security. You must physically move the mode switch on the controller to change its operating mode from RUN, to REM, or to PROG.

When the mode switch on the controller is set to RUN mode, features like online editing, program downloads, and firmware updates are prohibited. See <u>Choose the Controller Operation Mode on page 99</u> for a list of prohibited features.

The mode switch can complement other authorization and authentication methods that similarly control user-access to the controller, such as the FactoryTalk<sup>®</sup> Security service.

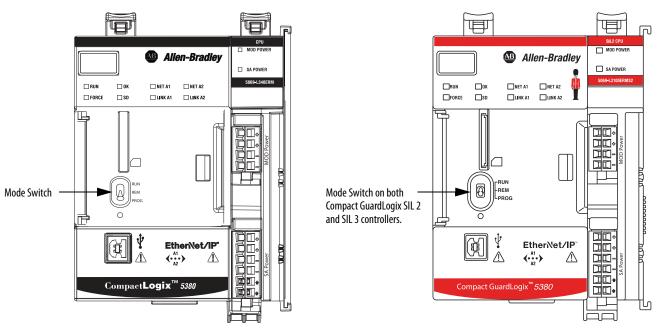
 
 IMPORTANT
 During runtime, we recommend that you place the controller mode switch in RUN mode. This can help discourage unauthorized access to the controller or potential tampering with the program of the controller, configuration, or device firmware.

 Place the mode switch in REM or PROG mode during controller

commissioning and maintenance and whenever temporary access is necessary to change the program, configuration, or firmware of the product.

The mode switch on the front of the controller can be used to change the controller to one of these modes:

- Run (RUN)
- Remote (REM)
- Program (PROG)

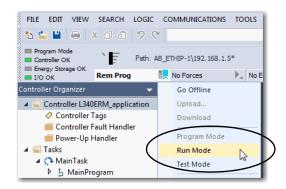


# Use the Logix Designer Application to Change the Operation Mode

When you are online with the controller, and the controller mode switch is set to Remote (REM, the center position), then you can use Logix Designer to change the operation mode.

The Controller Status menu in the upper-left corner of the application window lets you specify these operation modes:

- Remote Program
- Remote Run
- Remote Test
- 1. From the Controller Status pull-down menu, choose the operation mode.



**TIP** For this example, the controller mode switch is set to Remote mode. If the controller mode switch is set to Run or Program modes, the menu options change.

# Change Controller Configuration

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

After the project is created, you can change some configuration parameters on the Controller Properties dialog box while the **controller is offline**.

Examples of configurable parameter that you can change offline include the following:

- EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> Mode on the General tab
- Enable Time Synchronization on the Date/Time tab
- Execution Control on the SFC Execution tab

To change the controller configuration while the project is offline, complete these steps.

1. On the Online toolbar, click the Controller Properties button.

Path: <none></none>		$\left( \right)$	* # 💦 🔹 🛏 🛶
🛚 🗸 No Forces	▶_ No Edits	e la construction de la construc	Controller Properties

2. On the Controller Properties dialog box, click the General tab.

Nonvolatile N	lemory C	ory Capacity Internet Protocol Port Config		ort Configuration					
General	Major Faults	Mino	r Faults	Date/Time	•	Advanced	SFC	Execution	Project
Vendor:	Allen-Bradle	y							
Type:	5069-L340E	5069-L340ERM CompactLogix <sup>1</sup> 5380 Controller Change Controller							
Revision:	31.002								
Name:	L340ERM_	application							
Description:							*		
							-		
Chassis Type:	<none></none>								
Slot									
EtherNet/IP Mode:	A1/A2: Dua	I-IP						Change	IP Mode

# **Reset Button**

You can reset the CompactLogix and Compact GuardLogix controllers with the reset button. The reset button is only read during a power-up or restart. If you press the reset button at another time, it has no effect.

For a Compact GuardLogix controller, the Safety Locked status or safety signature does not prevent you from performing a controller reset. Because the application is cleared from the controller during a reset, the safety level of the controller is cleared also. When you download a safety project to the controller, the safety level is set to the level specified in the project.

For a Compact GuardLogix SIL 3 controller, the reset button resets both the primary safety controller and the safety partner.

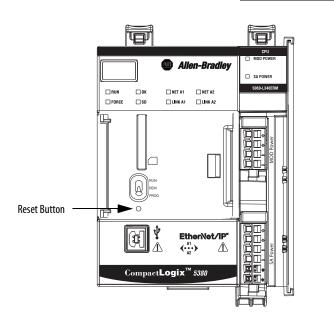
A controller has two stages of reset:

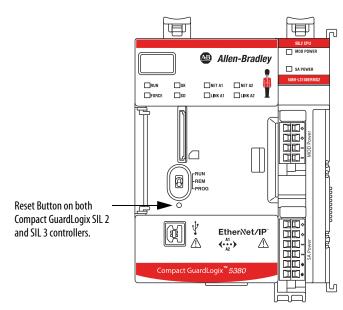
- A Stage 1 reset clears the application program and memory, but retains the IP address, all network settings, and firmware revision. A stage 1 reset occurs only if the controller contains a user application. See <u>Stage 1</u> <u>Reset on page 104</u>.
- A Stage 2 reset returns the controller to out-of box settings (including firmware), and clears all network settings. A stage 2 reset occurs only if the controller does not contain a user application, and the current controller firmware is not a 1.x version. See <u>Stage 2 Reset on page 105</u>.

**IMPORTANT** Because port enable/disable status is associated with the application program, the Ethernet port becomes enabled after a Stage 1 or Stage 2 reset.



**WARNING:** When you press the reset button while power is on, an Electric Arc can occur. This could cause an explosion in hazardous location installations. Be sure that power is removed or the area is nonhazardous before proceeding.





#### Stage 1 Reset

#### **IMPORTANT** A stage 1 reset occurs only if the controller contains a user application.

The stage 1 reset completes the following:

- Clears the application program.
- Retains the network settings for the embedded Ethernet port.
- Retains APR (motion position info) information.
- Retains all PTP configuration (Time Synchronization) parameters.
- Retains Wall Clock Time within the energy retention capability of the module.
- Creates a timestamped entry in the Controller Log that a Stage 1 Reset event has occurred.
- Resets the controller to begin the controller start up process.
- Prevents the controller from loading firmware or software from the SD card on this first start up after the reset, regardless of the setting on the SD card, and without modifying the SD card contents (the write-protect setting is irrelevant). An SD card reloads (if configured to do so) on subsequent powerup situations.
- Enables the Ethernet port, if it was previously disabled.

To perform a Stage 1 reset, complete these steps. This process assumes that an SD card is installed in the controller.

- 1. Power down the controller.
- 2. Open the front door on the controller.
- 3. To press and hold the reset button, use a small tool with a diameter of a paper clip.
- 4. While holding in the reset button, power up the controller.
- 5. Continue to hold the reset button while the 4-character display cycles through CLR, 4, 3, 2, 1, Project Cleared.
- 6. After Project Cleared appears, release the reset button.

**IMPORTANT** If you release the reset button before Project Cleared scrolls across the display, the controller continues with powerup and does not reset.

After a Stage 1 reset is performed, load a Logix Designer application project to the controller in these ways:

- Download the project from the Logix Designer application For more information, see <u>Download to the Controller on page 92</u>
- Cycle power on the controller to load a project from the SD card.

This option works only if the project stored on the SD card is configured to load the project on powerup.

### Stage 2 Reset

IMPORTANT	A stage 2 reset occurs only if the controller does not contain a user
	application, and the current controller firmware is not a 1.x revision.

The stage 2 reset completes the following:

- Returns the module to revision 1.x firmware, that is, the out-of-box firmware revision.
- Clears all user settings, including network and time synchronization settings.

If the controller uses firmware revision 29.011 or later, the EtherNet/IP mode is reset to Dual-IP mode, that is, the default mode.

- Resets the controller to begin the controller start up process.
- There are no entries in the controller log after a Stage 2 reset, but saved logs on the SD card remain.

To perform a Stage 2 reset, complete these steps. This process assumes that an SD card is installed in the controller.

- 1. Power down the controller.
- 2. Open the front door on the controller.
- 3. Remove the SD card.
- 4. To press and hold the reset button, use a small tool with a diameter of a paper clip.
- 5. While holding in the reset button, power up the controller.
- 6. Continue to hold the reset button while the 4-character display cycles through DFLT, 4, 3, 2, 1, Factory Default
- 7. After Factory Default appears, release the reset button.
- 8. On your workstation, delete the files on the SD card.
- 9. Power down the controller.
- 10. Reinstall the SD card.
- 11. Powerup the controller.
- 12. Verify that the controller is at firmware revision 1.x, and the controller is set to DHCP-enabled.

After a Stage 2 reset is performed, you must complete these tasks to use the controller again:

• Configure the Ethernet ports, set the desired EtherNet/IP mode, and set the controller IP address configuration.

For more information, see Set the IP Address on page 59.

- Update the firmware revision For more information, see <u>Update</u> <u>Controller Firmware on page 63</u>.
- Download a Logix Designer application project to the controller in one of these ways:
  - Download the project from the Logix Designer application For more information, see <u>Download to the Controller on page 92</u>.
  - Cycle power on the controller to load a project from the SD card.

This option works only if the project stored on the SD card is configured to load the project on powerup.

# **Use the Secure Digital Card**

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Store to the SD Card	111
Load from the SD Card	115
Other Secure Digital Card Tasks	118

The controllers ship with an SD card installed. We recommend that you leave the SD card installed, so if a fault occurs, diagnostic data is automatically written to the card. Rockwell Automation can then use the data to help investigate the cause of the fault.

We recommend that you use the SD cards available from Rockwell Automation:

- 1784-SD2 card 2 GB card that ships with the controller.
- 1784-SD1 card 1 GB card
- CodeMeter CmCard SD, 4 GB, catalog number 9509-CMSDCD4 (when license-based source protection and execution protection features are enabled).

While other SD cards can be used with the controller, Rockwell Automation has not tested the use of those cards with the controller and you could experience data corruption or loss.

SD cards that are not provided by Rockwell Automation can have different industrial, environmental, and certification ratings as those cards that are available from Rockwell Automation. These cards can have difficulty with survival in the same industrial environments as the industrially rated versions available from Rockwell Automation.

The memory card that is compatible with your controller is used to load or store the contents of user memory for the controller.

When you use the Store feature, the project that is stored on the SD card matches the project in the controller memory at that time. Changes that you make after you store the project are not reflected in the project on the SD card.

# **Overview**

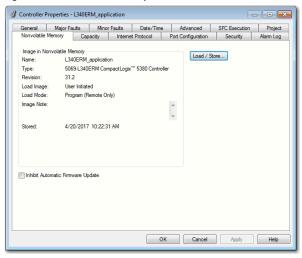
Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix <sup>™</sup> 5380
Compact GuardLogix <sup>®</sup> 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

If you make changes to the project in the controller memory but do not store those changes, the next time that you load the project from the SD card to the controller, you overwrite the changes.

IMPORTANT	Do not remove the SD card while the controller is reading from, or writing to, the card. If you remove the card during either activity, the data on the card or controller can become corrupt.
	Additionally, the controller firmware at the time when the card is removed can become corrupted. Leave the card in the controller until the OK status indicator turns solid green.

If an SD card is installed, you can see the contents of the card on the Nonvolatile Memory tab of the Controller Properties dialog box. If a safety application is stored on the card, the safety-lock status and the safety signature are shown.

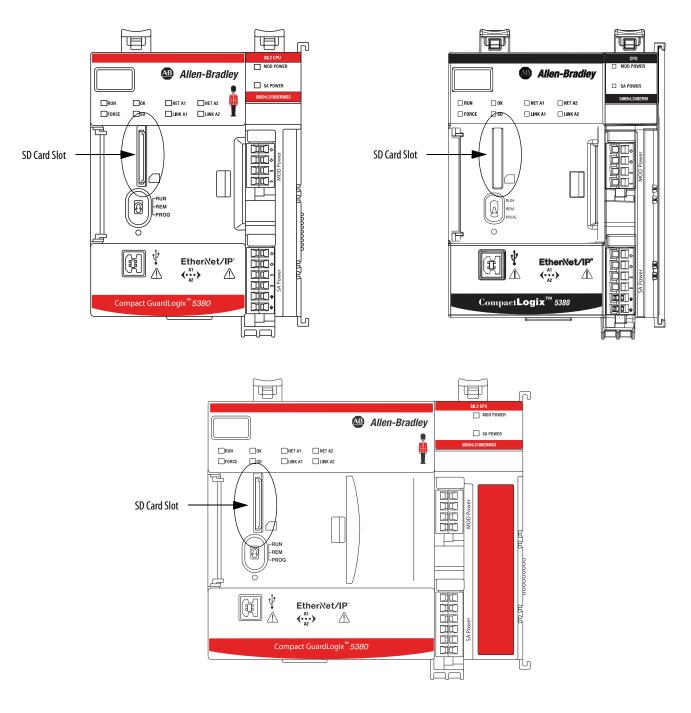
#### Figure 20 - Nonvolatile Memory Tab



The project must be online to see the contents of the SD card.

Remember the following:

• An SD card slot is on the front of the controller behind the door.



- If the card is installed and a fault occurs, diagnostic data is automatically written to the card. Diagnostic data helps the investigation and correction of the fault cause.
- The controller detects the presence of an SD card at power-up or if a card is inserted during controller operation.

- The SD card can store all configuration data that is stored in nonvolatile memory, for example, the controller IP address.
- The SD card can store the back-up program.

IMPORTANT	Rockwell Automation recommends that you back up your Studio 5000 Logix Designer® program to an SD card regularly.
	If a major non-recoverable fault occurs that removes the program from the controller memory, the backup copy on the SD card can be automatically restored to the controller and quickly resume normal controller operation.

For detailed information on how to use nonvolatile memory, refer to the Logix 5000 Controllers Nonvolatile Memory Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM017</u>.

Only Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support safety projects. CompactLogix 5380 controllers do not support safety projects.

You cannot store a safety project if the safety status is Safety Task Inoperable. When you store a safety project, the controller firmware is also stored to the SD card.

For a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller, if no application exists in the controller but a valid safety partnership exists, you can save only the firmware of the internal safety partner.

If a safety signature exists when you store a project, the following occurs:

- Safety tags are stored with the value they had when the signature was first created.
- Standard tags are stored with their current values.
- The current safety signature is saved.

When you store a safety application project on an SD card, Rockwell Automation recommends that you select Program (Remote Only) as the Load mode, that is, the mode that the controller enters after a project is loaded from the SD card.

IMPORTANT	To help prevent the firmware that is stored on the SD card from overwriting newly updated firmware:
	<ul> <li>The update process first checks the load option on the SD card, and changes the load option to User Initiated if necessary.</li> </ul>
	The firmware update proceeds.
	The controller resets.
	The load option remains set to User Initiated.
	If the SD card is locked, the load option does not change, and the firmware that is stored on the SD card can overwrite the newly updated firmware.

## Considerations for Storing and Loading a Safety Project

Applies	to these	controllers:	

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

### Store to the SD Card

#### Applies to these controllers:

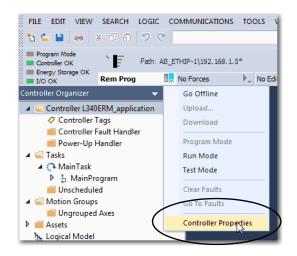
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

We recommend that you back up your Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application to an SD card regularly.

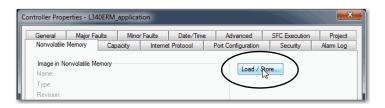
If a major non-recoverable fault occurs that removes the program from the controller memory, the backup copy on the SD card can be automatically restored to the controller to quickly resume normal controller operation.

To store a project to the SD card, complete these steps.

- 1. Make sure that the controller is online and in Program mode or Remote Program mode.
- 2. From the Controller Status pull-down menu, click Controller Properties.



3. On the Nonvolatile Memory tab, click Load/Store.



**TIP** If Load/Store is dimmed (unavailable), verify the following:

- The controller is in Program mode or Remote Program mode
- You have specified the correct communication path.
- The SD card is installed.
- The SD card is unlocked. The locked status appears in the bottom-left corner of the Nonvolatile memory/Load Store dialog box.

If the SD card is not installed, a message in the lower-left corner of the Nonvolatile Memory tab indicates the missing card as shown here.

Nonvolatile memory not present.

4. Change the Load Image properties according to your application requirements.

Load Image:	User Initiated	-
Load Mode:	On Power Up On Uninitialized Memory	
Income Martine	User Initiated	
Image Note:		A

#### This table describes the Load Image options.

#### Table 6 - Load Image Options

lf You Want to Load the Project	Then Select This Load Image Option	Notes	Safety Considerations
Whenever you turn on or cycle power	On Power Up	<ul> <li>During a power cycle, you lose any online changes, tag values, and network schedule that you have not stored in the nonvolatile memory.</li> <li>The controller loads the stored project and firmware at every powerup regardless of the firmware or application project on the controller.</li> <li>You can always use the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application to load the project.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For a safety application, On Power Up loads whether or not the controller is safety-locked or there is a safety signature. If the application is configured to load from the SD card on power up, then the application in the controller is overwritten even if the controller is safety locked.</li> </ul>
Whenever there is no project in the controller and you turn on or cycle chassis power	On Uninitialized Memory	<ul> <li>If the project has been cleared from memory, this option loads the project back into the controller on power-up.</li> <li>The controller updates the firmware on the controller, if necessary. The application project that is stored in nonvolatile memory is also loaded and the controller enters the selected mode, either Program or Run.</li> <li>You can always use the Logix Designer application to load the project.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The controller also updates the firmware on the safety partner, if necessary.</li> </ul>
Only through the Logix Designer application	User Initiated	<ul> <li>If the controller type and the major and minor revisions of the project in nonvolatile memory match the controller type and major and minor revisions of the controller, you can initiate a load.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>You can initiate a load, regardless of the safety status.</li> <li>You can load a project to a safety-locked controller only when the safety signature of the project that is stored in nonvolatile memory matches the project on the controller.</li> <li>If the signatures do not match or the controller is safety-locked without a safety signature, you are prompted to first unlock the controller.</li> <li>IMPORTANT: When you unlock the controller and initiate a load from nonvolatile memory, the safety-lock status, passwords, and safety signature are set to the values contained in nonvolatile memory once the load is complete.</li> <li>If the firmware on the primary controller matches the revision in nonvolatile memory, the safety partner firmware is updated, if necessary, the application that is stored in nonvolatile memory is loaded so that the safety status becomes Safety Task Operable and the controller enters the Program mode.</li> </ul>

**IMPORTANT** To help prevent the firmware that is stored on the SD card from overwriting newly updated firmware:

- The update process first checks the load option on the SD card, and changes the load option to User Initiated if necessary.
- The firmware update proceeds.
- The controller resets.
- The load option remains set to User Initiated.

If the SD card is locked, the load option does not change, and the firmware that is stored on the SD card can overwrite the newly updated firmware.

# 5. Change the Load Mode properties according to your application requirements.

If You Want the Controller to Go to This Mode after Loading	Then Choose	Menu Items
Program	Program (remote only)	Load Image: On Power Up 🗸
Run	Run (remote only)	Load Mode: Run (Remote Only) Image Note: Program (Remote Only)

#### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

Rockwell Automation recommends that you use Program (Remote Only), when you set the Load Mode for a safety application project.

6. According to your application requirements, set the Automatic Firmware Update properties for I/O devices in the configuration tree of the controller. The Automatic Firmware Update property is also referred to as the Firmware Supervisor feature.

#### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

Some Safety I/O devices do not support the Firmware Supervisor feature. For example, Safety I/O devices on DeviceNet<sup>®</sup> networks and POINT Guard I/O<sup>™</sup> modules do not support the Firmware Supervisor feature.

This table describes the Automatic Firmware Update options for I/O devices.

Setting	Description	Menu Items
Disable	Disables any automatic firmware updates. This item only appears in the menu when you initially save the image.	Automatic Firmware Update: C- Store C- St
Enable and Store Files to Image	Enables automatic firmware updates for I/O devices in the configuration tree of the controller. Saves I/O device firmware and controller firmware to the image. Only I/O devices that are configured for Exact Match Keying participate in the Automatic Firmware Update process. <sup>(1)</sup>	Automatic Firmware Update: C Store C Store Disable and Delete Files from Image Cisable and Delete Files from Image
Disable and Delete Files from Image	Disables automatic firmware updates for I/O devices in the configuration tree of the controller. Removes I/O device firmware from the image, but does not remove controller firmware from image. This item only appears in the menu on subsequent saves of the image.	

(1) The devices that are used with this option must support the revision of firmware being updated to.

- 7. Click Store.
- 8. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog box that appears.

Logix [	Designer
	Consider the following before proceeding with the Store:
4	DANGER: This controller is the Coordinated System Time master. Servo axes in synchronized controllers in this chassis, or other chassis using SynchLink, will be turned off.
4	All communications to this controller will be lost including this workstation and any communications bridged through this controller.
4	Storing will temporarily close the connections to the I/O modules.
4	Removal of the memory card during the Store may comupt the stored image.
	Continue with the Store?

If you enabled Automatic Firmware Update, a dialog box informs you which modules are not included in the Automatic Firmware Update operation.

**IMPORTANT** Do not remove the SD card while the controller is reading from, or writing to, the card. If you remove the card during either activity, the data on the card or controller can become corrupt. Additionally, the controller firmware at the time when the card is removed can become corrupted. Leave the card in the controller until the OK status indicator turns solid green.

9. On the Automatic Firmware Update dialog box, click Yes.

The project is saved to the SD card as indicated by the controller status indicators.

#### These Indications Show the Store Status

While the store is **in progress**, the following occurs:

- OK indicator is flashing green
- SD indicator is flashing green
- Saving...Do Not Remove SD Card is shown on the status display
  - A dialog box in the Logix Designer application indicates that the store is in progress
- Controller Resets
- SAVE is shown on the status display
- When the store is **complete**, the following occurs:
- The controller resets.

**IMPORTANT** Allow the store to complete without interruption. If you interrupt the store, data corruption or loss can occur.

## Load from the SD Card

#### Applies to these controllers:

#### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
-------------------------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

After you have set the communication path, are online with the controller, and have changed the controller to Program mode, you can load a project to the controller from the memory card.

**IMPORTANT** With the SD card and brand new, out-of-box controllers:

- If you insert an SD card with an image into a brand new, out-of-box controller (firmware 1.x), then at power-up the controller automatically updates the firmware up to the version of firmware that is stored on the SD card. The update happens regardless of the Load Image setting in the image on the SD card (User Initiated, On Power Up, or On Uninitialized Memory).
- If the image was created with either On Power Up or On Uninitialized Memory settings, then the controller both updates the firmware and loads in the controller application.

You can load from an SD card to a controller in one of these ways:

- <u>Controller Power-up</u>
- User-initiated Action

**TIP** You can always use the Logix Designer application to load the project.

### **Controller Power-up**

This table shows what happens at power-up when the SD card in the controller contains an image.

Image Setting	Controller Is in Out-of-box Condition (v1 <i>.xxx</i> Firmware)	Firmware > 1 <i>.xxx</i> and Internal Nonvolatile Memory Is Not Valid <sup>(2)</sup>	Firmware > 1 <i>.xxx</i> and Internal Nonvolatile Memory Is Valid <sup>(2)</sup>
User Initiated	Loads Firmware Only <sup>(1)</sup>	Does Nothing	Does Nothing
On Power Up	Loads both Firmware and Application	<ul> <li>Loads Firmware if there is a revision mismatch</li> <li>Loads Application</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Loads Firmware if there is a revision mismatch</li> <li>Loads Application</li> </ul>
On Uninitialized Memory	Loads both Firmware and Application <sup>(2)</sup>	<ul> <li>Loads Firmware if there is a revision mismatch</li> <li>Loads Application</li> </ul>	Does Nothing

(1) Indicates change in behavior from CompactLogix 5370 and older controllers.

(2) "Valid" includes the No Project condition.

### **User-initiated Action**

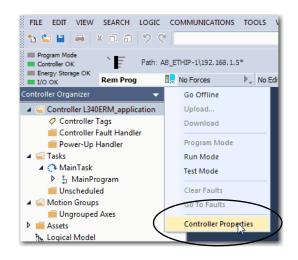
**IMPORTANT** For an out-of-box controller that uses firmware revision 1.xx, you must manually update the controller to the required firmware revision before you can load a project on the controller.

You must complete the following before you can load a project to the controller from the SD card when the controller is already powered-up:

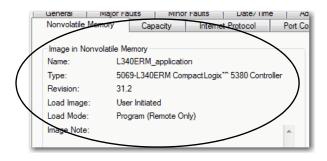
- Make sure that the controller has a working firmware revision.
- Establish the communication path.
- Go online with the controller.
- Make sure that the controller is in Program mode.

To load a project to the controller from the SD card, complete these steps.

1. From the Controller Status pull-down menu, click Controller Properties.



2. On the Nonvolatile Memory tab, verify that the project that is listed is the correct one.



**TIP** If no project is stored on the SD card, a message on the Nonvolatile Memory tab indicates that an image (or project) is not available.



For information on how to change the project that is available to load from nonvolatile memory, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Nonvolatile Memory Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM017</u>.

3. Click Load/Store.

Controller Properties - L3	40ERM_applicat	ion			×
General Major Fa Nonvolatile Memory	aults Minor Capacity	Faults Date/Time Internet Protocol	Advanced Port Configuration	SFC Execution Security	Project Alarm Log
Type: 50 Revision: 31 Load Image: Us	40ERM_application 69-L340ERM Com	npactLogix™ 5380 Controll	er Load / S		

**TIP** If Load/Store is dimmed (unavailable), verify the following:

- You have specified the correct communication path and are online with the controller.
- The SD card is installed.
- Verify that the controller is not in Run Mode.
- 4. Click Load.

Automatic Firmware Update: Disabled Stored: 6/21/2017 4.26:37 PM	Load ->>>	Automatic Firmware Update: <- Store	Disable and Delete Files from Image
			Close Help

5. Click Yes in the confirmation dialog box that appears.



After you click Yes, the project is loaded to the controller as indicated by the controller status indicators. A dialog box in the Logix Designer application also indicates that the store is in progress.

Controller	SD Indicator	OK LED on Controller	4-Character Display Message
CompactLogix 5380 controller when restoring firmware or project	Flashing Green	Solid Red	"LOAD", then followed by "UPDT"
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 controller when restoring firmware or project	Flashing Green	Solid Red	"LOAD", then followed by "UPDT"
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller during primary controller firmware update	Flashing Green	Solid Green	"Updating FirmwareDo Not Remove SD Card"
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller during Safety Partner firmware update	Flashing Green	Blinking Red	"Updating FirmwareDo Not Remove SD Card"
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller during when loading project	Flashing Green	Solid Green	"LoadingDo Not Remove SD Card"

#### Table 7 - These indications show the load status

**IMPORTANT** Let the load to complete without interruption. If you interrupt the load, data corruption or loss can occur.

6. When the load is complete, the controller reboots.

## Other Secure Digital Card Tasks

Applies to these controlle	ers:
CompactLogix 5380	

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can perform these tasks with the SD card:

- Change the image that is loaded from the card.
- Check for a load that was completed.
- Clear an image from the SD card.
- Store an empty image.
- Change load parameters.
- Read/write application data to the card.
- View safety-lock status and safety signatures on the Non-volatile Memory tab Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers only.

For more information to complete any of these tasks, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Memory Card Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM017</u>.

## **EtherNet/IP Network**

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CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers operate on EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> networks.

Before your controller can operate on EtherNet/IP network, you must
configure driver in RSLinx® Classic software. For information on how to
configure EtherNet/IP or USB drivers, see the EtherNet/IP Network Devices
User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM006</u> .

IMPORTANT	Some example graphics in this chapter use CompactLogix 5380 controllers and some use Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.
	The controller used is for example purposes only. Each example can use either controller type. For example, the graphics shown in section <u>Linear</u> . <u>Network Topology</u> beginning on <u>page 125</u> use Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers. You can use CompactLogix 5380 controllers in the same examples.

The EtherNet/IP network offers a full suite of control, configuration, and data collection services by layering the Common Industrial Protocol (CIP<sup>™</sup>) over the standard Internet protocols, such as TCP/IP and UDP. This combination of well-accepted standards provides the capability that is required to support information data exchange and control applications.

The controllers use socket interface transactions and conventional communication over the EtherNet/IP network to communicate with Ethernet devices that do not support the EtherNet/IP application protocol.

### **Overview**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

## EtherNet/IP Network Functionality

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support the following EtherNet/IP network functionality:

- Dual built-in EtherNet/IP network ports Port A1 and port A2
- Support for these EtherNet/IP modes:
  - Dual-IP mode Available with the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application, version 29.00.00 or later
  - Linear/DLR mode
- Support for these EtherNet/IP network topologies:
  - Device Level Ring (DLR)
  - Linear
  - Star
- Support for these EtherNet/IP network communication rates:
  - 10 Mbps
  - 100 Mbps
  - 1 Gbps
- Support for only full-duplex operation

IMPORTANT If a device supports only half-duplex, you must connect it to a switch to communicate with a CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

- Support for CIP Sync<sup>™</sup> technology that is based on Time Synchronization using the IEEE-1588 Precision Time Protocol
- Duplicate IP address detection

For more information about network design, see the Ethernet Design Considerations Reference Manual, publication <u>ENET-RM002.</u>

## Nodes on an EtherNet/IP Network

When you configure your CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 control system, you must account for the number of EtherNet/IP nodes that you include in the I/O configuration section of your project.

Applies to	o these co	ntrollers:
------------	------------	------------

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

#### Table 8 - CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller EtherNet/IP Nodes

CompactLogix 5380 Controllers	npactLogix 5380 Controllers Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers			
5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	16		
5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ER-NSE, 5069-L310ERM	5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	24		
5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	40		
5069-L330ER, 5069-L330ERM	5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	60		
5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP	5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	90		
5069-L350ERM	5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	120		
5069-L380ERM	5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	150		
5069-L3100ERM	5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	180		

(1) With controller firmware revision 31 or later. Earlier firmware revisions can have lower node counts.

### **Devices Included in the Node Count**

Any EtherNet/IP devices that you add to the I/O configuration section are counted toward the controller node limit. The following are examples of devices that must be counted:

- Remote communication adapters
- Switches that are included in the I/O configuration section
- Devices with an embedded Ethernet port, such as drives, I/O modules, and linking devices
- Remote controllers when a produce/consume connection is established between the two controllers
- HMI devices that are included in the I/O configuration section
- Third-party devices that are directly connected to the EtherNet/IP network

#### **Devices Excluded from the Node Count**

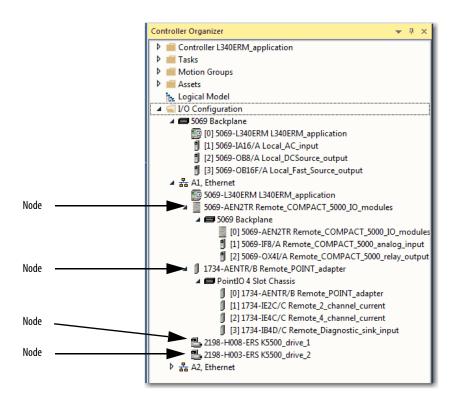
When you calculate the EtherNet/IP node limitation of a controller, do not count devices that exist on the EtherNet/IP network but are not added to the I/O configuration section.

The following devices are **not added** to the I/O configuration section and are **not counted** among the number of nodes:

- Computer
- HMIs that are not added to the I/O configuration section
- Devices that are the target of MSG Instructions but were not added to the I/O configuration section
- Standard Ethernet devices with which the controller communicates via a socket interface

Figure 21 shows nodes in the I/O tree.

#### Figure 21 - Example EtherNet/IP Nodes



The Capacity tab in the Controller Properties dialog box displays the number of Ethernet nodes that are used in a project. The following graphic is representative of the project shown in <u>Figure 21</u>.

General	Major Fau	its Mind	r Faults	Date/Time	Advanc	ed 1	SFC Execution	Projec
Nonvolatile	Memory	Capacity	Internet	Protocol	Port Configu	ration	Security	Alarm Log
Capacity								
Total:	alable:	4,155,	304 blocks 608 blocks 696 blocks					
-								
Bhemet	Nodes		90 nodes					
Used			4 nodes					

## EtherNet/IP Network Topologies

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support these EtherNet/IP network types:

- Device Level Ring Network Topology
- Linear Network Topology
- <u>Star Network Topology</u>

Some examples in this section use a CompactLogix 5380 controller and other examples use Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers. This is for example purposes only. Either controller type can be used in each example.

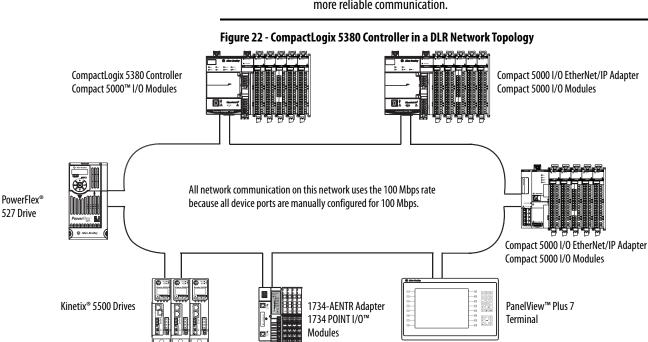
### **Device Level Ring Network Topology**

A DLR network topology is a single-fault tolerant ring network that is intended for the interconnection of automation devices. A DLR network uses Supervisor (Active and Backup) nodes and Ring nodes.

DLR network topologies automatically convert to linear network topologies when a fault is detected. The conversion to the new network topology maintains communication of data on the network. The fault condition is typically easily detected and corrected.

The controller is typically in Linear/DLR mode when it is used in a DLR topology. If the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, it must connect to a DLR topology via an ETAP that is connected to an Ethernet port on the controller.

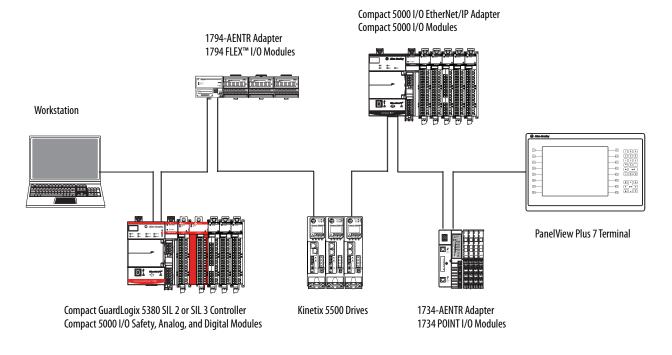
**IMPORTANT** If you use a controller in a DLR network with at least one device that has a maximum network communication rate of 100 Mbps, set the controller ports to 100 Mbps. If there are other devices in the ring that support 1 Gbps, you should still set all devices in the ring to 100 Mbps to help provide more reliable communication.



### Linear Network Topology

A linear network topology is a collection of devices that are daisy-chained together across an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network. Devices that can connect to a linear network topology use embedded switch technology to remove any need for a separate switch, as required in Star network topologies.





For more information on how to design a DLR network, see the EtherNet/IP Embedded Switch Technology Application Guide, publication <u>ENET-AP005</u>

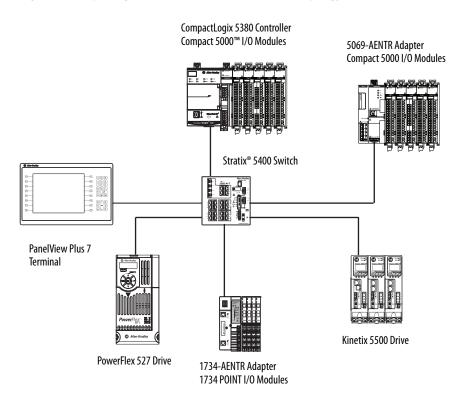
#### Star Network Topology

A star network topology is a traditional EtherNet/IP network that includes multiple devices that are connected to each other via an Ethernet switch. The controller can operate in Linear/DLR or Dual-IP mode when it is connected to a star network topology.

If the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, the Ethernet ports have unique IP configurations and must be connected to different subnets.

For more information on how to configure a controller that uses Dual-IP mode, see Chapter 9, <u>Use EtherNet/IP Modes on page 135</u>.

#### Figure 24 - CompactLogix 5380 Controllers in a Star Network Topology



### Integrated Architecture Tools

For more information when you design your CompactLogix 5380 system, see the Integrated Architecture<sup>®</sup> Tools and Resources web page. For example, you can access the Popular Configuration Drawings with different EtherNet/IP network topologies.

The tool and resources are available at: <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/</u>global/products-technologies/integrated-architecture/tools/overview.page

## EtherNet/IP Network Communication Rates

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380
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Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
-------------------------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support these EtherNet/IP network communication rates:

- 10 Mbps
- 100 Mbps
- 1 Gbps

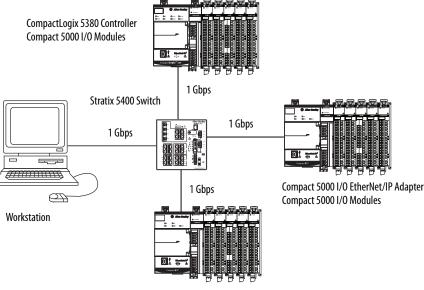
Network performance in a CompactLogix 5380 system is optimal if the 1 Gbps network communication rate is used. However, many Ethernet devices do not support the 1 Gbps network communication rate. Instead, they support a maximum rate of 100 Mbps.

The difference in maximum network communication rates impacts your CompactLogix 5380 system and, in some applications, restricts you from using the 1 Gbps network communication rate on a controller.

When you design a CompactLogix 5380 system and consider using the 1 Gbps rate on the controller, remember the following:

• You can use the 1 Gbps network communication rate on the controller ports when all network devices support the 1 Gbps, for example, 5069-AEN2TR adapters with Compact 5000 I/O modules and a gigabit-capable switch.

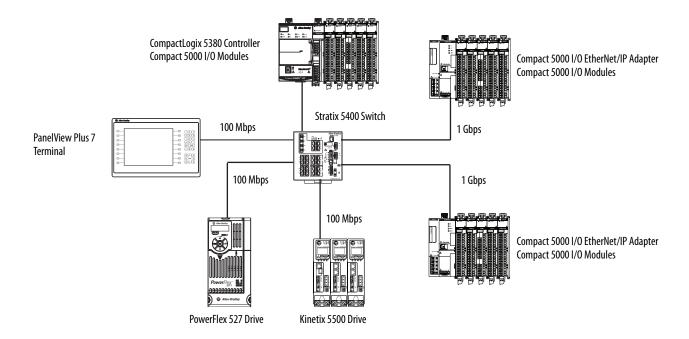
When you use the 1 Gbps network communication rate, configure the controller ports to use Auto-Negotiate.



Compact 5000 I/O EtherNet/IP Adapter Compact 5000 I/O Modules

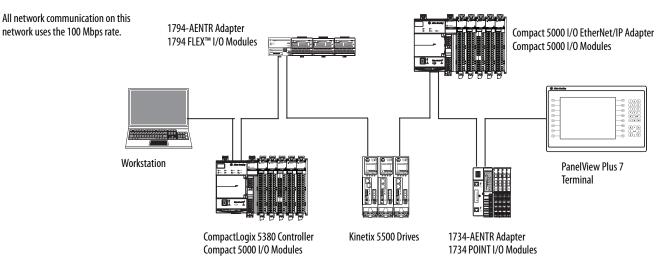
• You can use the 1 Gbps network communication rate on the controller ports when some network devices support a maximum network communication rate of 100 Mbps. However, in this case, the controller **must be connected** to those devices through a **managed switch**.

The port to which the controller is connected must be configured for Auto-Negotiate and the 1 Gbps network communication rate.



We recommend that you do not use the 1 Gbps network communication rate on the controller ports if it operates on a linear or DLR network topology and at least one device on the network supports the maximum network communication rate of 100 Mbps.

That is, do not use different network communication rates on device ports in the same EtherNet/IP network without a managed switch.



## Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

SNMP enables the controller to be remotely managed through other network management software. SNMP defines the method of communication among the devices and also denotes a manager for the monitoring and supervision of the devices. SNMP is disabled on the controller by default.

For more information about SNMP, see the Ethernet Reference Manual, publication <u>ENET-RM002</u>.

### Use a CIP Generic MSG to Enable SNMP on the Controller

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller mode switch is in RUN mode, or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Custom
  - Service Code 4c
  - Instance 1 for Linear/DLR mode, 2 for Dual-IP mode
  - Class f5
  - Attribute 0
  - Source Element Controller tag of USINT[5] data type.

In this example, the controller tag is named on Array and must match the following graphic.

**IMPORTANT** The Source Element tag in your Logix Designer application project must match the values that are shown in the graphic.

If you use values that are different than the ones shown, SNMP will not be enabled.

Name	 Value 🔹	Style	Data Type
<ul> <li>onArray</li> </ul>	{}	Decimal	USINT[5]
<ul><li>onArray[0]</li></ul>	1	Decimal	USINT
♦ onArray[1]	161	Decimal	USINT
onArray[2]	0	Decimal	USINT
<ul><li>onArray[3]</li></ul>	17	Decimal	USINT
♦ onArray[4]	1	Decimal	USINT

### - Source Length - 5

Configuration	Commu	nication Ta	g			
Message T	ype:	CIP Gene	ric	~		
Type:		ex) Class: Attribute:	<pre></pre>	Source Element: Source Length: Destination Element:	onArray 5	(Bytes)
) Enable	⊖ Enabl	e Waiting	⊖ Start	⊖ Done	Done Length: 0	
○ Enable ○ Error Code Error Path: TI Error Text:			⊖ Start ed Error Code:	⊖ Done	Done Length: 0 □ Timed Out ♥	

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

onfiguration	Communic	ation Tag				
Path:	THIS				Bro	wse
	THIS					
Broadc	ast	$\sim$				
Communica	ation Method			_		-
	O DH+	Channel:	'A'	Destination L	.ink: 0	*
CIP With Source		Source Link:	0	Destination N	lode: 0	🔹 (Octal)
Conne	cted		Cache C	onnections 🗧 🕈	Larg	ge Connection
		Notice				
Conne Enable Error Code:	Cted ○Enable \	°	Cache C Start	Onnections •	Done Length	: 0

### Use a CIP Generic MSG to Disable SNMP on the Controller

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller mode switch is in RUN mode, or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Custom
  - Service Code 4c
  - Instance 1 for Linear/DLR mode, 2 for Dual-IP mode
  - Class f5
  - Attribute 0
  - Source Element Controller tag of USINT[5] data type.
     In this example, the controller tag is named offArray and must match the following graphic.

**IMPORTANT** The Source Element tag in your Logix Designer application project must match the values that are shown in the graphic.

If you use values that are different than the ones shown, SNMP will not be disabled.

▲ offArray	{}	Decimal	USINT[5]
<ul><li>offArray[0]</li></ul>	1	Decimal	USINT
<ul><li>offArray[1]</li></ul>	161	Decimal	USINT
<ul><li>offArray[2]</li></ul>	0	Decimal	USINT
<ul><li>offArray[3]</li></ul>	17	Decimal	USINT
<ul><li>offArray[4]</li></ul>	0	Decimal	USINT

### - Source Length - 5

Configuration	Communic	ation Tag				
Message Ty	pe:	CIP Generic		~		
Type:			f5 (Hex) 0 (Hex)	Source Element: Source Length: Destination Element:	5 🔹	(Bytes)
⊖ Enable	○ Enable V	Vaiting	⊖.Start	O.Done	Done Length: 0	

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

#### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

onfiguration	Communicati	on rag					
Path:	THIS				B	rowse	
	THIS						
Broadd	ast	$\sim$					
Communic	ation Method						
	ODH+ 0	Channel:	'A'	Destination Li	nk: 0	*	
CIP Wit Source		Source Link:	0	Destination N	ode: 0	🗘 (Octa	al)
Conne	cted		Cache Con	nections 🗧 🕈	La	arge Connection	
Conne	cted		Cache Con	nections 🔶	La	arge Connection	
Conne	rcted		Cache Con	nections 🔸	La	arge Connection	
Conne	O Enable Wa	aiting	Cache Con	Done	Done Lengt		

## **Socket Interface**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The controller can use socket interfaces to communicate with Ethernet devices that do not support the EtherNet/IP application protocol. The socket interface is implemented via the Socket Object. The controller communicates with the Socket Object via MSG instructions.

The controllers support up to 32 socket instances.

- All CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers must use unconnected MSG instructions for socket servers. When you configure a message for a CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller, make sure that the Connected checkbox on the Message Configuration dialog box is cleared.
- When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode and uses a Socket Object, you can use an IP address with a Socket\_Create service type. For more information, see <u>Use Socket Object on page 159</u>.

For more information on the socket interface, see:

- EtherNet/IP Socket Interface Application Technique, publication <u>ENET-AT002.</u>
- Knowledgebase Article <u>Socket Communication in ControlLogix and</u> <u>CompactLogix</u>

## Notes:

## **Use EtherNet/IP Modes**

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Change the EtherNet/IP Mode	152
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### **Overview**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

This chapter describes the EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> modes that are available with the CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers.

- Dual-IP
- Linear/DLR

We expect you to have a working knowledge of both modes before using a CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller. This chapter describes specific tasks in each application that are related to the EtherNet/IP modes.

Other chapters in this publication describe how to perform more general tasks in the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application and RSLinx<sup>®</sup> Classic software. If necessary, read those chapters to understand better the tasks that are described in this chapter.

### **Available Network Levels**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

The controllers can connect to these EtherNet/IP network levels:

- Enterprise-level Network
- Device-level Network

The advantage of connecting to separate network levels is that you can segment the networks and isolate the communication on each. For example, communication that is required for the controller to execute a task is restricted to the device-level network.

Network segmentation and the resulting communication isolation can help provided enhanced security in your application. Additionally, the option to connect to separate network levels helps you organize the networks in your application in a more logical manner.

### **Enterprise-level Network**

Remember the following when you connect to enterprise-level networks:

• You can connect only port A1 to an enterprise-level network.

IMPORTANT	When you set the IP address and subnet mask, you establish an IP address range for the port. Make sure that the IP address ranges that are established for each port on the controller do not overlap.
	For more information on overlapping IP address ranges, see <u>Overlapping IP</u> <u>Address Ranges on page 143</u> .

When you connect a port to an enterprise-level network, you configure the following parameters:

- IP address (Required)
- Subnet mask, also called the network mask (Required)
- Gateway address (Optional)
- Host name (Optional)
- Domain name (Optional)
- Primary DNS server address (Required if your controller makes DNS requests.)
- Secondary DNS server address (Required if your controller makes DNS requests.)

### **Device-level Network**

Remember the following when you connect to device-level networks:

- You are not required to connect the controller to an enterprise-level network to connect to device-level networks.
- You can connect port A1, port A2, or ports A1 and A2 to device-level networks.

When you connect a port to a device-level network, you configure the following parameters:

- IP address (Required)
- Subnet mask, also called the network mask (Required)
- Gateway address (Optional)
- Host name (Optional)

## With the Logix Designer application, version 29 or later, the controllers support these EtherNet/IP modes:

- Dual-IP Mode
- Linear/DLR Mode

Out-of-the-box, the controller EtherNet/IP mode is Dual-IP mode.

### **Dual-IP Mode**

Dual-IP mode lets you connect ports A1 and A2 to separate networks. In this mode, port A1 can connect to an enterprise-level network or a device-level network. Port A2 can only connect to a device-level network.

IMPORTANT	Dual-IP mode is first available with CompactLogix 5380 controller firmware
	revision 29.011 or later.

In this mode, each port requires its own network configuration. For more information on how to configure the Ethernet ports when the controller uses Dual-IP mode, see <u>Configure the EtherNet/IP Modes on page 144</u>.

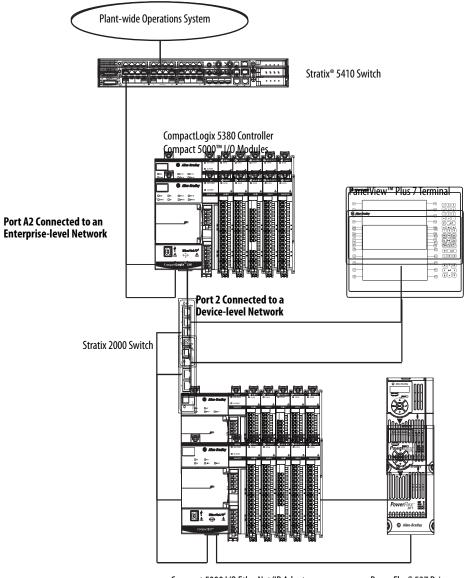
You must avoid overlapping IP address ranges when you configure the Ethernet ports in Dual-IP mode. For more information, see <u>Overlapping IP Address</u> <u>Ranges on page 143</u>.

### **EtherNet/IP Modes**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Figure 25 shows a CompactLogix 5380 controller using Dual-IP mode in with connections to an enterprise-level network and a device-level network.

### Figure 25 - CompactLogix 5380 Controller in Dual-IP Mode with Enterprise-level and Devicelevel Network Connections

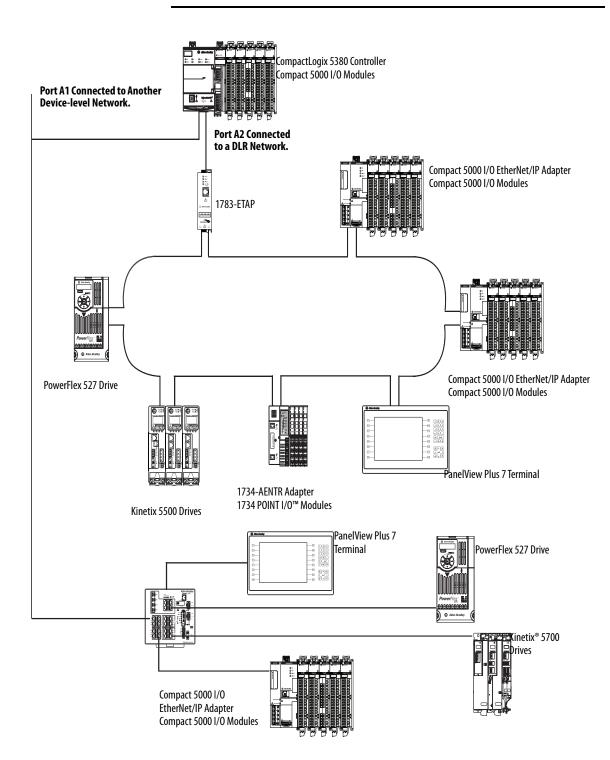


Compact 5000 I/O EtherNet/IP Adapter Compact 5000 I/O Modules PowerFlex® 527 Drive

Figure 26 shows a CompactLogix 5380 controller using Dual-IP mode in with connections to separate device-level networks, including a DLR network.

Figure 26 - CompactLogix 5380 Controller in Dual-IP Mode with Device-level Network Connections Only

IMPORTANT If a controller is using Dual-IP mode, it can connect to a DLR network topology only through a 1783 Ethernet tap, in this case via port A2.



Controller Functionality Considerations in Dual-IP Mode

Remember these controller functions when you use Dual-IP mode:

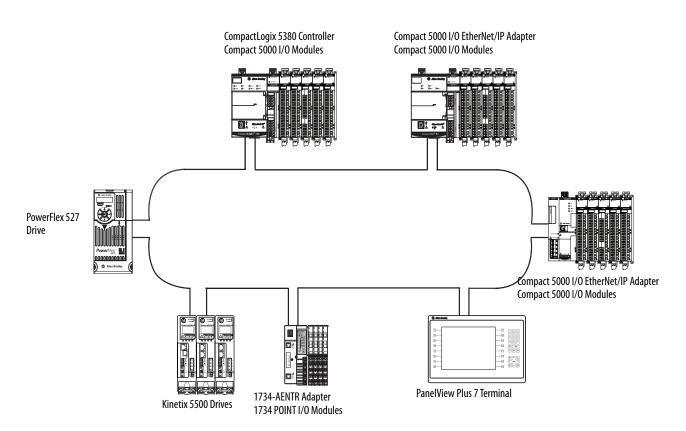
- The controller does not support these functions:
  - TCP routing or switching between the two separate networks.
  - CIP<sup>™</sup> bridging of I/O connections (including produce/consume) between the two separate networks.
- The controller supports these functions:
  - CIP bridging for non-I/O connections such as HMI, messaging, or sockets between the two separate networks.
  - CIP bridging for Unconnected CIP messages between the two separate networks.

### Linear/DLR Mode

When controllers operate in Linear/DLR mode, they can only connect to one network. That is, there is only one network configuration. The two physical ports allow the controller to connect to linear or DLR media topologies if desired.

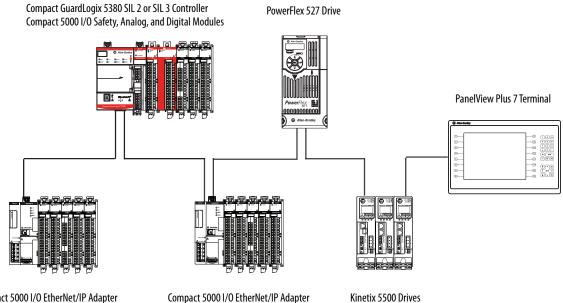
After firmware revision 29.011 or later is installed on a controller, the EtherNet/IP mode is automatically set to Dual-IP mode. You must change the EtherNet/IP Mode to use Linear/DLR mode.

For more information on how to change the controller to Linear/DLR mode, see <u>Change the EtherNet/IP Mode on page 152</u>.



#### Figure 27 - CompactLogix 5380 Controller in Linear/DLR Mode in a DLR Network

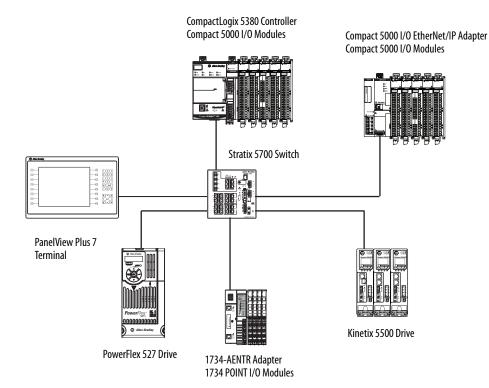
#### Figure 28 - Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller in Linear/DLR Mode in a Linear Network



Compact 5000 I/O EtherNet/IP Adapter Compact 5000 I/O Modules

Compact 5000 I/O EtherNet/IP Adapter Compact 5000 I/O Modules

#### Figure 29 - CompactLogix 5380 Controller in Linear/DLR Mode in a Star Network



## Overlapping IP Address Ranges

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

 IMPORTANT
 Overlapping IP address ranges only applies when the controller operates in Dual-IP mode.

 If you use the controller in Linear/DLR mode, you can skip this section and proceed to Linear/DLR Mode on page 141.

The IP address and subnet mask values that you assign to an Ethernet port establish an IP address range for the port. The subnet mask value is used to establish the Network part of the IP address.

Overlapping IP address ranges occurs when any IP address from one range is also present in the other IP address range. When a controller uses Dual-IP mode, the Network parts **cannot** overlap between the Ethernet ports.

The following examples describe conditions in which IP address ranges do not or do overlap.

EXAMPLE	IP Address Ranges <b>Do Not Overlap</b>					
	The table describes port A1 and port A2 configurations that use IP address ranges that do not overlap.					
	None of the IP addresses in either port IP address range exists in the IP address range for the other port.					
	Port Number	IP Address	Subnet Mask/ Network Mask	IP Address Range (Low to High)		
	A1	192.168.1.5	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1192.168.1.254		
	A2	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1192.168.2.254		

#### **EXAMPLE** IP Address Ranges **Do Overlap**

The table describes port A1 and port A2 configurations that use IP address ranges that do overlap.

All IP addresses in the port A2 IP address range are in the port A1 IP address range.

Port Number	IP Address	Subnet Mask/ Network Mask	IP Address Range (Low to High)
A1	192.168.1.5	255.255.252.0	192.168.0.1192.168.3.254
A2	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1192.168.2.254

The difference between the port configurations in the examples is the Subnet Mask/Network Mask value for port A1.

In the first example, the value is 255.255.255.0. In the second example, the value 255.255.252.0.

## Configure the EtherNet/IP Modes

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix	5380
--------------	------

Compact (	GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
-----------	-----------------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can configure both Dual-IP and Linear/DLR EtherNet/IP modes with these software applications:

- Logix Designer application, version 29.00.00 or later
- RSLinx Classic software, version 3.81.00 or later
- With the Logix Designer application, version 28.00.00, the 5069-L320ER and 5069-L340ERM controllers only support Linear/DLR mode.

**IMPORTANT** Keep in mind that the applicable minimum software versions vary by controller catalog number. That is, you can use some controllers in lower software minimum versions than others.

The screens can be slightly different on the Controller Properties dialog box for Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers. For example, the Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Properties dialog box includes a Safety tab that does not exist in the CompactLogix 5380 Controller Properties dialog box.

### **Configure Dual-IP Mode in the Logix Designer Application**

In the Logix Designer application version 29.00.00 or later, the EtherNet/IP Mode is Dual-IP by default and is displayed on the General tab in the Controller Properties dialog box.

Nonvolatile M	lemory Ca	apacity In	ternet Protocol	Port Configuration	Security	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Fault	s Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Execution	Projec
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley	,				
Type:	5069-L340E	RM CompactLog	ix"" 5380 Controller		Change (	Controller
Revision:	31.002					
Name:	L340ERM_a	application				
Description:					*	
					*	
Chassis Type:	<none></none>				-	
Slot	0	<b>~</b>				
EtherNet/IP Mode:	A1/A2: Dual				Change I	P Mode
wode:						

You set the IP address and Subnet Mask on the Internet Protocol tab.

- **TIP** When you set the IP address and Subnet Mask, we recommend that you use a USB connection from the workstation to the controller.
- 1. Confirm that the project is online.
- 2. Confirm that the controller is in one of these modes:
  - Program mode
  - Remote Program mode
  - Remote Run mode

You cannot change the IP Address or Subnet Mask if the controller is in Run mode.

- 3. Click the Internet Protocol tab.
- 4. From the Port pull-down menu, choose A1.
- 5. Click Manually configure IP settings.
- 6. Assign IP Address and Network Mask values.
- 7. Click Apply.

💰 Controller Propert	ies - L340ERM_application		
Nonvolatile Memory	or Faults Minor Faults Capacity Internet		anced SFC Execution Project figuration Security Alarm Log
Port: A1	figure IP settings		
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 5	Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Domain Name:		Gateway Address: Primary DNS Server Address:	0.0.0.0
Host Name:		Secondary DNS Server Address:	0.0.0.0
		ОК	Cancel Apply Help

8. Repeat the previous steps, beginning at  $\underline{\text{step 4}}$ 

In step 4, make sure that you choose A2 from the Port pull-down menu.

# Configure Dual-IP Mode in RSLinx Classic Software

In RSLinx Classic software, the IP Mode for which the controller is configured is displayed on the General tab in the Configuration dialog box.

For example, this graphic displays that the controller is in Dual-IP mode.

$\frown$	DERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration
General Por C	onfiguration Advanced Port Configuration
	5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley Company
Product Type:	14
Product Code:	194
Revision:	31.002
Serial Number:	60794F5D
Faults:	
EtherNet/IP M	ode: A1/A2: Dual-IP Phange IP Mode
	OK Cancel Apply Help

You set the IP Address and Network Mask on the Port Configuration tab.

- **TIP** When you set the IP address and Subnet Mask, we recommend that you use a USB connection from the workstation to the controller.
- 1. From the Port pull-down menu, choose A1.
- 2. Click Manually configure IP settings.
- 3. Assign IP Address and Network Mask values.
- 4. Click Apply.

USB\15 5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration					
Obtain IP settings autom					
HP Address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 5				
Network Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0				
Gateway Address:	0.0.0.0				
Primary Name Server:	0.0.0.0				
Secondary Name Server:	0.0.0.0				
Domain Name:					
Host Name:					
Status: Network Inte	efface not Configured				
	OK Cancel Apply Help				

5. Repeat the steps.

In step 1, make sure that you choose A2 from the Port pull-down menu.

## Configure Linear/DLR Mode in the Logix Designer Application

Remember, with firmware revision 29.011 or later, the EtherNet/IP Mode is Dual-IP by default. You must change the mode to use Linear/DLR mode.

**IMPORTANT** For more information on how to change the controller EtherNet/IP mode, see <u>Change the EtherNet/IP Mode on page 152</u>.

After you change the EtherNet/IP mode to Linear/DLR mode, the new mode choice is displayed on the General tab in the Controller Properties dialog box.

💰 Controller Pro	perties - L340ERN	1_application				G		
Nonvolatile Mar	nory Capacity	Internet Proto	col	Port Conf	guration	Network	Security	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date	e/Time	Advance	ed SF	C Execution	Project
Vendor	Allen-Bradley							
Type:	5069-L340ERM	CompactLogix*** 5	380 Co	ntroller			Change Co	ontroller
Revision:	31.002							
Name:	L340ERM_appli	cation					]	
Description:						*		
						-		
Chassis Type:	<none></none>					-		
Slot	0	_						
EtherNet/IP Mode:	A1/A2: Linear/D						Change IF	<sup>o</sup> Mode
			(	ОК	Ca	incel	Apply	Help

You set the IP Address and Subnet Mask on the Internet Protocol tab.

1. Confirm that the project is online and the controller is in Program mode, Remote Program mode, or Remote Run mode.

You cannot change the IP Address or Subnet Mask if the controller is in Run mode.

- 2. Click the Internet Protocol tab.
- 3. Click Manually configure IP settings.
- 4. Assign IP Address and Network Mask values.
- 5. Click Apply.

Controller Properties - L340ERM_application				
General Major Faults Minor Faults		anced SFC 8	Execution	Project
Nonvolatile Memory Capacity Internet Pr	rotocol* Port Configuration	n Network	Security	Alarm Log
Port: A1/A2   Manually configure IP settings  Othain IP settings automatically Using DHC	P			
IP Address: 192 . 168 . 1 . 5	Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 25	5.0	>
	Gateway Address:	0.0.0		
Domain Name:	Primary DNS Server Address:	0.0.0	. 0	
Host Name:	Secondary DNS Server Address:	0.0.0	. 0	
		Cancel	Apply	Help

## Configure Linear/DLR Mode in RSLinx Classic Software

Remember, with firmware revision 29.011 or later, the EtherNet/IP Mode is Dual-IP by default. You must change the mode to use Linear/DLR mode.

**IMPORTANT** For more information on how to change the controller EtherNet/IP mode, see <u>Change the EtherNet/IP Mode on page 152</u>.

The new mode choice is displayed on the General tab in the Controller Properties dialog box.

USB\15 5	069-L34	0ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration
General	Port Ci	onfiguration Advanced Port Configuration Network
Devic	e Name:	5069-L340ERM/A_LrxMain_3729
Vendo	or:	Allen-Bradley Company
Produ	ict Type:	14
Produ	ict Code:	194
Revisi	ion:	31.002
Serial	Number:	60794F5D
Faults	1:	
Ether	Net/IP Mo	ode: A1/A2: Linear/DLR Change IP Mode
	_	
		OK Cancel Apply Help

You set the IP Address and Subnet Mask on the Internet Protocol tab.

- 1. Confirm that the project is online.
- 2. Click the Port Configuration tab.
- 3. Click Manually configure IP settings.
- 4. Assign IP Address and Network Mask values.
- 5. Click Apply.

USB\16 5069-L340ERM/A Conf	figuration	
General Port Configuration	Advanced Port Configuration Network	
Port: A1/A2 -		
Manually configure IP settin	ngs	
Obtain IP settings automatic	cally using BOOTP	
Obtain IP settings automatic	cally using DHCP	
IP Address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 5	
Network Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	
Gateway Address:	0.00.0	
Primary Name Server:	0.0.0.0	
Secondary Name Server:	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
Domain Name:		
Host Name:		
Status: Network Interfa	ace Configured	
	$\frown$	
	OK Cancel Apply Help	
<u></u>		

# Change the EtherNet/IP Mode

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can change the EtherNet/IP mode in the Logix Designer application or RSLinx Classic software.

### **IMPORTANT** Remember the following:

- Exercise caution when you change the EtherNet/IP mode on your controller, and consider the possible effects of the change.
- You cannot change the controller EtherNet/IP mode from Dual-IP to Linear/DLR when you are connected through port A1 port. You must be connected to the controller via port A2 to change from Dual-IP mode to Linear/DLR mode.

The effects of changing the EtherNet/IP mode are different based on mode change. Make sure that you are aware of them before changing the EtherNet/IP mode.

EtherNet/IP Mode Change	Effects
Dual-IP Mode to Linear/DLR Mode	<ul> <li>The port A2 IP address, network mask, default gateway settings are applied to the A1/A2 port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The MAC address of port A1 is applied to port A1/A2. This scenario exists if the controller firmware is upgraded to revision 29.011 or greater before an IP address is set.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Attempts to change from Dual-IP mode to Linear/ DLR mode are only successful if the I/O configuration section in at least one port does not contain modules.</li> <li>If the I/O configuration sections for both ports</li> </ul>
	include modules, you cannot change the EtherNet/IP mode from Dual-IP mode to Linear/DLR mode.
Linear/DLR Mode to Dual-IP Mode	The port A1/A2 IP address, network mask, default gateway settings are applied to port A2. Other port A1/A2 settings, for example, DNS servers and Domain Name, are lost.
	• The port A1/A2 MAC address is applied to port A1. A separate MAC address is applied to Port A2.
	• Port A1 is DHCP-enabled.
	<ul> <li>The I/O Configuration section in the Logix Designer application project is automatically assigned to port A1.</li> </ul>
	You can change the I/O configuration in the Logix Designer application project to assign it to port A2.

# Change the EtherNet/IP Mode in the Logix Designer Application

**IMPORTANT** This example shows the EtherNet/IP mode change from Dual-IP mode to Linear/DLR mode. The same tasks apply to change from Linear/DLR mode to Dual-IP mode.

To change the EtherNet/IP mode in the Logix Designer application, complete these steps.

- 1. Confirm that the project is offline.
- 2. On the General tab of the Controller Properties dialog box, click Change IP Mode.

Nonvolatile M	emory Ci	apacity	Interne	t Protocol	Port Configurat	ion S	ecurity	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Mino	r Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC	Execution	Project
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley							
Туре:	5069-L340E	RM Compa	actLogix"" !	5380 Controller			Change (	Controller
Revision:	31.002							
Name:	L340ERM_	application						
Description:						*		
						-		
Chassis Type:	<none></none>					-		
Slot:	0							
EtherNet/IP	A1/A2: Dual	-IP				(	Change	IP Mode
Mode:							Change	S S

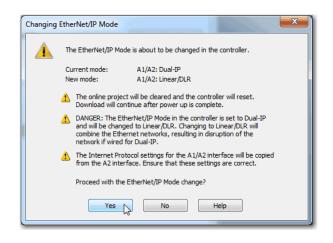
3. From the New mode pull-down menu, choose the new mode and click OK.

Cha	inge EtherNet/IP Mode	x
C	urrent mode:	A1/A2: Dual-IP
6	ew mode:	A1/A2: Linear/DLR
M	ove 1 <del>70 and</del> MSG Paths to port	
	к ) _	Cancel Help

- 4. Click OK on the Controller Properties dialog box.
- 5. Save the project.
- 6. Download the updated project to the controller.
- 7. When the following warning appears, read it carefully.

**IMPORTANT** Before you change the EtherNet/IP mode, make sure that you understand the impact on your controller when you change the mode.

For more information on the impact of changing the EtherNet/IP mode, see <u>Table 9 on page 152</u>.



8. Click Yes to continue.

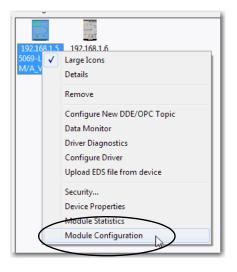
# Change the EtherNet/IP Mode in RSLinx Classic Software

To change the EtherNet/IP mode in RSLinx Classic software, complete these steps.

- 1. Confirm that the controller is online and there is no project in the controller.
- 2. Confirm that the controller is in one of these modes:
  - Program mode
  - Remote Program mode
  - Remote Run mode

You cannot change the IP Address or Subnet Mask if the controller is in Run mode.

3. Right-click the controller and choose Module Configuration.



4. On the General tab of the Configuration dialog box, click Change IP Mode.

USB\15 5069-L34	DERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration
General Port Co	onfiguration Advanced Port Configuration
Device Name:	5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729
Vendor:	Allen-Bradley Company
Product Type:	14
Product Code:	194
Revision:	31.002
Serial Number:	60794F5D
Faults:	de: A1/A2: Jual-IP Change IP Mode
EtheriNet/IP Mo	
	OK Cancel Apply Help

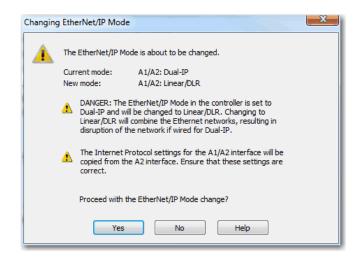
5. From the New mode pull-down menu, choose the new mode and click OK.

Change E	therNet/IP Mode	×
	Changing the Ether	Net/IP Mode will cause the controller to be reset.
	Current mode:	A1/A2: Dual-IP
	New mode:	A1/A2: Linear/DLR
	OK	Cancel Help

6. When the following warning appears, read it carefully.

**IMPORTANT** Before you change the EtherNet/IP mode, make sure that you understand the impact on your controller when you change the mode.

For more information on the impact of changing the EtherNet/IP mode, see <u>Table 9 on page 152</u>.



7. Click Yes to continue.

### **DNS Requests**

To qualify the address of a module, use DNS addressing to specify a host name for a module, which also includes specifying a domain name and DNS servers. DNS addressing makes it possible to configure similar network structures and IP address sequences under different domains.

DNS addressing is necessary only if you refer to the module by host name, such as in path descriptions in MSG instructions.

IMPORTANT	Safety Consideration
	For information on DNS Addressing for Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers, see <u>DNS Addressing on page 61</u> .

For more information on DNS addressing, see the EtherNet/IP Network Configuration User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM001</u>

### **DNS Request Routing**

DNS requests can be generated from port A1 or port A2.

#### DNS Request Generated From Port A1

- If the DNS server address is in the local subnet of port A1, DNS requests leave through A1 port.
- If port A2 is enabled and the DNS server address is in local subnet of port A2, DNS requests leave through A2 port.
- If the DNS server address is outside of all local subnets, DNS requests leave through A1 port towards port A1 default gateway.

#### DNS Request Generated From Port A2

- If port A1 is enabled and the DNS server address is in local subnet of port A1, DNS requests leave through A1 port.
- If the DNS server address is in local subnet of port A2, DNS requests leave through A2 port.
- If port A1 is enabled and the DNS server address is outside of all local subnets, DNS requests leave through A1 port towards port A1 default gateway.
- If port A1 is disabled and the DNS server address is outside of all local subnets, DNS requests leave through A2 port towards port A2 default gateway.

### **SMTP Server**

The SMTP server is only available via the enterprise port. Therefore, emails can only be sent on the enterprise port.

For more information on how to send emails via an Ethernet port, see the EtherNet/IP Network Configuration User Manual, publication <u>ENET-UM001</u>.

### Use Socket Object

When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode and uses a Socket Object, you can use an IP address with a Socket\_Create service type. By default this IP address is INADDR\_ANY.

Remember the following:

- If you use INADDR\_ANY, IP communication that the Socket Object instance initiates follows the same routing rules as DNS request routing rules described in <u>DNS Request Routing on page 158</u>.
- If you use the IP address of port A1 instead of INADDR\_ANY, IP packets can only go to the port A1 subnet or via its default gateway.
- If you use the IP address of port A2 instead of INADDR\_ANY, IP packets can go only to port A2 subnet or via its default gateway.
- If you use an IP address other than the port A1 or A2 IP addresses or INADDR\_ANY, the Create\_Socket\_Service request is rejected.

### Send Message Instructions

You can send Message (MSG) instructions out the enterprise port or the device-level port. The only difference between the MSG instruction configurations is the path.

When you configure an MSG instruction on a controller that operates in Dual-IP mode, use these paths:

- Enterprise port (Port A1) 3
- Device-level port (Port A2) 4

If the controller operates in Linear/DLR mode, the path is 2.

For more information on how to use MSG instructions, see the Logix 5000 Controllers General Instructions Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-</u><u>RM003</u>.

## Software Display Differences for EtherNet/IP Modes

<u>Table 10</u> shows differences in the Logix Designer application when the controller uses Dual-IP mode or Linear/DLR mode.

#### Table 10 - EtherNet/IP Mode Display Differences in the Logix Designer Application

	EtherNet	/IP Mode
Section in Application	Dual-IP Mode	Linear/DLR Mode
I/O Configuration Tree in Controller Organizer	└── Configuration	□ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Tab on Controller Properties Dialog Box	Controller Properties - 1340ERM_application       Internet Protocol       Pot Configuration       Security       Atom Log         Name/Faile       More Faults       Date/Time       Advanced       SFC Execution       Project         Vendor:       Alten-Bradey       Type:       50591340ERM CompactLogs** 5380 Controller       Onange Controller         Revision:       31.002         Name:       L340ERM_application         Descriptor:	Controller Properties - L340ERM_application Controller Properties - L340ERM_application Controller Properties - L340ERM_application Controller Properties - L340ERM_application Controller Advanced SFC_Execution Project Vends: Allen-Bradey Type: S069-L340ERM Compact.lagk** 5380 Controller Provision: 31.002 Name: L440ERM_application Description: Controller Properties Distributive/Provision Controller Properties Controller Controller Properties Controller Controller Properties Controller Cont
Internet Protocol on Controller Properties Dialog Box	If you connect port A1 to a device-level network, some parameters appear as configurable but are not used. For more information on what parameters you configure to connect a port to a device-level network, see Device-level Network on page 137.	Controller Properties - 1340ERM_application     General Memory Capacity Internet Protocol <sup>®</sup> Pat Configuration Network Security Aam Log Port Al/A2     Warualy configure IP Pattings     Ottain IP settings automatically using DHCP     IP Address: 132.168.1.5 Subnet Mask:     Controller Address: 0.0.0.0.0     Domain Name: Prinary DNS Server     Host Name: Security NMS     Server Address: 0.0.0.0.0     Server Address: 0.0.0.0     Olimeter Address: 0.0.0.0     Domain Name: Address: 0.0.0     Domain Name: Address: 0.0.0

The Controller Properties dialog box also provides a Network tab in the Logix Designer application when the controller uses Linear/DLR mode. The Network tab is not available when the controller uses Dual-IP mode.

<u>Table 11</u> shows differences in RSLinx Classic software when the controller uses Dual-IP mode or Linear/DLR mode.

	EtherNet	t/IP Mode
Section in Software	Dual-IP Mode	Linear/DLR Mode
General Tab	USB\15 5069-1340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration	USB(15 5069-1340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration  General Post Configuration Advanced Post Configuration Network  Device Name: 6059-1340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Vendor: Allen-Bradley Company Product Type: 14 Product Code: 194 Revision: 31.002 Serial Number: 60734F5D Faults:  EtherNet/IP Mode: A1/A2: Linear/DLR Conge IP Mode  OK Cancel Apply Help
Port Configuration Tab	USB\15 5069-1340ERM/A LmxMain 3729 Configuration         Image: Solution Advanced Pot Configuration         Image: Pot: Configuration         Image: Pot: Configuration         Pot: For Pot: For Pot: For Pot: For Pot: For Configuration         Pot: For Pot:	USBN15 5069-L340ERM/A_LnxMain_3729 Configuration         General Pot Configuration Network         Per:       Al/A2         Vanualy confiour       Setings         Obtain IP setings automatically using DOTP         Obtain IP setings automatically using DOTP         IP Address:       192         192       153         Network Mask:       255         255       255         Gateway Address:       0         0       0         Server:       0         Secondary Name       0         Secondary Name       0         Status:       Network Interface Configured         Max       Methods Interface Configured         OK       Cancel       Acoly

The Configuration dialog box also provides a Network tab in RSLinx Classic software when the controller uses Linear/DLR mode. The Network tab is not available when the controller uses Dual-IP mode.

# Notes:

# **Manage Controller Communication**

Торіс	Page
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Controller Communication Interaction with Control Data	164
Produce and Consume (Interlock) Data	165
Send and Receive Messages 167	

# **Connection Overview**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix <sup>™</sup> 5380
Compact GuardLogix <sup>®</sup> 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Connections are used when the system contains these conditions:

- I/O modules, communication modules, and adapters are present in the I/O configuration of the user project.
- Produced or Consumed tags are configured in the user project.
- Connected Messages are executed in the user application.
- External devices, programming terminals, or HMI terminals communicate with the controller.

# Controller Communication Interaction with Control Data

Applies to these controllers:		
CompactLogix 5380		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3		

The controller runs the communications task separately from the application code. The controller runs communications asynchronously to the application. Therefore, it is important to make sure communications that are delivered to the controller are complete before the application executes on the newly delivered data. This applies to data that is coming into the controller and data that is going out from the controller.

For example, if an HMI device writes a large block of recipe data to the controller, the application code can start to execute on that data before the data is written. This action results in half of the current recipe and half of the last recipe in the application space.

Traditionally, programmers have used the following to control the effects of asynchronous communications:

- UID/UIE pairs
- Moving data with CPS instructions.

These options rely on controlling when the main core can switch tasks. As a result, the communication task cannot change data when the control task is using it. Because the controller processes communications on an independent CPU core, these methods are no longer effective in all cases.

<u>Table 12</u> highlights the controller behavior.

#### Table 12 - CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Behavior

Tag Access					
НМІ	MSG	I/O Update	Produce/Consume	Other User Tasks	Motion Planner
Allows	Allows	Allows	Allows	Blocks	Allows
Blocks	Blocks	Blocks	Blocks	Allows	Allows
	Allows	Allows Allows	HMI     MSG     I/O Update       Allows     Allows     Allows	HMI         MSG         I/O Update         Produce/Consume           Allows         Allows         Allows         Allows	HMI         MSG         I/O Update         Produce/Consume         Other User Tasks           Allows         Allows         Allows         Allows         Blocks

Blocks - HelOps to prevents source data values from change by communications during application execution.

Allows - Communications can change source data values during application execution.

Because the controllers have 32-bit data integrity, this only applies to data structures larger than 32 bits. If word-level integrity is your primary concern, the 32-bit data integrity does not impact your data use.

Good programming practice dictates the use of two unique words at the beginning and the end of data. The controller validates the words to verify the entire structure has data integrity. We recommend that the handshake data is changed and the application code validates it every transaction before the controller application code or higher-level system reading controller data acts on it. Table 13 shows two data elements that are added to a structure for data integrity checking. That is, Start Data and End Data are added. We recommend that the controller validates the Start Data value and the End Data value match before the controller acts on My\_Recipe1.

If the Start Data and End Data values do not match, it is likely communications is in the process of filling the structure. The same applies to higher-level systems that are receiving data from the controller.

Structure	My_Recipe1	My_Recipe2	My_Recipe3
Start Data	101	102	103
Sugar	3	4	8
Flour	4	3	9
Chocolate	2	2	4
Oil	б	7	2
End Data	101	102	103

#### Table 13 - Data Elements

**TIP** We recommend that you perform this test on a buffered copy of the data and not the actual data element being written to by the communications core. If you use buffered data, you help prevent the risk of the communication core changing data after you have passed the data valid test.

# Produce and Consume (Interlock) Data

#### Applies to these controllers:

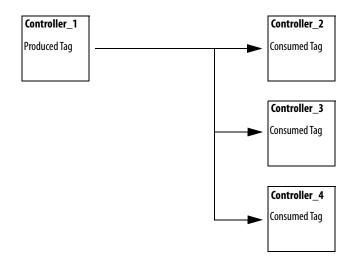
CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The controllers let you produce (transmit) and consume (receive) controllerscoped tags. CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers produce the same standard tag through the Ethernet ports and the backplane, and consumer counts apply to the total consumers from all ports.

#### Figure 30 - Example Produced and Consumed Tags



#### <u>Table 14</u> describes the system-shared tags.

Tag	Description
Produced tag	A tag that a controller makes available for use by other controllers. Multiple controllers can simultaneously consume (receive) the data. A produced tag sends its data to one or more consumed tags (consumers) without using logic.
Consumed tag	A tag that receives the data of a produced tag. The data type of the consumed tag must match the data type (including any array dimensions) of the produced tag. The RPI of the consumed tag determines the period at which the data updates.

Table 14 - Produced and Consumed Tag Descriptions

For two controllers to share produced or consumed tags, the controllers must be attached to the same network. You cannot bridge produced and consumed tags over two networks.

Produced and consumed tags use connections of the controller and the communication modules being used.

The Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can also use Produced and Consumed Safety tags. For more information on how to use them, see <u>Produced/Consumed Safety Tags on page 239</u>.

### **Requested Packet Interval (RPI) of Multicast Tags**

The first consumer of a multicast produced tag on any given communications port establishes the RPI value for that port. All subsequent consumers that use the same port must request the same RPI value as the first consumer, otherwise they fail to connect. Controllers with backplane and Ethernet ports can produce data at an independent RPI value on each port.

For more information about produced/consumed tags, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Produced and Consumed Tags Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM011</u>.

## Send and Receive Messages

CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

Messages transfer data to other devices, such as other controllers or operator interfaces. The MSG instruction is a Ladder Diagram output instruction that asynchronously reads or writes a block of data to or from another module over the backplane or a network. The size of the instruction depends on the data types and message command that you program.

Messages use connection resources to send or receive data. Messages can leave the connection open (cached) or can close the connection when the message is done transmitting.

Messages can be unconnected or connected. Unconnected messages depend on the availability of unconnected buffers in all devices through which the message passes. Connected messages begin with a request to allocate connection buffers in all of those devices, before sending the actual message. If you choose to cache a connected message, the controller keeps the connection open after the message is complete. Cached message improves efficiency if you intend to send the message repeatedly.

Connected messages use connection resources, and are less efficient than connected cached messages or unconnected messages. If the connected message is uncached, the resources are used temporarily each time the message is triggered. As long as a cached connected message remains in the cache, the resources remain allocated and are not available for other messages. Cached messages can get pushed from the cache if the application exceeds the cache capacity of the controller.

Each message uses one connection out of the controller, regardless of how many devices are in the message path.

#### Table 15 - Message Types

Message Type	Communication Method	Connected Message	Message Can Be Cached
CIP <sup>™</sup> data table read or write	—	Configurable	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>
PLC-2 <sup>®</sup> , PLC-3 <sup>®</sup> , PLC-5 <sup>®</sup> , or SLC <sup>™</sup>	CIP	No	No
(all types)	CIP with Source ID	No	No
	DH+™	Yes	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>
CIP generic	—	Optional <sup>(1)</sup>	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>
Block-transfer read or write	—	Yes	Yes <sup>(2)</sup>

 You can connect CIP generic messages. However, for most applications we recommend that you leave CIP generic messages unconnected.

(2) We recommend that you cache connected messages that occur more frequently than once every 60 seconds, if possible.

For more information about how to use messages, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Messages Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM012</u>.

## **Determine Whether to Cache Message Connections**

When you configure a message instruction, you can cache the connection. Use <u>Table 16</u> to decide to cache a connection.

Table 16 - Options for Caching Connections

If the Message Executes	Then
Repeatedly	Cache the connection. When you cache the connection, the connection remains open and execution time is optimized. If a connection is opened each time that the message executes, execution time is increased.
Infrequently	Do not cache the connection. When you do not cache the connection, the connection closes upon completion of the message. As a result, the connection is available for other uses. Unconnected messages are best used for infrequent cached message connections.

**TIP** Cached connections transfer data faster than uncached connections. The controller can cache as many as 256 connections.

# Standard I/O Modules

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Local I/O Modules	169
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CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 systems support these I/O module options:

- Local I/O modules
- Remote I/O modules

Local I/O Modules

Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The CompactLogix 5380 system uses Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O modules as local I/O modules. The modules are installed to the right of the controller.

The number of local Compact 5000 I/O modules that you can install in a CompactLogix 5380 system varies based on the controller that is used, up to a maximum of 31 modules.

Table 17 lists the number of local I/O modules that controllers support.

CompactLogix 5380 Controllers	Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers	Local I/O Modules Supported, Max.
5069-L306ER, 5069-L306ERM, 5069-L310ER, 5069-L310ERM, 5069-L310ER-NSE	5069-L306ERS2, 5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3, 5069-L310ERS2, 5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	8
5069-L320ER, 5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	5069-L320ERS2, 5069-L320ERS2K, 5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	16
5069-L330ER <sup>(1)</sup> , 5069-L330ERM <sup>(1)</sup> , 5069-L340ER, 5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP, 5069-L350ERM, 5069-L380ERM, 5069-L3100ERM	5069-L330ERS2, 5069-L330ERS2K, 5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K 5069-L340ERS2, 5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3, 5069-L350ERS2, 5069-L350ERS2K, 5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K, 5069-L380ERS2, 5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3, 5069-L3100ERS2, 5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	31

#### Table 17 - Local I/O Modules in CompactLogix 5380 System

(1) When you use this controller with the Studio 5000 Logix Designer® application, version 29.00.00, the application limits the number of local

I/O modules in the project to 16. For more information, see the Knowledgebase Article<u>5380 CompactLogix controllers limited to 16 local Compact 5000 I/O modules in V29 of Studio 5000.®</u> With the Logix Designer application, version 30.00.00 or later, the controller supports as many as 31 local I/O modules. CompactLogix 5380 Controller

The following are example factors that you must consider when you decide how to use local I/O modules in a CompactLogix 5380 system:

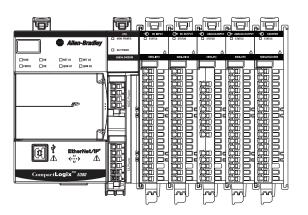
- Number of local I/O modules that the controller supports
- Features available on different modules, for example, sequence of events per point timestamping on only some Compact 5000 I/O digital input modules
- I/O module power usage, including MOD power and SA power

For more information on Compact 5000 I/O modules, see <u>Additional</u> <u>Resources on page 338</u>.

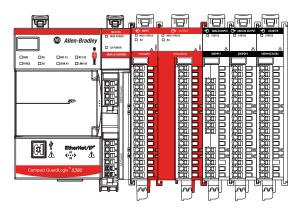
### Figure 31 - CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Systems

Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller

Compact 5000 I/O Local Modules



Compact 5000 I/O Local Modules



### Add Local I/O Modules to a Project

Before you can add local I/O modules to a Logix Designer application project, you must open an existing project or create a project. For information on how to create a project, see <u>Create a Logix Designer Application Project on page 75</u>.

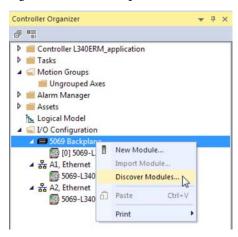
There are two methods to add local I/O modules to the project:

- Discover Modules
- <u>New Module</u>

#### **Discover Modules**

The Discover Modules feature is useful when I/O modules are already installed and you can connect the Logix Designer application to the controller. To use Discover Modules to add a local I/O module, complete these steps.

- 1. Go online with your Logix Designer application.
- 2. Right-click 5069 Backplane and choose Discover Modules.



The Logix Designer application automatically detects available modules that are installed in the system.

3. At the Select Module Type window, click Create to add a discovered module to your project.

Modules	Revision	Additional Information	Action
5069 Backplane			
- 🖞 [01] 5069-IF8	2.005		Create
L- 🖞 [02] 5069-0X41	2.005		Create 63

4. At the New Module window, configure the module properties and click OK.

New Module		* # *				×
General" - Connection - Module Info Channels - Ch00 - Alarms - Ch01 - Alarms	General Type: Vendor: Parent:	5069-IF8 8 Channel Voltage/Current Analog Input Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley Local		Slot:		
	Name: Description:	Local_input	*		1 •	
Cn06 Asms Cn07 Asms Cn07 Asms Calibration	Module Defi Series: Revision: Electronic M Connection Input Data	A 2.005 leying: Compatible Module				
Status: Creating			Change	_	OK Cancel H	Help

- 5. At the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

4	DANGER. Online module creation.
	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

6. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.

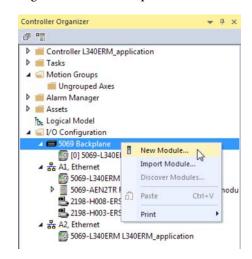
To add additional local I/O modules:

- If you cleared the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>3</u>...<u>6</u>.
- If you did not clear the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>2</u>...<u>6</u>.

#### New Module

You can add a standard I/O module offline or online. If you do not have physical I/O installed, or you cannot connect to the controller, this is the easiest method to add I/O. To use New Module to add a module, complete these steps.

1. Right-click 5069 Backplane and choose New Module.



2. Select the module and click Create.

Output
Output
Output
4
8
Are
ple Analog Input
*
×

The New Module dialog box appears.

- 3. On the General tab, set the Series and Revision parameters.
- 4. Configure the rest of the module as need. For information on electronic keying, see <u>Electronic Keying on page 176</u>.
- 5. When complete, click OK.
  - **TIP** If the Series and Revision parameter values do not match those of the module for which this configuration is intended, your project can experience module faults.

General*	General			
- Connection - Module Info - Counter0 - Input - Alams - Counter01 - Input - Alams - Windows - Window00	Type: Vendor: Parent: Name: Description:	5063-HSC2x084 2 Point High Speed Counter, 4 Point Rockwell Automation/Alen-Bradley Local High_Speed_Counter	nt 24V DC Output	1
	Module Defi Seres: Revision Bectronic R Connection	A 3.001 leying: Compatible Module		

- 6. If you add a module while online, at the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

A	DANGER. Online module creation.
-	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

7. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.

To add additional local I/O modules:

- If you cleared the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>2</u>...<u>3</u>.
- If you did not clear the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>1...3</u>.

For more information on how to use local I/O modules in a CompactLogix 5380 system, see the resources that are listed in <u>Additional</u> <u>Resources on page 338</u>.

### **Electronic Keying**

Electronic Keying reduces the possibility that you use the wrong device in a control system. It compares the device that is defined in your project to the installed device. If keying fails, a fault occurs. These attributes are compared.

Attribute	Description
Vendor	The device manufacturer.
Device Type	The general type of the product, for example, digital I/O module.
Product Code	The specific type of the product. The Product Code maps to a catalog number.
Major Revision	A number that represents the functional capabilities of a device.
Minor Revision	A number that represents behavior changes in the device.

The following Electronic Keying options are available.

Keying Option	Description
Compatible Module	Lets the installed device accept the key of the device that is defined in the project when the installed device can emulate the defined device. With Compatible Module, you can typically replace a device with another device that has these characteristics:         Same catalog number         Same or higher Major Revision         Minor Revision as follows:         If the Major Revision is the same, the Minor Revision must be the same or higher.         If the Major Revision is higher, the Minor Revision can be any number.
Disable Keying	Indicates that the keying attributes are not considered when attempting to communicate with a device. With Disable Keying, communication can occur with a device other than the type specified in the project. ATTENTION: Be cautious when using Disable Keying; if used incorrectly, this option can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. We strongly recommend that you do not use Disable Keying.
	If you use Disable Keying, you must take full responsibility for understanding whether the device being used can fulfill the functional requirements of the application.
Exact Match	Indicates that all keying attributes must match to establish communication. If any attribute does not match precisely, communication with the device does not occur.

Carefully consider the implications of each keying option when selecting one.

IMPORTANT	When you change Electronic Keying parameters online, it interrupts connections to the device and any devices that are connected through the device. Connections from other controllers can also be broken.
	If an I/O connection to a device is interrupted, the result can be a loss of data.

### More Information

For more detailed information on Electronic Keying, see Electronic Keying in Logix 5000 Control Systems Application Technique, publication <u>LOGIX-AT001</u>.

# **Remote I/O Modules**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

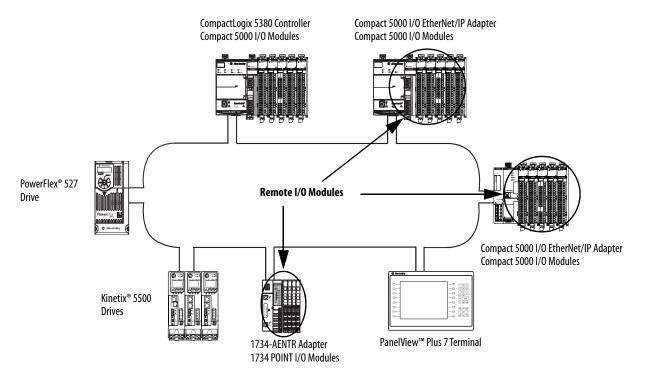
Remote I/O modules do not reside in the CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 control system. The controller connects to the I/O modules via an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network. The controllers support the use of a wide range of remote I/O modules. For maximum performance, we recommend that you use Compact 5000 I/O modules when you use remote I/O modules.

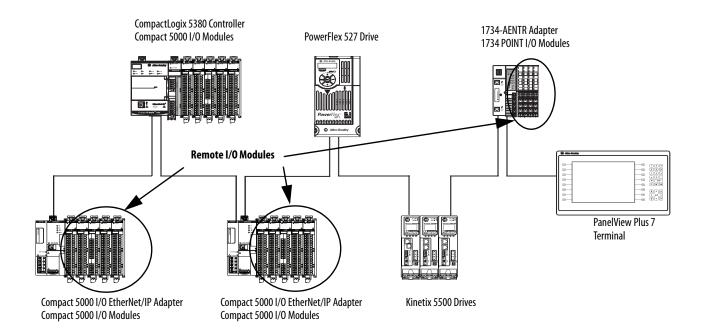
For example, CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can connect to following:

- Chassis-based I/O module families, such as Compact 5000 I/O, 1756 ControlLogix<sup>®</sup> I/O, 1769 Compact I/O<sup>™</sup>, or 1746 SLC<sup>™</sup> I/O modules
- In-cabinet I/O module families, such as 1734 POINT I/O<sup>™</sup> or 1794 FLEX<sup>™</sup> I/O modules
- On-Machine<sup>™</sup> I/O module families, such as 1732E ArmorBlock<sup>®</sup> I/O modules

IMPORTANTThe following network examples are solely intended to show remote I/O<br/>modules in various network topologies. The examples do not address<br/>network communication rates between the controller and the I/O modules.<br/>We recommend, however, that you consider network communication rates<br/>when you determine the best way to incorporate remote I/O modules in your<br/>CompactLogix 5380 system.<br/>For more information, see <a href="https://www.eternettine.com">EtherNet/IP Network Communication Rates on</a><br/>page 127

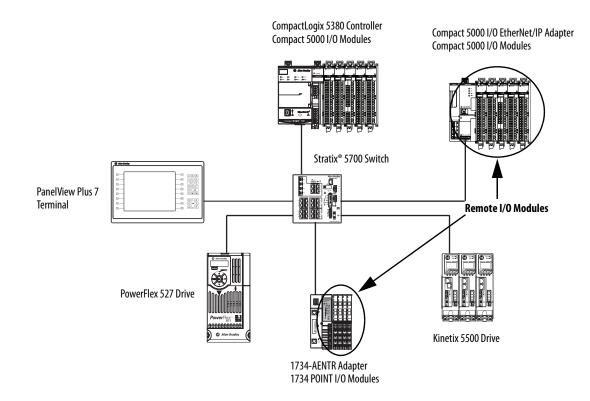






#### Figure 33 - Remote I/O Modules in a CompactLogix 5380 System on a Linear Network Topology





### Add Remote I/O Modules to a Project

Before you can add remote I/O modules to a project, you must add the EtherNet/IP communication module that facilitates communication between the controller and the remote I/O modules.

There are two methods to add remote I/O modules to the project:

- <u>Discover Modules</u>
- <u>New Module</u>

#### **Discover Modules**

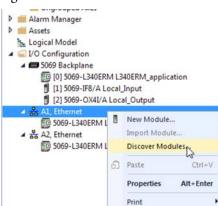
The Discover Modules feature is useful when I/O modules are already installed and connected to the network. When you use Discover Modules to find Ethernet devices, the Logix Designer application browses based on how Ethernet browsing is configured in RSLinx<sup>®</sup> Classic software.

- If the EtherNet/IP driver is used in RSLinx Classic software, the Logix Designer application automatically detects remote I/O modules.
- If the Ethernet devices driver is used in RSLinx Classic software, you must configure the IP address for each Ethernet device that you want to display in the Select Module Type dialog box that is shown on page 180.
- If the Ethernet bus is browsed via a CIP<sup>™</sup> router, you must configure the IP address for each Ethernet device that you want to display in the Select Module Type dialog box that is shown on <u>page 180</u>.

The tasks in this section apply when you use the EtherNet/IP driver in RSWho to browse the network.

To use Discover Modules to add a remote I/O module, complete these steps.

- 1. Go online with your Logix Designer application.
- 2. Right-click Ethernet and choose Discover Modules.



The Logix Designer application automatically detects available modules that are installed in the system.

3. At the Select Module Type window, click Create to add a discovered adapter to your project.

Modules	Revision	Additional Information	Action
A1. Ethemet	3.004		Create
- 192.168.1.27> Stratix 8000	6.001		Create

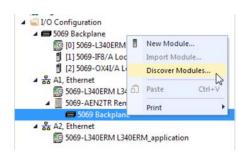
4. At the New Module window, configure the module properties and click OK.

Seneral* Connection	General			
- Connection Module Info Internet Protocol – Port Configuration – Network – Time Sync	Type: Vendor: Parent: Name: Description:	5069-AEN2TR 5069 Ethernet Adapte Rockwell Automation/Alen-Bradley Local Remote_Ethernet_Adapter	Ethemet Add	letwork: 192.168.1. 18
	presengeren i		<ul> <li>IP Addres</li> </ul>	
	Module Def		<ul> <li>Host Nan</li> </ul>	ne:
	Revision: Electronic K Connection Chassis So	None		

- 5. At the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

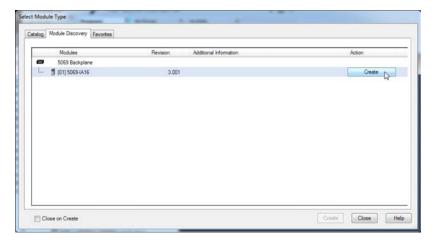
A	DANGER. Online module creation.
-	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

- 6. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.
- 7. Right-click 5069 Backplane and choose Discover Modules.



The Logix Designer application automatically detects available modules that are installed in the system.

8. At the Select Module Type window, click Create to add a discovered module to your project.



9. At the New Module window, configure the module properties and click OK.

General* Connection	General					
Module Info	Type:	5069-IA16 16 Point 79V-264V AC Inpu	é.			
- Points	Vendor:	Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley				
	Parent:	Remote_Ethemet_Adapter				
	Name:	Remote_Input		Slot:	1	*
	Description:					
			*			
	Module Defi	nition				
	Series:	A				
	Revision:	3.001				
	Electronic K	eying: Compatible Module				
	Connection	Data				
			Change			

- 10. At the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

1	DANGER. Online module creation.
-	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

11. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.

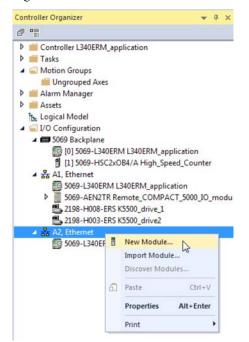
After you add the remote I/O module, consider the following:

- To add remote I/O modules in the same remote location:
  - If you cleared the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>8</u>...<u>11</u>.
  - If you did not clear the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>7</u>...<u>11</u>.
- To add remote I/O modules in another new remote location, repeat steps <u>2...11</u>.

#### New Module

You can add a standard I/O module offline or online. If you do not have physical I/O installed, or you cannot connect to the controller, this is the easiest method to add I/O. To use New Module to add a remote I/O module, complete these steps.

1. Right-click Ethernet and choose New Module.



2. Select the EtherNet/IP adapter and click Create.

For some modules, the Select Major Revision dialog box can appear. If the dialog box appears, choose the major revision of the module and click OK.

TIP

Remember, if the Series and Revision parameter values do not match those of the module for which this configuration is intended, your project can experience module faults.

5069-	Clear Filters	Show Filters ¥
Catalog Number	Description	
5069-AEN2TR	5069 Ethemet Adapter, 2-Port, Twisted-Pair Media	
5069-AENTR	5069 Ethemet Adapter, 2-Port, Twisted-Pair Media	
5069-I 306EB	CompactLogix** 5380 Controller	
5069-L306ERM	CompactLook*** 5380 Controller	
5069-L306ERMS2	Compact GuardLogix® 5380 Safety Controller	
5069-L306ERS2	Compact GuardLook® 5380 Safety Controller	
5069-L3100ERM	CompactLogix** 5380 Controller	
5069-L3100ERMS2	Compact GuardLook® 5380 Safety Controller	
5069-L3100ERS2	Compact GuardLogix® 5380 Safety Controller	
5069-L310ER	CompactLogix*** 5380 Controller	
5069-L310ERM	CompactLogix** 5380 Controller	
5069-L310ERMS2	Compact GuardLogix® 5380 Safety Controller	
5069-L310ER-NSE	CompactLogix*** 5380 Controller	
•	m	,

3. At the New Module window, configure the module properties and click OK.

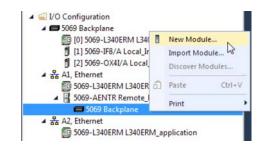
General* Connection	General		
Module Info Internet Protocol Pott Configuration Network - Time Sync	Type: Vendor: Parent: Name:	5069-AENTR 5069 Ethemet Adapter, 2-Port, 1 Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley Local Remote_Ethemet_Adapter	Twisted Pair Media Change Type
	Description:	A	IP Address:     Host Name:
	Revision: Bectronic K Connection Chassis Siz	None	Slot: () +

- 4. If you add a module while online, then at the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

A	DANGER. Online module creation.
	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

5. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.

6. Right-click the newly added EtherNet/IP communication module or the backplane and choose New Module.



- 7. Select the I/O module that you want to add and click Create.
  - **TIP** If you must add multiple I/O modules to the same remote location, we recommend that you clear the Close on Create checkbox before you click Create.

If the Close on Create checkbox is cleared, when you complete configuration for an I/O module, the Select Module Type dialog box appears automatically and you can skip <u>step 6</u>.

Catalog Number	Description	Vendor	Category
5069-ARM	Address Reserve Module	Allen-Bradley	Miscellaneous
5069-HSC2xOB4	2 Point High Speed Counter, 4 Point 24V DC Output	Allen-Bradley	Specialty
5069-IB16	16 Point 24V DC Input, Sink	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-IB16F	16 Point 24V DC High Speed Input, Sink	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-IB6F-3W	6 Point 24V DC High Speed Input, Sink, 3 Wire	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-IF8	8 Channel Voltage/Current Analog Input	Allen-Bradley	Analog
5069-IY4	4 Channel Voltage/Current/RTD/Thermocouple An	Allen-Bradley	Analog
5069-OB16	16 Point 24V DC Output, Source	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-OB16F	16 Point 24V DC High Speed Output, Source	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-OF4	4 Channel Voltage/Current Analog Output	Allen-Bradley	Analog
5069-OF8	8 Channel Voltage/Current Analog Output	Allen-Bradley	Analog
5069-OW4I	4 Point AC/DC Relay Output, Isolated, N.O.	Allen-Bradley	Digital
5069-OX4I	4 Point AC/DC Relay Output, Isolated, N.O./N.C.	Allen-Bradley	Digital
•			•

- 8. Configure the I/O module.
- 9. At the New Module window, configure the module properties and click OK.

New Module			
General*	General		
- Models info - Channels - Channels - Channel - Cha	Type: Vendor: Parent: Name: Description:	569-F8 8 Channel Volkage Curret Analog Input Alen-Baday menda, 569, Jackser renda, yok_curret, analog. Input	Sid: 1
	Module Defin Series: Revision: Bectronic K Connection Input Data	on A 2005 Compatible Module Date Analog Date Change	
Status: Creating			OK Cancel Help

- 10. If you add a module while online, then at the warning dialog box, click Yes.
  - **TIP** If you inhibit the module connection, you must remember to uninhibit the connection later.

A	DANGER. Online module creation.
	Creating new module online could affect running system.
	To prevent module creation from affecting running system, create module with connection(s) inhibited.
	Inhibit module connection(s).
	Create new module online?

11. Close the Select Module Type dialog box.

After you add the remote I/O module, consider the following:

- To add remote I/O modules in the same remote location:
  - If you cleared the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>7...8</u>.
  - If you did not clear the Close on Create checkbox when you created the first I/O module, repeat steps <u>6</u>...<u>8</u>.
- To add remote I/O modules in another new remote location, repeat steps <u>1...11</u>.

# Add to the I/O Configuration While Online

#### **Applies to these controllers:**

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can add local and remote I/O modules and other devices to the controller configuration while the project is online.

**IMPORTANT** To add I/O modules when the controller is online, the controller mode switch must be in the REM or PROG position.

The Compact 5000 I/O modules must already be installed in the system. You cannot install Compact 5000 I/O modules when the system is powered.

The modules and devices you can add while online depends on the software version that you use. Later versions have more modules and devices that can be added while online.

Add-on Profiles (AOP) for modules are made available between releases of different Logix Designer application versions. There are cases in which, after you download and install the AOP file for a module, you can add the module to a project while online.

To see a list of the available AOP files, go to:

https://download.rockwellautomation.com/esd/download.aspx?downloadid=addonprofiles

For more information about how to add to the I/O Configuration while online, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Design Considerations Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM094.</u>

## Modules and Devices That Can Be Added While Online

You can add these modules and devices to the CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller I/O configuration while online with Logix Designer, version 28 or later.

- Compact 5000 I/O modules As local or remote I/O modules
- Compact 5000 I/O EtherNet/IP adapters
- 1756 ControlLogix EtherNet/IP modules
- 1756 ControlLogix I/O modules

IMPORTANT	These modules <b>cannot</b> be added while online:
	<ul> <li>1756 ControlLogix Motion modules (1756-M02AE, 1756-HYD02, 1756-M02AS, 1756-M03SE, 1756-M08SE, 1756-M08SEG, 1756-M16SE)</li> </ul>
	ControlLogix 1756-RIO
	ControlLogix 1756-SYNCH
	Safety I/O

# Determine When Data Is Updated

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

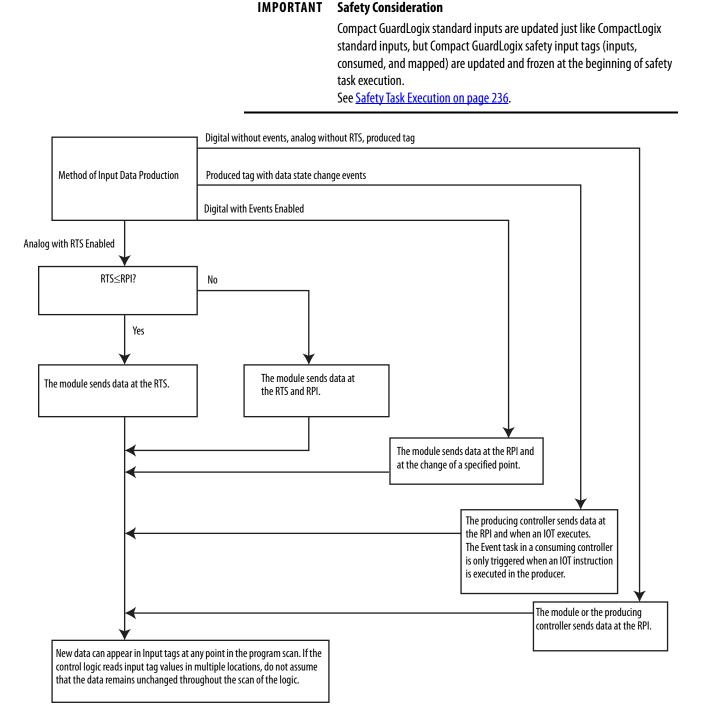
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

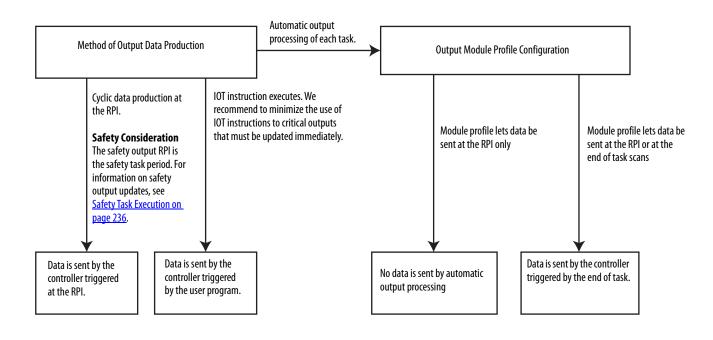
CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers update data asynchronously with the execution of logic. See these flowcharts to determine when a controller, input module, or bridge sends data:

- Input Data Update Flowchart
- Output Data Update Flowchart

## Input Data Update Flowchart



## **Output Data Update Flowchart**



# Notes:

# Safety I/O Devices

Торіс	Page
Add Safety I/O Devices	191
Configure Safety I/O Devices	192
Using Network Address Translation (NAT) with CIP Safety Devices	194
Set the SNN of a Safety I/O Device	196
Connection Reaction Time Limit	200
Safety I/O Device Signature	201
I/O Device Address Format	203
Replace a Safety I/O Device	204

# Add Safety I/O Devices

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

When you add a safety I/O device to the system, you must define a configuration for the device, including the following:

• Node address for DeviceNet® networks

IMPORTANT	A Compact GuardLogix® 5380 controller can access devices on a DeviceNet network only via a linking devices, for example, the 1788-EN2DN linking device.
	The controller can communicate with devices on the DeviceNet network. However, typically Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers

use EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> networks to communicate with safety devices.

- IP address for EtherNet/IP networks
- Safety network number (SNN). To set the SNN, see page 196.
- Configuration signature. See <u>page 201</u> for information on when the configuration signature is set automatically and when you must set it.
- Reaction time limit. See <u>page 200</u> for information on setting the reaction time limit.
- Safety input, output, and test parameters complete the module configuration

IMPORTANT	•	You cannot add Safety I/O Devices while online with the controller.
	•	You can configure safety I/O devices via the Compact GuardLogix 5380
		controller by using the Studio 5000 Logix Designer® application.
	•	The Discover Modules feature is not compatible with safety I/O devices.

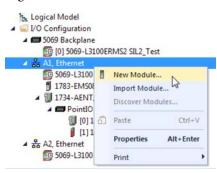
# **Configure Safety I/O Devices**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Add the safety I/O device to the I/O Configuration folder.

- **TIP** Some safety I/O devices support both standard and safety data. The Module Definition defines what data is available.
- 1. Right-click the Ethernet network and choose New Module.



- 2. From the Catalog tab, select the safety I/O device.
  - **TIP** Use the filters to reduce the list of modules to choose from.

Enter Search Text for	Module Type Qlear	Filters		Hide Filters
Module	Type Category Filters		Module Type Vendor Filters	
PowerMonitor 5000 \$	Series	Allen-Bradi	ey	1
Programmable Logi	ic Controller	Endress+H	auser	
Safety	(E)	FANUC CO	RPORATION	
SCANport Drives on	EtherNet/IP +	FANUC Ro	botics America	
<ul> <li>Catalog Number</li> </ul>	Description	Vendor	Category	
1791ES-IB16	16 Point 24 VDC Sink Safety Input	Allen-Bradley	Safety Digital	
1791ES-IB8XOBV4	8 Point 24 VDC Sink Safety Input, 8 Point 24	Allen-Bradley	Safety,Digital	
2094-EN02D-M01-S1	Kinetix 6500 Single Axis Ethernet Safe Spee	Allen-Bradley	Safety, Drive, Motion	
2198-H003-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 1A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe Torq	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	1
2198-H008-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 2.5A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe To	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	
2198-H015-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 5A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe Torq	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	
2198-H025-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 8A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe Torq	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	
2198-H040-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 13A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe Tor	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	
2198-H070-ERS2	Kinetix 5500, 23A, 195-528 Volt, CIP Safe Tor	Allen-Bradley	Drive,Motion,Safety	
ETHEDNIET.CAFE	Canadia EthanhintaD Calabi Madula	Allon-Bradlou	Cofety Other	
12 of 372 Module Types F				Add to Favorites

3. Click Create.

4. Type a name for the new device.

5. To modify the Module Definition settings, click Change (if necessary).

IMPORTANTFor safety I/O devices, do not use Disable Keying.For more information on Electronic Keying, see <a href="mailto:page 176">page 176</a>.

6. Enter the node address for DeviceNet networks, or the IP address for EtherNet/IP networks.

Only unused node numbers are included in the pull-down menu.

If your network uses network address translation (NAT), see <u>Using</u> <u>Network Address Translation (NAT) with CIP Safety Devices on</u> page 194.

7. To modify the Safety Network Number, click the <u>button</u> (if necessary).

See <u>page 196</u> for details.

8. Set the Connection Reaction Time Limit by using the Safety tab.

See <u>page 200</u> for details.

9. To complete the configuration of the safety I/O device, refer to the user documentation and the Logix Designer online help.

# Using Network Address Translation (NAT) with CIP Safety Devices

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

NAT translates one IP address to another IP address via a NAT-configured router or switch. The router or switch translates the source and destination addresses within data packets as traffic passes between subnets.

This service is useful if you must reuse IP addresses throughout a network. For example, NAT makes it possible for devices to be segmented into multiple identical private subnets while maintaining unique identities on the public subnet, such as for multiple identical machines or lines.

This section only applies to safety users where the controller and the devices it talks to are on separate sides of the NAT-configured router or switch.

With CIP Safety<sup>™</sup>, the IP address of the device is part of the unique node reference that is part of the protocol. The device compares the IP address portion of the unique node reference in CIP Safety packets to its own IP address, and rejects any packets where they do not match. The IP address in the unique node reference must be the NAT'ed IP address. The controller uses the translated address, but the CIP Safety protocol requires the actual address of the device.

If you are using NAT to communicate with a CIP Safety device, follow these steps to set the IP address.

1. In the IP Address field, type the IP address that the controller will use.

This is usually the IP address on the public network when using NAT.

New Module					
General* Connection	Safety Module Info	Input Configuration	Test Output	Output Configuration	Internet Protocol Port C
Type: 173 Vendor: Aller Parent: Loca	2ES-IB8XOB8 8 Point 24 n-Bradley		t, 8 Point 24V Ethernet	DC Source Safety Outp Address ie Network: 192. dress: 192 - 168	168.1. • 10 . 25 Advanced
Status: Creating				ОК	Cancel Help

2. To open the Advanced Ethernet Settings dialog box, click Advanced.

Advanced Ethernet Settings	×
Vodule and controller communicate through Netwo	ork Address Translation (NAT) devices.
Module address used by controller:	192 . 168 . 10 . 25
Actual module address:	• • •
192.168.10.25	This Module
	Cancel Help

- 3. Check the checkbox to indicate that this module and the controller communicate through NAT devices.
- 4. Type the Actual module address.
  - **TIP** If you configured the IP address using the rotary switches, this is the address that you set on the device. Alternately, the Actual module address is the same address that is shown on the device Internet Protocol tab.
- 5. Click OK.

# Set the SNN of a Safety I/O Device

Applies to these controllers:	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

A time-based SNN is automatically assigned when you add the first safety I/O device on the network. This does not apply to the controller backplane or Ethernet ports since the controller counts as a device on the network.

When subsequent safety devices are added to the same network, they are assigned the same SNN as defined in the lowest address on that CIP Safety network, or the controller itself in the case of ports attached to the controller.

For most applications, the automatic, time-based SNN is sufficient.

If your application requires you to manually assign the SNN of safety I/O devices, you only have to assign the SNN of the first safety I/O device you add in a remote network or backplane. Logix Designer then assigns the SNN of the first device to any additional devices that you add to that same remote network or backplane.

For an explanation of the Safety Network Number, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

## Change a Safety I/O Device SNN

Follow these steps to change the safety I/O device SNN to a manual assignment:

- 1. Right-click the remote EtherNet/IP communication module in the I/O Configuration tree, and select New Module.
- 2. Select your safety I/O device, and click Create.
- 3. On the New Module configuration dialog, click .... to the right of the safety network number.

Cora	nection Safety Module Inf	o Input Configuration Test Output	t
Type: Vendor: Parent:	1734-IB8S 8 Point 24V DC Rockwell Automation/Aller Remote_Safety_I0_2		
Name:	Remote_Safety_Input	Module Number:	1 •
Description:		Safety Network Number:	41F8_038C_6974
Module Defi	nition		
Series:	В	Change	
Revision:	2.1	Cridingo	
Electronic K	eying: Compatible Module	9	
Configured	By: This Controller	*	
Input Data:	Safety		
Output Data	Test		
	Pt. Status	-	

- 4. On the Safety Network Number dialog box, select Manual
- 5. Enter the SNN as a value from 1...9999 (decimal).

Format:		Generate
Manual		
Backplane: 4	(Decimal)	)
Number:	B	
0001_0000_0004	(Hex)	Сору
		Paste
		Set
ОК	Cancel	Help

- 6. Click OK.
- 7. On the New Module configuration dialog, click OK.

Туре:								
Vendor: Parent:	Rock		oint 24V DC S mation/Allen-B v_10_2					
Name: Description:	Rem	ote_Safe	ty_Input	*	0.0000	e Number: Network er:	1 • 0001_0000_0004 Backplane: 4	
Module Def Series: Revision: Electronic K Configured Input Data: Output Data Input Status	Keying: By: a:		tible Module Introller us	Change	• III •			

## Copy and Paste a Safety I/O Device Safety Network Number (SNN)

If you must apply an SNN to other safety I/O devices, you can copy and paste the SNN. There are multiple ways to copy and paste safety I/O device SNNs.

Copy a Safety I/O Device SNN

From the Module Properties General Tab:

- 1. On the General tab, select and highlight the SNN.
- 2. Press Ctrl-C to copy the SNN.

General	Connection	Safety	Module Info	Input Config	uration	Test Output			
Type: Vendor: Parent	Ro		Point 24V DC omation/Allen- ty_I0_2						
Name: Remote_Safety_Input				Module Number: 1					
Description:		* *			Safet Numb	y Network ber:	0001_0000_0004		
Modul	e Definition								
Series Revisi	on:	B 2.1		Change	·				
Config	onic Keying: jured By:	This C	atible Module Controller		-				
Output D	t Data:	Safet	y		8				
Input S	Status:	Pt. Sta	atus		•				

From the Safety Network Number dialog:

- 1. On the Module Properties General Tab, click \_\_\_\_\_ to the right of the safety network number to open the Safety Network Number dialog.
- 2. On the Safety Network Number dialog, either click Copy, or click in the SNN field and Press Ctrl-C.

Format:		
Time-based		Generate
Manual		
Backplane: 4	(Decimal)	
Number:		
0001_0000_0004	(Hex)	Сору
		Paste
		Set

#### Paste a Safety I/O Device SNN

1. On the Module Properties General tab, click \_\_\_\_\_ to the right of the safety network number to open the Safety Network Number dialog.

General	Connecti	ion Safety	Module Info	Input Config	guration	Test Output			
Type: Vendor Parent	: F		Point 24V DC tomation/Allen- ety_I0_2						
Name: Descrip		Remote_Saf	ety_Input	^ •		le Number: v Network ver:	1 • OCO	N	
	le Definitio						bidonpidrio.		
Serie	S	В		Change	t				
	son. ronic Keyir	2.1 or Comr	atible Module						
	igured By:	-	Controller						
Input	Data:	Safet	у		=				
Outp	ut Data:	Test			1				
Input	Status:	Pt. St	atus						

2. On the Safety Network Number dialog, either click Paste, or click in the SNN field and Press Ctrl-V.

Format:		
Time-based		Generate
Manual		
Backplane: 4	(Decimal)	
lumber:		
0001_0000_0004	(Hex)	Сору
		Paste
		Set
ОК	Cancel	Help

For an explanation on Safety Network Number, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012.</u>

# Connection Reaction Time Limit

Applies to these controllers:		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3		

These three values define the Connection Reaction Time Limit (CRTL).

Value	Default	Description
Requested Packet Interval (RPI) 10 ms (Inpu		How often the input and output packets are placed on the wire (network).
Timeout Multiplier	2	The Timeout Multiplier is essentially the number of retries before timing out.
Network Delay Multiplier	200	The Network Delay Multiplier accounts for any known delays on the wire. When these delays occur, timeouts can be avoided using this parameter.

If you adjust these values, then you can adjust the Connection Reaction Time Limit. If a valid packet is not received within the CRTL, the safety connection times out, and the input and output data is placed in the safe state (OFF).

IMPORTANT	The default values generate an Input connection reaction time limit of 40 ms. If no edits are made to the defaults, verify that this connection reaction time limit is used in the safety reaction time calculations.
	We recommend that you do not decrease the timeout multiplier and network delay multiplier from the default, as this could lead to nuisance connection drops.

**IMPORTANT** For applications with large banks of POINT Guard Safety I/O, the default connection reaction time limit can result in connection loss to the safety I/O modules. In these cases, it can be necessary to increase the RPI value from the default. Make sure that the new connection reaction time limit is used in the safety reaction time calculations.

For an explanation on reaction times, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

## Safety I/O Device Signature

Applies to these controllers:		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2		
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3		

Each safety device has a unique configuration signature that defines the module configuration. The configuration signature is composed of an ID number, date, and time, and is used to verify the configuration of the module.

## **Configuration Via the Logix Designer Application**

When the I/O device is configured by using the Logix Designer application, the configuration signature is generated automatically. You can view and copy the configuration signature via the Safety tab on the Module Properties dialog box.

Figure 35 - View and Copy the Configuration Signature

Module Prope	rties: Local (17	32ES-IB8XOB	8 1.001) ×							
General Conne	ection Safety	Module Info	Input Configure	ation Test	Output	Output Configu	ration Ir	nternet Protoco	Port Cc 🔹 🕨	1
Connection Type	Requested F Interval (RPI		ection Reaction ne Limit (ms)	Max Obs Network De	served elay (ms)	<b>+</b>				
Safety Input Safety Output		10 ≑	40.1 60.0		Reset Reset		Adva	anced		
Configuration S	wnership ←		(Hex)	Сору	]					
Time:	2:00:40 PM		ms							
Status: Offline					ОК	Cancel		Apply	Help	]

## Reset Safety I/O Device to Out-of-box Condition

If a Guard I/O<sup>™</sup> module was used previously, clear the existing configuration before installing it on a safety network by resetting the module to its out-of-box condition.

When the controller project is online, the Safety tab of the Module Properties dialog box displays the current configuration ownership. When the opened project owns the configuration, Local is displayed. When a second device owns the configuration, Remote is displayed, along with the safety network number (SNN), and node address or slot number of the configuration owner. Communication error is displayed if the device read fails.

If the connection is Local, you must inhibit the module connection before you reset ownership. Follow these steps to inhibit the module.

- 1. Right-click the module and choose Properties.
- 2. Click the Connection tab.
- 3. Check Inhibit Connection.
- 4. Click Apply and then OK.

3. Click Reset Ownership.

Follow these steps to reset the module to its out-of-box configuration when online.

- 1. Right-click the module and choose Properties.
- 2. Click the Safety tab.

Configuration Ownership: Local Reset Ownership

**TIP** You cannot reset ownership when there are pending edits to the module properties, when a safety signature exists, or when safety-locked.

## I/O Device Address Format

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

When you add a device to the I/O configuration folder, the Logix Designer application automatically creates controller-scoped tags for the device.

I/O information is presented as a set of tags. Each tag uses a structure of data, depending on the type and features of the I/O device. The name of a tag is based on the device name in the system.

A Safety I/O module address follows this example.

#### **EXAMPLE** Modulename.Type.Member

Where	ls	ls		
Modulename	The name of the safet	The name of the safety I/O device		
Туре	Type of data	Input: I Output: O		
Member	Specific data from the	I/O device		
	Input-only module	Modulename:l.RunMode <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:l.ConnectionFaulted <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:l.Input Members		
	Output-only module	Modulename:I.RunMode <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:I.ConnectionFaulted <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:O.Output Members		
	Combination I/O	Modulename:I.RunMode <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:I.ConnectionFaulted <sup>(1)</sup> Modulename:I.Input Members Modulename:O.Output Members		

#### Table 18 - Safety I/O Device Address Format

(1) This member is required.

#### Table 19 - More Resources

Resource	Description
Logix 5000 Controllers I/O and Tag Data Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM004</u>	Provides information on addressing standard I/O devices

## **Replace a Safety I/O Device**

Applies to these controllers:	
-------------------------------	--

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

This section provides information on replacing safety I/O devices when they are connected to Compact GuardLogix controllers.

## **Configuration Ownership**

When the controller project is online, the Safety tab of the Module Properties dialog box displays the current configuration ownership.

- When the opened project owns the configuration, Local is displayed.
- When a second device owns the configuration, Remote is displayed, along with the safety network number (SNN), and node address or slot number of the configuration owner.
- If the module read fails, Communication error is displayed.

If the connection is Local, you must inhibit the module connection before you reset ownership. Follow these steps to inhibit the module.

- 1. Right-click the module and choose Properties.
- 2. Click the Connection tab.
- 3. Check Inhibit Connection.
- 4. Click Apply and then OK.

## **Replacement Configuration**

You can use the Logix Designer application to replace a safety I/O device on an Ethernet network.

To replace a Guard I/O<sup>™</sup> module on a DeviceNet network, your choice depends on the type of module.

#### Table 20 - Software

If you are using a	Use	See
Safety I/O device on EtherNet/IP network.	The Logix Designer application	Below
1791DS Guard I/O module via a 1788-EN2DN linking device	Logix Designer application	Below
1734 POINT Guard I/O™ module via a 1788-EN2DN linking device and a 1734-PDN adapter	RSNetWorx <sup>™</sup> for DeviceNet software	See the POINT Guard I/O Safety Modules User Manual, publication <u>1734-UM013.</u>

• If you are relying on a portion of the CIP Safety system to maintain SIL or PL-rated behavior during device replacement and functional testing, the Configure Always feature cannot be used.

For more information, see <u>Replacement with 'Configure Only When</u>. <u>No Safety Signature Exists' Enabled on page 206</u>.

• If the entire routable CIP Safety control system is not being relied on to maintain SIL or PL-rated behavior during the replacement and functional testing of a device, the Configure Always feature can be used.

For more information, see <u>Replacement with 'Configure Always'</u> <u>Enabled on page 211</u>.

Safety I/O device replacement is configured on the Safety tab of the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller properties dialog box.

Figure 36 - Safety I/O Device Replacement

Nonvolatile Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Conf	iguration	Secu	irity	Alarm Log
General Major Faults	Minor Fault	ts Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety
Safety Application: Unlocke	d		Safety Lo	ock/Unlock.			
Safety Status:							
Safety Signature:			Ge	enerate	•		
ID: <none></none>				Сору			
Date:							
Date: Time: Protect Signature in F	iun Mode			)elete	•		
Time:		Only When No Safet			•		
Time: Protect Signature in F	Configure ( Configure (	Only When No Safety	/ Signature Exist	s	•		
Time:	Configure (	Only When No Safety	/ Signature Exist	\$	•		
Time: Protect Signature in F	Configure ( Configure (	Only When No Safety Always	/ Signature Exist	s J	•		
Time: Protect Signature in F When replacing Safety I/O: Safety Level:	Configure ( Configure ( Configure /	Dhly When No Safety Always plane 40D2 8/7/20 let 40D2	/ Signature Exist / Signature Exist 2_0442_79EA	s S (			

# Replacement with 'Configure Only When No Safety Signature Exists' Enabled

When a safety I/O device is replaced, the configuration is downloaded from the safety controller if the DeviceID of the new device matches the original. The DeviceID is a combination of the node/IP address and the SNN and is updated whenever the SNN is set.

If the project is configured as 'Configure Only When No Safety Signature Exists', follow the appropriate steps in <u>Table 21</u> to replace a safety I/O device based on your scenario. After you complete the steps, the DeviceID matches the original, and this enables the safety controller to download the proper device configuration, and re-establish the safety connection.

Compact GuardLogix Safety Signature Exists	Replacement Module Condition	Action Required
No	No SNN (Out-of-box)	None. The device is ready for use.
Yes or No	Same SNN as original safety task configuration	None. The device is ready for use.
Yes	No SNN (Out-of-box)	See Scenario 1 - Replacement Device Is Out-of-box and Safety Signature Exists on page 206.
Yes	Different SNN from original safety task	See Scenario 2- Replacement Device SNN Is Different from Original and Safety Signature Exists on page 208.
No	configuration	See Scenario 3 - Replacement Device SNN Is Different from Original and No Safety Signature Exists on page 210.

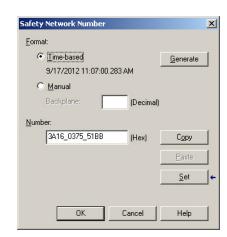
#### Table 21 - Replacing a Module

Scenario 1 - Replacement Device Is Out-of-box and Safety Signature Exists

- 1. Remove the old I/O device and install the new device.
- 2. Right-click the replacement safety I/O device and choose Properties.
- 3. To open the Safety Network Number dialog box, click ... to the right of the safety network number.

New Module	Anne Anne An	erie danas (pe	(institute)	x
General Connection	Safety Module Info	Input Configuration Test Output		
Vendor: Allen	-IB8S 8 Point 24V DC 9 -Bradley ote_PointGuard_moduk			
Name: Description:		Module Number:	1 40E2_041F_30C5	
Module Definition Series: Revision: Electronic Keying: Configured By: Input Data: Output Data: Input Status:	B 2.1 Compatible Module This Controller Safety Test Pt. Status	Change		
Status: Creating			OK Cancel	Help

4. Click Set.



5. Verify that the Network Status (NS) status indicator is alternating red/ green on the correct device before clicking Yes on the confirmation dialog box to set the SNN and accept the replacement device.

Set Safe	rty Network Number in Module
	DANGER. Setting Safety Network Number in module.
-	Network status indicator on module's front panel is alternating red and green to help validate module addressing.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to configure module, setting Safety Network Number will result in configuration ownership being granted to first controller that successfully configures module.
	If two or more controllers are attempting to connect to outputs of module, setting Safety Network Number will result in output ownership being granted to first controller that successfully connects to outputs.
	Set Safety Network Number?
	Yes     No     Help

6. Follow your company-prescribed procedures to functionally test the replaced I/O device and system and to authorize the system for use.

Scenario 2- Replacement Device SNN Is Different from Original and Safety Signature Exists

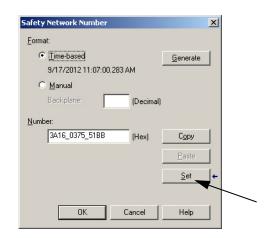
- 1. Remove the old I/O device and install the new device.
- 2. Right-click your safety I/O device and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.
- 4. Click Reset Ownership.

Module Propert	Module Properties: DNB_local (1791D5-IB8XOB8/A 1.1)						
General Connect	ion Safety Modul	e Info   Input Configura	ation Test Output	Output Configuration	on		
Connection Type Safety Input Safety Output	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms) 10	Connection Reaction Time Limit (ms) 40.1 30.1	Max Observed Network Delay (m 36.5 Res 28.3 Res	et Adva	anced		
Configuration Ov Reset Ow							
Configuration Sig		$\searrow$					
	36_9365		Сору				
	2/15/2004						
Time: 10	):56:59 AM 📑 11	l2 <u> </u> ms	```				
Status: Running	•	OK	Cancel	Apply	Help		

- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Right-click the device and choose Properties.
- 7. To open the Safety Network Number dialog box, click .... to the right of the safety network number.

New Module				×
Vendor: A	ion   Safety   Module Info  7344B85 8 Point 24V DC S Allen-Bradley Remote_PointGuard_module		1 40E2_041F_30C5	$\mathbf{)}$
Module Definitio Series: Revision: Electronic Keyin Configured By: Input Data: Output Data: Input Status:	B 2.1 Compatible Module	Change	6/23/2017 3:12:3 465 PM	
Status: Creating			OK Cancel	Help

8. Click Set.



 Verify that the Network Status (NS) status indicator is alternating red/ green on the correct device before clicking Yes on the confirmation dialog box to set the SNN and accept the replacement device.

Set Safe	ty Network Number in Module
1	DANGER. Setting Safety Network Number in module. Network status indicator on module's front panel is alternating red and green to help validate module addressing. If two or more controllers are attempting to configure module, setting Safety Network Number will result in configuration ownership being granted to first controller that successfully configures module. If two or more controllers are attempting to connect to outputs of module, setting Safety Network Number will result in output ownership being granted to first controller that successfully connects to outputs. Set Safety Network Number?
	Ves No Help

10. Follow your company-prescribed procedures to functionally test the replaced I/O device and system and to authorize the system for use.

*Scenario 3 - Replacement Device SNN Is Different from Original and No Safety Signature Exists* 

- 1. Remove the old I/O device and install the new device.
- 2. Right-click your safety I/O device and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.

Module Propert	ies: DNB_local (17	91D5-IB8X0B8/A 1.	.1)	
General Connect	ion Safety Modul	e Info 🗍 Input Configura	ation   Test Output   Ou	tput Configuration
Connection Type	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Connection Reaction Time Limit (ms)	Max Observed Network Delay (ms)	
Safety Input	10 🜻	40.1	36.5 Reset	Advanced
Safety Output	10	30.1	28.3 Reset	]
Date: 12	nership gnature: 38_9365 //15/2004	(Hex)	Сору	
Status: Running	9	OK	Cancel	Apply Help

- 4. Click Reset Ownership.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Follow your company-prescribed procedures to functionally test the replaced I/O device and system and to authorize the system for use.

## **Replacement with 'Configure Always' Enabled**



**ATTENTION:** Enable the 'Configure Always' feature only if the entire CIP Safety Control System is **not** being relied on to maintain the safety controller's SIL/PL behavior during the replacement and functional testing of a device.

Do not place devices that are in the out-of-box condition on a CIP Safety network when the Configure Always feature is enabled, except while following this replacement procedure.

When the 'Configure Always' feature is enabled in the controller project, the controller automatically checks for and connects to a replacement device that meets all of these requirements:

- The controller has configuration data for a compatible device at that network address.
- The device is in out-of-box condition or has an SNN that matches the configuration.

If the project is configured for 'Configure Always', follow the appropriate steps to replace a safety I/O device.

- 1. Remove the old I/O device and install the new device.
  - a. If the device is in out-of-box condition, go to step <u>6</u>.
     No action is needed for the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller to take ownership of the device.
  - b. If an SNN mismatch error occurs, go to the next step to reset the device to out-of-box condition.
- 2. Right-click your safety I/O device and choose Properties.
- 3. Click the Safety tab.

🔲 Module Propert	Module Properties: DNB_local (1791D5-IB8XOB8/A 1.1)						
General Connec	tion Safety Module	e Info 🗍 Input C	Configuration	Test Outpu	ut   Outpu	t Configuration	d.,
Connection Type	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)	Connection Re Time Limit (		lax Observe work Delay i			
Safety Input	10 🌻		40.1		teset	Advan	ced
Safety Output	10		30.1	28.3 R	leset		
Configuration Ov	unarship: Local						
-							
Reset Ow							
Configuration Si	gnature:						
ID: 8a	8b_9365	(Hex)	Сору				
Data:	145 10004						
Date: 12	2/15/2004						
Time: 10	):56:59 AM 👘 11	2 <u>–</u> ms					
Status: Runnin	g		OK	Cance	el	Apply	Help

- 4. Click Reset Ownership.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Follow your company-prescribed procedures to functionally test the replaced I/O device and system and to authorize the system for use.

# Notes:

# **Develop Standard Applications**

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# Elements of a Control Application

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380

Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

A control application consists of several elements that require planning for efficient application execution. Application elements include the following:

- Tasks
- Programs
- Routines
- Parameters and Local Tags
- Add-On Instructions

Controller Fault Handler Task 32	
Task 1 Program 1000 Program 1 Program Tags and Program Parameters Fault Routine Other Routines	Configuration Status Watchdog
Controller (global) Tags Add-On Instruction Definition I/O	Data System-shared Data

Figure 37 - Elements of a Control Application

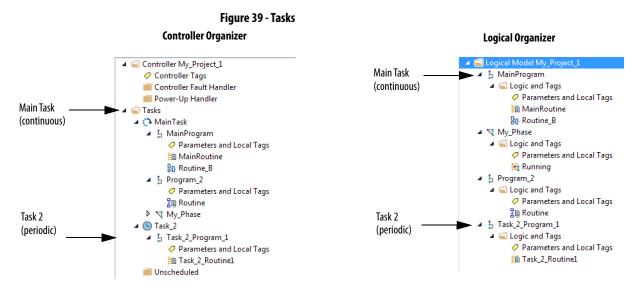
# Tasks

The controller lets you use multiple tasks to schedule and prioritize the execution of your programs based on criteria. This multitasking allocates the processing time of the controller among the operations in your application:

- The controller executes one task at a time.
- One task can interrupt the execution of another and take control based on its priority.
- In any given task, you can use multiple programs. One program executes at a time.
- You can display tasks in the Controller or Logical Organizer views, as necessary.
  - **TIP** A large number of tasks can make it difficult to optimally tune your system.

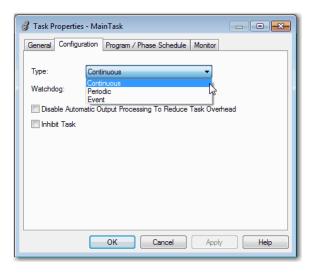
Figure 38 - Task Within a Control Application

Controller Fault Handler Task 32		
Task 1 Program 1000 Program 1 Program Tags and Program Parameters Fault Routine Other Routines	Configuration Status Period Watchdog	
Controller (global) Tags Definition	I/O Data	System-shared Data



A task provides scheduling and priority information for a set of one or more programs. Use the Task Properties dialog box to configure tasks as continuous, periodic, or event.

#### Figure 40 - Configuring the Task Type



<u>Table 22</u> explains the types of tasks you can configure.

Task Type	Task Execution	Description
Continuous	Constant	<ul> <li>The continuous task runs in the background. Any CPU time that is not allocated to other operations (such as motion and other tasks) is used to execute the programs in the continuous task.</li> <li>The continuous task runs constantly. When the continuous task completes a full scan, it restarts immediately.</li> <li>A project does not require a continuous task. If used, you use only one continuous task.</li> </ul>
Periodic	At a set interval, such as every 100 ms	<ul> <li>A periodic task performs a function at an interval.</li> <li>Whenever the time for the periodic task expires, the task interrupts any lower priority tasks, executes once, and returns control to where the previous task left off.</li> <li>You can configure the time period from 0.12,000,000.00 ms. The default is 10 ms. It is also controller and configuration dependent.</li> </ul>
Event	Immediately when an event occurs	<ul> <li>An event task performs a function when an event (trigger) occurs. The trigger for the event task can be the following:</li> <li>Module input data change of state</li> <li>A consumed tag trigger</li> <li>An EVENT instruction</li> <li>An axis trigger</li> <li>A motion event trigger</li> <li>You can configure an optional timeout interval for missed event triggers. The timeout interval causes the event tasks to execute even in the absence of the trigger. Set the Check the Execute Task If No Event Occurs Within &lt; timeout period&gt; checkbox for task.</li> </ul>

#### Table 22 - Task Types and Execution Frequency

The CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support up to 32 tasks. Only one of the tasks can be continuous.

A task can have up to 1000 programs, each with its own executable routines and program-scoped tags. Once a task is triggered (activated), the programs that are assigned to the task execute in the order in which they are grouped. Programs can appear only once in the Controller Organizer and multiple tasks cannot share them.

## Event Task with Compact 5000 I/O Modules

**TIP** Compact 5000<sup>™</sup> I/O safety input modules cannot trigger events.

Some Compact 5000 I/O digital input modules can trigger an Event task. For example, complete these steps to configure an Event task with a 5069-IB16F module input state change that triggers the event.

- 1. Configure the 5069-IB16F input module to trigger the Event task. The following tasks are required.
  - a. Use the **Data with Events** connection type in the 5069-IB16F module definition.
  - b. Enable the Event.
  - c. Select at least one point on the module to participate in the event.
  - d. Define what constitutes an event, for example, a state change from Off to On.
  - e. Choose which edge of the event triggers the event. That is, the rising edge, the falling edge, or both can trigger an event.

You can also latch an event and enable independent point triggers.

- 2. Create an Event task in your project.
- 3. Configure the Event task.
  - You must choose the event trigger. For example, you can choose Module Input Data State Change as the trigger.
  - Link the task to the appropriate Event Input tag on the module.

For more information on how to use event tasks with Compact 5000 I/O modules, see the Compact 5000 I/O Digital and Safety Module User Manual, publication <u>5000-UM004</u>

For more information on how to use event tasks in general, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Tasks, Programs, and Routines Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM005</u>.

## **Task Priority**

Each task in the controller has a priority level. The operating system uses the priority level to determine which task to execute when multiple tasks are triggered. A higher priority task interrupts any lower priority task. The continuous task has the lowest priority and a periodic or event task interrupts it.

The continuous task runs whenever a periodic task is not running. Depending on the application, the continuous task could run more frequently than the periodic tasks, or much less frequently. There can also be large variability in the frequency that the task is called, and its scan time (due to the effect of the other periodic tasks).

**IMPORTANT** If you configure multiple tasks with the same priority, the controller timeslices them, which de-optimizes their application. This is not recommended.

You can configure periodic and event tasks to execute from the lowest priority of 15 up to the highest priority of 1. Use the Task Properties dialog box to configure the task priority.

#### Figure 41 - Configure Task Priority

💰 Task Properties	- Task_2
General Configura	ation Program / Phase Schedule Monitor
Туре:	Periodic
Period:	10.000 ms
Priority:	10 (Lower Number Yields Higher Priority)
Watchdog:	500.000 ms
Disable Autom	atic Output Processing To Reduce Task Overhead
🔲 Inhibit Task	
	OK Cancel Apply Help

## Programs

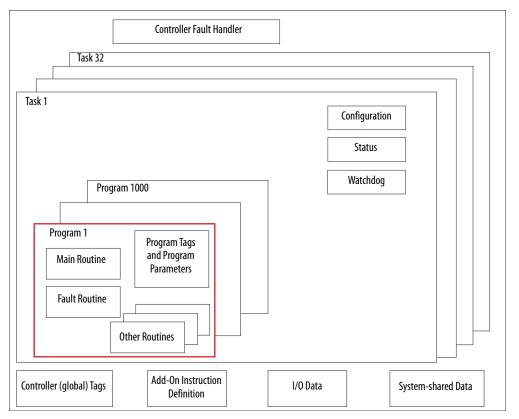
The controller operating system is a pre-emptive multitasking system that is in compliance with IEC 61131-3. This system provides the following:

- Programs to group data and logic
- Routines to encapsulate executable code that is written in one programming language

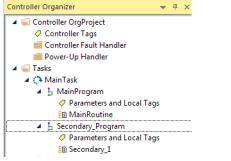
Each program contains the following:

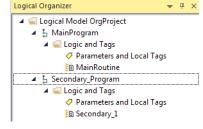
- Local Tags
- Parameters
- A main executable routine
- Other routines
- An optional fault routine

#### Figure 42 - Program Within a Control Application



#### Figure 43 - Programs





## **Scheduled and Unscheduled Programs**

The scheduled programs within a task execute to completion from first to last. Programs that are not attached to any task show up as unscheduled programs.

Unscheduled programs within a task are downloaded to the controller with the entire project. The controller verifies unscheduled programs but does not execute them.

You must schedule a program within a task before the controller can scan the program. To schedule an unscheduled program, use the Program/Phase Schedule tab of the Task Properties dialog box.

Figure 44 - Scheduling an Unscheduled Program

🦸 Task Properties - MainTask	
General Configuration Program / F	Phase Schedule Monitor
Unscheduled: Reserve_Program	Scheduled: MainProgram Secondary_Program Move
Add ->	<- Remove
ОК	Cancel Apply Help

## Routines

A routine is a set of logic instructions in one programming language, such as Ladder Diagram. Routines provide the executable code for the project in a controller.

Each program has a main routine. The main is the first routine to execute when the controller triggers the associated task and calls the associated program. Use logic, such as the Jump to Subroutine (JSR) instruction, to call other routines.

You can also specify an optional program fault routine. The controller executes this routine if it encounters an instruction-execution fault within any of the routines in the associated program.

#### Figure 45 - Routines in a Control Application

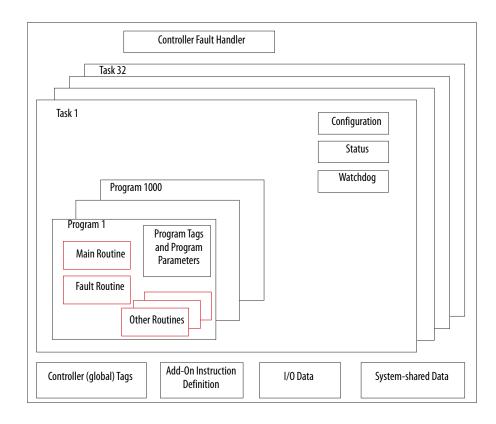
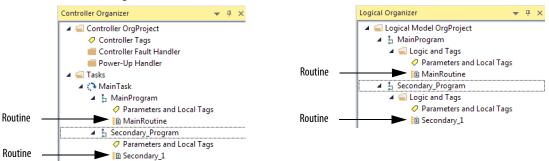


Figure 46 - Routines



# **Parameters and Local Tags**

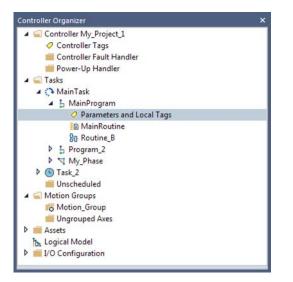
With a Logix 5000<sup>TM</sup> controller, you use a tag (alphanumeric name) to address data (variables). In Logix 5000 controllers, there is no fixed, numeric format. The tag name identifies the data and lets you do the following:

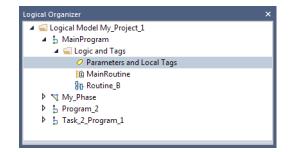
- Organize your data to mirror your machinery.
- Document your application as you develop it.

This example shows data tags that are created within the scope of the Main Program of the controller.

#### Figure 47 - Tags Example

#### Controller Organizer — Main Program Parameters and Local Tags





Logical Organizer — Main Program Parameters and Local Tags

#### Program Tags Window—Main Program Parameters and Local Tags

	So	cope: 🕞 Main Progr	am 👻 Sh	now: All Tags			-	<b>Y.</b> Enter Name Filter.		
		Name 📰 🛆	Usage	Alias For	Base Tag	Data Type	Description	External Access	Constant	Style
		north_tank_mix	Local			BOOL		Read/Write		Decimal
		north_tank_pr	Local			REAL		Read/Write		Float
Analog I/O Device		north_tank_temp	Local			REAL		Read/Write		Float
		+-one_shots	Local			DINT		Read/Write		Decimal
		+-recipe	Local			TANK		Read/Write		
Integer Value		+-recipe_number	Local			DINT		Read/Write		Decimal
Storage Bit		replace_bit	Local			BOOL		Read/Write		Decimal
Counter		+-running_hours	Local			COUNTER		Read/Write		
Timer		+-running_secon	Local			TIMER		Read/Write		
Digital I/O Device		start	Local			BOOL		Read/Write		Decimal
		stop	Local			BOOL		Read/Write		Decimal
	Þ									

There are several guidelines for how to create and configure parameters and local tags for optimal task and program execution. For more information, see the Logix 5000 Controllers and I/O Tag Data Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM004</u>.

## **Program Parameters**

Program parameters define a data interface for programs to facilitate data sharing. You can achieve data sharing between programs through either predefined connections between parameters, or directly through a special notation.

Unlike local tags, all program parameters are publicly accessible outside of the program. Additionally, HMI external access can be specified on individual basis for each parameter.

There are several guidelines for how to create and configure parameters and local tags for optimal task and program execution:

- Logix 5000 Controllers and I/O Tag Data Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM004</u>
- Logix 5000 Controllers Program Parameters Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM021</u>
- Logix 5000 Controllers Design Considerations Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM094</u>

## **Programming Languages**

The Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application supports these programming languages.

Language	Is best used in programs with
Ladder Diagram (LD)	Continuous or parallel execution of multiple operations (not sequenced)
	Boolean or bit-based operations
	Complex logical operations
	Message and communication processing
	Machine interlocking
	Operations that service or maintenance personnel have to interpret to troubleshoot the machine or process
	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : Ladder Diagram is the only programming language that can be used with the Safety Task on Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.
Function Block Diagram (FBD)	Continuous process and drive control
	Loop control
	Calculations in circuit flow
Sequential Function Chart (SFC)	High-level management of multiple operations
	Repetitive sequence of operations
	Batch process
	Motion control that uses Structured Text
	State machine operations
Structured Text (ST)	Complex mathematical operations
	Specialized array or table loop processing
	ASCII string handling or protocol processing

For information about programming in these languages, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Common Procedures Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM001</u>.

## **Add-On Instructions**

With the Logix Designer application, you can design and configure sets of commonly used instructions to increase project consistency. Similar to the built-in instructions that are contained in Logix 5000 controllers, these instructions you create are called Add-On Instructions.

Add-On Instructions reuse common control algorithms. With them, you can do the following:

- Ease maintenance by creating logic for one instance.
- Apply source protection to help protect intellectual property.
- Reduce documentation development time.

You can use Add-On Instructions across multiple projects. You can define your instructions, obtain them from somebody else, or copy them from another project. <u>Table 23</u> explains some of the capabilities and advantages of use Add-On Instructions.

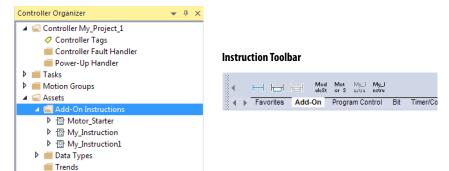
Capability	Description
Save Time	With Add-On Instructions, you can combine your most commonly used logic into sets of reusable instructions. You save time when you create instructions for your projects and share them with others. Add-On Instructions increase project consistency because commonly used algorithms all work in the same manner, regardless of who implements the project.IMPORTANT: You cannot edit AOIs while online. You can overwrite existing AOIs by using the partial import online feature.
Use Standard Editors	You use one of these editors to create Add-On Instructions: • Ladder Diagram • Function Block Diagram • Structured Text
Export Add-On Instructions	You can export Add-On Instructions to other projects and copy and paste them from one project to another. Give each instruction a unique, descriptive name to make it easier to manage and reuse your collection of Add-On Instructions.
Use Context Views	Context views let you visualize the logic of an instruction to perform instant and simple online troubleshooting of your Add-On Instructions.
Document the Instruction	When you create an instruction, you enter information for the description fields. Each instruction definition includes revision, change history, and description information. The description text also becomes the help topic for the instruction.
Apply Source Protection	When you create Add-On Instructions, you can limit users of your instructions to read-only access. You can also bar access to the internal logic or local parameters that the instructions use. This source protection lets you stop unwanted changes to your instructions and helps protect your intellectual property.

#### Table 23 - Add-On Instruction Capabilities

Once defined in a project, Add-On Instructions behave similarly to the built-in instructions in Logix 5000 controllers.

With Studio 5000 Logix Designer Version 31 and greater, Add-On Instructions appear under the Assets folder in the organizer. They appear on the instruction tool bar for easy access along with internal instructions.

#### Figure 48 - Add-On Instructions (Studio 5000 Logix Designer Version 31 Example)



## **Extended Properties**

The Extended Properties feature lets you define more information, such as limits, engineering units, or state identifiers for various components within the controller project.

Component	Extended Properties
Tag	In the tag editor, add extended properties to a tag.
User-defined data type	In the data type editor, add extended properties to data types.
Add-On Instructions	In the properties that are associated with the Add-On Instruction definition, add extended properties to Add-On Instructions.

cope: OL340ERM_applk +	Show: All Tags				<ul> <li>Texter Name Filte</li> </ul>	б°
Name	E .	Alias For	Base Tag	Style	Properties	
K5500_drive_1:S					문문 및4 All t+ Extended Pro	operties
K5500_drive2:S					▲ General Engineer	ing Unit 🗟
Remote_COMPACT_5000	IO_modules:1:C				Name State0	
A Remote_COMPACT_5000_	10_modules:1:1				Description	
A Remote_COMPACT_500	0_IO_modules:1:I				Usage Type	Base
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	Alias For	Cure
Remote_COMPACT_	S000_IO_modules:1	]		Deci	Base Tag	
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Float	Data Type	BOOL
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	Scope	L340ERM_application
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	External Access Style	Read/Write Decimal
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	Constant	No
Remote_COMPACT_	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	Required	
Remote_COMPACT	5000_IO_modules:1			Deci	Visible	
Remote_COMPACT_				Deci	> Data	
Remote COMPACT	and the second second			Deci	Produced Connection     Consumed Connection	
Remote COMPACT				Deci	Parameter Connections {0:0	0)
Remote_COMPACT_				Deci		New Connection

Pass-through behavior is the ability to assign extended properties at a higher level of a structure or Add-On Instruction and have that extended property automatically available for all members. Pass-through behavior is available for descriptions, state identifiers, and engineering units and you can configure it.

Configure pass-through behavior on the Project tab of the Controller Properties dialog box. If you choose not to show pass-through properties, only extended properties that are configured for a given component are displayed.

Pass-through behavior is **not** available for limits. When an instance of a tag is created, if limits are associated with the data type, the instance is copied.

Use the .@Min and .@Max syntax to define tags that have limits. There is no indication in the tag browser that limits extended properties are defined for a tag. If you try to use extended properties that have not been defined for a tag, the editors show a visual indication and the routine does not verify. Visual indicators include:

- A rung error in Ladder Logic.
- A verification error X in Function Block Diagrams.
- The error underlined in Structured Text.

You can access limit extended properties that the .@Min and .@Max syntax defines. However, you cannot write to extended properties values in logic.

For more information on Extended Properties, see the Logix 5000 Controllers I/O and Tag Data Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM004</u>.

# Access the Module Object from an Add-On Instruction

The MODULE object provides status information about a module. To select a particular module object, set the Object Name operand of the GSV/SSV instruction to the module name. The specified module must be present in the I/O Configuration section of the controller organizer and must have a device name.

You can access a MODULE object directly from an Add-On Instruction. Previously, you could access the MODULE object data but not from within an Add-On Instruction.

You must create a Module Reference parameter when you define the Add-On Instruction to access the MODULE object data. A Module Reference parameter is an InOut parameter of the MODULE data type that points to the MODULE Object of a hardware module. You can use module reference parameters in both Add-On Instruction logic and program logic.

Gener	al Parameters	Local Tags	Scan Modes	Signatu	2000	Data Conte:	xt: 1≝l Mod	uleStatu	is <definition></definition>	•
	Name	Usage	Data Type	Defa					GSV Class Name	Module
	EnableIn	Input	BOOL						Instance Name Attribute Name	
	EnableOut	Output	BOOL	-					Dest	EntrySts
	IO ModRef	InOut	MODULE	)						0

For more information on the Module Reference parameter, see the Logix Designer application online help and the Logix 5000 Controllers Add-On Instructions Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM010</u>.

The MODULE object uses these attributes to provide status information:

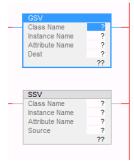
- EntryStatus
- FaultCode
- FaultInfo
- FWSupervisorStatus
- ForceStatus
- Instance
- LEDStatus
- Mode
- Path

# **Monitor Controller Status**

The controller uses Get System Value (GSV) and Set System Value (SSV) instructions to get and set (change) controller data. The controller stores system data in objects.

The GSV instruction retrieves the specified information and places it in the destination. The SSV instruction sets the specified attribute with data from the source. Both instructions are available from the Input/Output tab of the Instruction toolbar.

#### Figure 49 - GSV and SSV Instructions for Monitoring and Setting Attributes



When you add a GSV/SSV instruction to the program, the object classes, object names, and attribute names for the instruction are shown. For the GSV instruction, you can get values for the available attributes. For the SSV instruction, only the attributes that you can set are shown.

Some object types appear repeatedly, so you have to specify the object name. For example, there can be several tasks in your application. Each task has its own Task object that you access by the task name.

The GSV and SSV instructions monitor and set many objects and attributes. See the online help for the GSV and SSV instructions.

## **Monitor I/O Connections**

If communication with a device in the I/O configuration of the controller does not occur in an application-specific period, the communication times out and the controller produces warnings.

The minimum timeout period that, once expired without communication, causes a timeout is 100 ms. The timeout period can be greater, depending on the RPI of the application. For example, if your application uses the default RPI = 20 ms, the timeout period is 160 ms.

For more information on how to determine the time for your application, see the Knowledgebase Article <u>EtherNet/IP Reduced Heartbeats as of RSLogix5000</u> <u>version 16</u>.

When a timeout does occur, the controller produces these warnings;

- I/O Fault status information scrolls across the 4-character status display of the controller.
- A shows over the I/O configuration folder and over the devices that have timed out.
- A module fault code is produced. You can access the fault code via the following:
  - The Module Properties dialog box
  - A GSV instruction

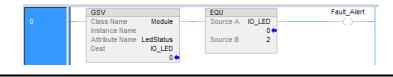
For more information about I/O faults, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Major, Minor, and I/O Faults Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.

## Determine If I/O Communication Has Timed Out

This example can be used with the CompactLogix 5380 or Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers, and help determine if controller communication has timed out:

- The GSV instruction gets the status of the I/O status indicator (via the LEDStatus attribute of the Module object) and stores it in the IO\_LED tag.
- IO\_LED is a DINT tag that stores the status of the I/O status indicator or status display on the front of the controller.
- If IO\_LED equals 2, at least one I/O connection has been lost and the Fault\_Alert is set.

#### Figure 50 - GSV Used to Identify I/O Timeout



#### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

Each Safety I/O module has a connection status in the module defined tag.

## Determine If I/O Communication to a Specific I/O Module Has Timed Out

If communication times out with a device (module) in the I/O configuration of the controller, the controller produces a fault code and fault information for the module. You can use GSV instructions to get fault code and information via the FaultCode and FaultInfo attributes of the Module object.

For Safety I/O modules, see Monitor Safety Connections on page 261.

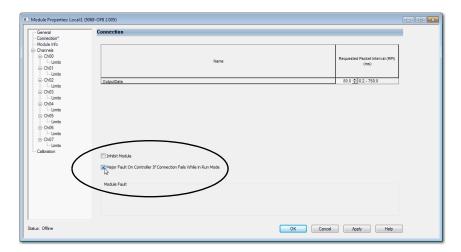
## Automatic Handling of I/O Module Connection Faults

You can use an I/O connection error to cause the Controller Fault Handler to execute. To do so, set the module property that causes a major fault to result from an I/O connection error. The major fault causes the execution of the Controller Fault Handler.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot program Safety I/O module connections or safety produce/consume connections to automatically cause a major fault on the controller. See <u>Develop Safety Applications on page 233</u>.

It can be important to interrupt your normal program scan to handle an I/O connection fault. In this case, set the 'Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While In Run Mode' and put the logic in the Controller Fault Handler.

#### Figure 51 - I/O Connection Fault Causes Major Fault



You can configure the application so that a response to a failed I/O module connection can wait until the next program scan. In this case, put the logic in a normal routine and use the GSV technique that is described on <u>page 229</u> to call the logic.

First, develop a routine in the Controller Fault Handler that can respond to I/O connection faults. Then, in the Module Properties dialog box of the I/O module or parent communication module, check Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Run Mode.

TIPIt takes at least 100 milliseconds to detect an I/O connection loss, even if the<br/>Controller Fault Handler is used.

For more information about programming the Controller Fault Handler, see the Logix 5000 Major, Minor, and I/O Faults Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.

## Sample Controller Projects

Logix Designer includes sample projects that you can copy and modify to fit your application. To access the sample projects, choose Sample Project in the Studio 5000° environment.

#### Figure 52 - Opening Sample Projects



# Notes:

# **Develop Safety Applications**

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Safety Add-On Instructions	237
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This chapter explains the components that constitute a safety project and provides information on using features that help protect safety application integrity, such as the safety signature and safety-locking.

The GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u> addresses the following topics:

- Guidelines and requirements for developing and commissioning safety applications, including the use of Add-on Profiles
- Creating a detailed project specification
- Writing, documenting, and testing the application
- Generating the safety signature to identify and help protect the project
- Confirming the project by printing or displaying the uploaded project and manually comparing the configurations, safety data, and safety program logic
- Verifying the project through test cases, simulations, functional verification tests, and an independent safety review, if necessary
- Locking the safety application

# Overview

Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

• Calculating system reaction time



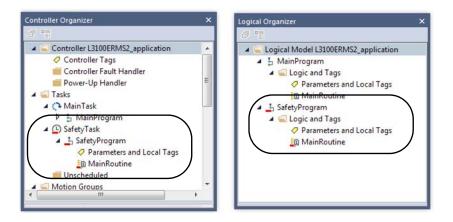
**ATTENTION:** Performing an on-line modification (to logic, data, or configuration) can affect the Safety Function(s) of the system if the modification is performed while the application is running. A modification should only be attempted if absolutely necessary. Also, if the modification is not performed correctly, it can stop the application. Therefore, when the safety signature is deleted to make an online edit to the safety task, before performing an online modification alternative safety measures must be implemented and be present for the duration of the update.

# **Safety Task**

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

When you create a safety controller project, the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application automatically creates a safety task with a safety program and a main (safety) routine.

Figure 53 - Safety Task in the Controller Organizer and Logical Organizer



Within the safety task, you can use multiple safety programs, which are composed of multiple safety routines. The Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers support one safety task. The safety task cannot be deleted.

You cannot schedule standard programs or execute standard routines within the safety task.

## **Safety Task Period**

The safety task is a periodic timed task. You set the task priority and watchdog time via the Task Properties - Safety Task dialog box.

To open the dialog box, right-click the Safety Task and choose Properties.

Figure 54 - Configure the Safety Task Period

General Config	guration*	Program Schedule Monitor
Туре:	Period	dic *
Period:	20	ms
Priority:	3	(Lower number yields higher priority)
Watchdog:	20.000	0 ms

To get the most consistent safety task execution time, and to minimize safety task watchdog faults, we recommend running the safety task as the highest priority user task.

You specify the safety task period (in ms) and the safety task watchdog (in ms). The safety task period is the elapsed time between successive starting times for the safety task. The safety task watchdog is the maximum time allowed from the start of safety task execution to its completion.

The safety task period is limited to a maximum of 500 ms and cannot be modified online. Be sure that the safety task has enough time to finish logic execution before it is triggered again. If a safety task watchdog timeout occurs, a nonrecoverable safety fault is generated in the safety controller.

The safety task period directly affects system reaction time.

For more information on how to calculate system reaction time, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

## **Safety Task Execution**

The safety task executes in the same manner as a standard periodic task, with these exceptions:

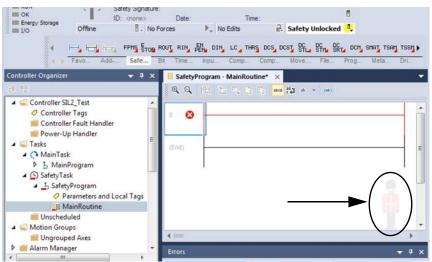
- All safety input tags (inputs, consumed, and mapped) are updated and frozen at the beginning of safety task execution. For more information on safety tag mapping, see <u>page 248</u>.
- Safety output packets (produced tags and output modules) are generated at the conclusion of safety task execution.
- When the controller does not have a safety signature and is not safety locked, the safety task can be held off until an online edit of a safety element completes.
- For a SIL 3/PLe application, the safety task does not begin executing until the controller and the internal safety partner establish their control partnership. Standard tasks begin executing as soon as the controller transitions to Run mode.

Safety programs have all attributes of standard programs, except that they can only be scheduled in the safety task and can only contain safety components. Safety programs can only contain safety routines. One safety routine must be designated as the main routine, and another safety routine can be designated as the fault routine.

Safety programs cannot contain standard routines or standard tags.

Safety routines have all attributes of standard routines, except that they exist only in a safety program. Only ladder diagram is supported for safety routines

A watermark feature visually distinguishes a safety routine from a standard routine.



## **Safety Programs**

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# **Safety Routines**

Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

## Safety Add-On Instructions

Applies	to these	controllers:
---------	----------	--------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# Safety Tags

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can create safety Add-On Instructions to be used in Safety applications. Safety Add On Instructions feature a safety instruction signature for use in safety-related applications up to and including SIL 2- and SIL 3-rated applications.

For more information, see the Logix 5000 Controllers Add On Instructions Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM010</u>.

Safety tags have all attributes of standard tags with the addition of mechanisms that are certified to provide SIL 2/PLd and SIL3/PLe data integrity.

When you create a tag, you assign the following properties:

- Name
- Description (optional)
- Tag type
- Data type
- Scope
- Class
- Style
- External Access
- If the tag value is a constant

IMPORTANTYou cannot create a standard alias tag of a safety tag. Instead, standard tags<br/>can be mapped to safety tags using safety tag mapping. See <a href="mailto:SafetyTag">Safety Tag</a><br/>Mapping on page 248.

The Logix Designer application can write to safety tags directly via the Tag Monitor when the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller is safety-unlocked, does not have a safety signature, and is operating without safety faults.

The controller does not allow writes to safety tag data from external human machine interface (HMI) devices or via message instructions from peer controllers. HMI devices can have read-only access to safety tags (depending on the External Access setting).

### Valid Data Types

The data type defines the type of data that the tag stores, such as bit or integer.

Data types can be combined to form structures. A structure provides a unique data type that matches a specific need. Within a structure, each individual data type is called a member. Like tags, members have a name and data type. You can create your own structures, such as arrays or user-defined data types.

Logix controllers contain predefined data types for use with specific instructions. Safety tags can be composed of the following:

- All primitive data types (for example, BOOL, SINT, INT, DINT, LINT, REAL)
- Predefined types that are used for safety application instructions
- User-defined types or arrays that are composed of the two types above

### Scope

The scope of a tag determines where you can access the tag data. When you create a tag, you define it as a controller tag (global data) or a program tag for a specific safety or standard program (local data). Safety tags can be controller-scoped or safety program-scoped.

Controller-scoped safety tags can be read by either standard or safety logic or other communication devices, but can be written by only safety logic or another safety controller. Program-scoped safety tags are accessible only by local safety routines. These are routines that reside within the safety program.

When you create program-scoped tags, the class is automatically specified, depending on whether you created the tag in a standard or a safety program. When you create controller-scoped tags, you must manually select the tag class.

When safety tags are controller-scoped, all programs have access to the safety data. Tags must be controller-scoped if they are used in these ways:

- Multiple programs in the project
- To produce or consume data
- In safety tag mapping

For more information, see Safety Tag Mapping on page 248.

Controller-scoped safety tags can be read, but not written to, by standard routines.

## **Program Parameters**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

# Produced/Consumed Safety Tags

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

For program parameters, a safety parameter cannot be connected with or bound to a standard parameter or controller-scoped tag.

For information on program parameters, see Program Parameters on page 224.

To transfer safety data between Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers, you use produced and consumed safety tags.

Tags that are associated with safety I/O and produced or consumed safety data must be controller-scoped safety tags. For produced/consumed safety tags, you must create a user-defined data type with the first member of the tag structure that is reserved for the status of the connection. This member is a predefined data type called CONNECTION\_STATUS.

**Table 24 - Produced and Consumed Connections** 

Tag	Connection Description
Produced	<ul> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can produce (send) safety tags to other GuardLogix controllers.</li> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers only support unicast produced tags.</li> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers do support producing a tag to up to 15 consumers if all consumers are configured to consume the tag unicast.</li> <li>The producing controller uses one connection for each consumer.</li> </ul>
Consumed	<ul> <li>Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can consume (receive) safety tags from other GuardLogix controllers in these configurations:</li> <li>If you have a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller (the producer) in the I/O tree of another Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller (the consumer), then the consumer can only consume a tag from the producer if the tag is unicast.</li> <li>If the producer controller is a GuardLogix 5570 controller, then a Compact GuardLogix 5380 consumer can only consume multicast or unicast tags.</li> <li>Each consumed tag consumes one connection.</li> </ul>

Produced and consumed safety tags are subject to these restrictions:

- Only controller-scoped safety tags can be shared.
- Produced and consumed safety tags are limited to 128 bytes.
- Produced/consumed tag pairs must be of the same user-defined data type.
- The first member of that user-defined data type must be the predefined CONNECTION\_STATUS data type.
- The requested packet interval (RPI) of the consumed safety tag must match the safety task period of the producing Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

To properly configure produced and consumed safety tags to share data between peer safety controllers, you must properly configure the peer safety controllers, produce a safety tag, and consume a safety tag, as described in this section.

## Configure the SNN for a Peer Safety Controller Connection

The peer safety controller is subject to the same configuration requirements as the local safety controller. The peer safety controller must also have a safety network number (SNN).

The safety application that is downloaded into the peer safety controller configures SNN values for each CIP Safety<sup>™</sup> port on the controller.

**Table 25 - SNN and Controller Placement** 

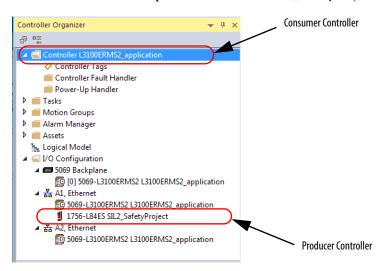
Peer Safety Controller Location	SNN
Placed in the local chassis	The user application on the peer controller generates an SNN value for the local backplane port of the controller.
Placed in another chassis	The controller must have a unique SNN.

For an explanation of the Safety Network Number, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

If the automatically assigned SNN of the producer controller does not match the SNN the controller actually uses, you can follow these steps to copy and paste the SNN.

- TIP When set the correct SNNs of the controller as described in <u>Assign the Safety</u> <u>Network Number (SNN) on page 78</u>, it results in the producer controller being assigned the correct SNN. In these cases, you need not perform this procedure.
- 1. Add the producer controller to the I/O tree of consumer controller.

In this example, the producer controller is accessed via an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network through the A1 Ethernet port. Set the A1 port SNN to the same SNN as the Ethernet port SNN from the SIL2\_SafetyProject.



2. In the producer controller project, right-click the producer controller and choose Controller Properties.

3. On the Safety tab, click the investigation of the port (Ethernet or Backplane) that communicates with the consumer controller. This opens the Safety Network Number dialog box.

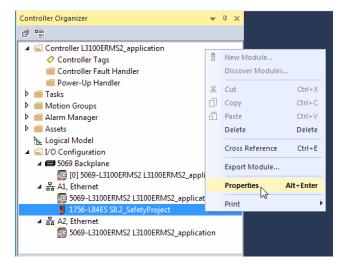
G Controller Properties - SIL2	_SafetyProject						×
Nonvolatile Memory C	apacity Int	ternet Protocol	Port Config	guration	Securi	ity	Alarm Log
General Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety
Safety Application: Unlocked	1		Safety Loo	ck/Unlock			
Safety Signature:			Ger	nerate	•		
ID: <none> Date:</none>			0	ору			
Time:			D	elete	•		
Protect Signature in Ru	un Mode						
When replacing Safety I/O:		When No Safety	Signature Exists	1	•		
Safety Level:	SIL2/PLd				•		
Safety Network Numbers:	1756 Backplane 1756-A10		_03DB_F68C 17 1:59:07.148 PN	6			
	Ethernet		_03DB_F68D 17 1:59:07.149 PM	6			
			ок	Cancel	Арр	oly	Help

4. Copy the producer controller SNN.

Safety Network Number
Format:
Time-based     Generate
6/16/2017 1:59:07.149 PM
⊘ Manual
EtherNet/IP: (Decimal)
Number:
40DB_03DB_F68D (Hex) Copy
Paste
OK Cancel Help

**TIP** You can also copy the SNN directly from the Safety Tab. On the Safety tab, select the cell with the SNN. Right-click and select Copy (or press Ctrl-C).

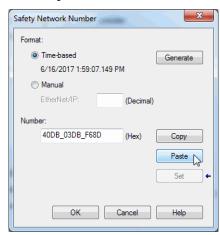
5. In the I/O tree of the consumer controller project, right-click on the module that represents the producing controller, and choose Properties.



6. On the Module Properties General tab, click 🗔 to open the Safety Network Number dialog.

General (	Connection	Module Info	Internet Protocol	Port Configura	tion Time Sync	
Type:	175	6-L84ES Guard	Logix® 5580 Safet	y Controller		
Vendor:	Roc	kwell Automatio	n/Allen-Bradley			
Parent:	Loc	al				
Name:	SIL	2_SafetyProjec	1		Ethernet Address	
Descriptio	n:			^	Private Network:     O IP Address:	192.168.1. 20 ×
	Definition			Ŧ	Safety Network	Advanced
Revisio Electro Conne	nic Keying:	31.001 Compatible I None	Nodule		Number:	4103_03D7_58F8
atus: Offlir			C	hange	OK Can	cel Apply Help

7. Paste the producer controller SNN into the SNN field and click OK.



The safety network numbers match.

#### Producer Controller Properties Dialog Box in Producer Project

Nonvolatile Memory	Capacity Internet	Protocol	Port Confi	guration	Secu	rity	Alarm Log
General Major Faults	Minor Faults Dat	te/Time	Advanced	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety
Safety Application: Unlocke Safety Status:	d		Safety Lo	ck/Unlock			
Safety Signature:			Ge	nerate	•		
ID: <none> Date:</none>			(	Copy			
Time:			D	elete	•		
Protect Signature in F	un Mode						
When replacing Safety I/O:	Configure Only When	n No Safety S	Signature Exists	8	•		
When replacing Safety I/O: Safety Level:	Configure Only When SIL2/PLd	n No Safety S	Signature Exists	\$	•		
		40DB_	03DB_F68C 7 1:59:07.148 PI	. [	•		
Safety Level:	SIL2/PLd 1756 Backplane,	40DB_ 6/16/201 40DB_		( A	•	<	

#### Producer Module Properties Dialog Box in Consumer Project

Vendor: Parent:	Rockwell Automation/Allen-Bradley	
Name: Description:	SIL2_SafetyProject	Ethemet Address  Private Network: 192.168.1. 20  Private Network: 192.168.1. 20  Private Network:
Module Defin Revision: Electronic Ke Connection	31.001	Advanced  Safety Network 40DB_03DB_F68D 6/16/2017 1.59:07.149 PM

## **Produce a Safety Tag**

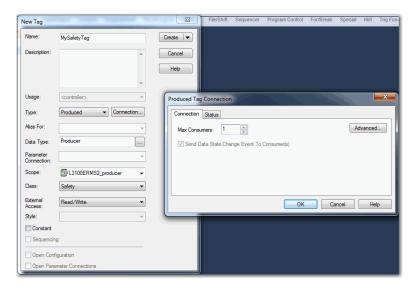
Complete these steps to produce a safety tag.

1. In the producing controller project, create a user-defined data type defining the structure of the data to be produced.

Make sure that the first data member is of the CONNECTION\_STATUS data type.

For more information on the CONNECTION\_STATUS data type, see Monitor Safety Connections on page 261

- 2. Right-click Controller Tags and choose New Tag.
- 3. Set the type as Produced, the class as Safety, and the Data Type to the user-defined data type you created in <u>step 1</u>.
- Click Connection and enter the max limit on the number of consumers (1...15).



- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Click Create.

## **Consume Safety Tag Data**

Follow these steps to consume data that is produced by another controller.

**IMPORTANT** Logix Designer does not download a project if you try to consume a safety tag from a remote controller that has disable keying enabled.

- 1. In the consumer controller project, create a user-defined data type identical to the one created in the producer project (the names of the user-defined data types must match).
  - **TIP** The user-defined data type can be copied from the producer project and pasted into the consumer project.
- 2. Right-click Controller Tags and choose New Tag.
- 3. Set the Type as Consumed, the Class as Safety, and the Data Type to the user-defined data type you created in <u>step 1</u>.

New Tag		×
Name:	ConsumerSafetyTag	Create 🛛 🔻
Description:	*	Cancel
		Help
	~	
Usage:	<controller></controller>	
Туре:	Consumed   Connection	
Alias For:	-	
Data Type:	MySafetyTag	
Parameter Connection:		
Scope:	L3100ERMS2_consumer	
Class:	Safety 🔹	
External Access:	Read/Write 🔹	
Style:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Constant		
Sequencing	1	
Open Config	guration	

4. Click Connection to open the Consumed Tag Connection dialog box.

Consumed Tag C	onnection
Connection Sa	fety Status
Producer:	L3100ERMS2_producer
Remote Data:	MySafetyTag
	(Tag Name or Instance Number)
RPI:	20 ms The RPI must match the safety task period of the producing controller.
🔽 Use Unicas	t Connection over EtherNet/IP
	OK Cancel Help

- 5. From the Producer pull-down menus, select the controller that produces the data.
- 6. In the Remote Data field, enter the name of the produced tag.
- 7. Click the Safety tab.
- 8. In the Requested Packet Interval (RPI) field, enter the RPI for the connection in 1 ms increments. The default is 20 ms.
- The RPI specifies the period when data updates over a connection. The RPI of the consumed safety tag must match the safety task period of the producing safety project.

#### **Consumer Project**

Consumed Tag Connection	Task Properties - SafetyTask
Connection Safety Status	General Configuration Program Schedule Monitor
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): 20 mm s (1 - 500) Advanced	Type: Periodic 👻
Connection Reaction Time Limit: 80.0 ms	Period: 20 ms
Max Network Delay: 0.0 ms Reset Max 🗰	Priority: 10 (Lower number yields higher priority)
	Watchdog: 20.000 ms
OK Cancel Help	
	OK Cancel Apply Help

- The Connection Reaction Time Limit is the maximum age of safety packets on the associated connection. For simple timing constraints, you can achieve an acceptable Connection Reaction Time Limit by adjusting the safety task period of the producing controller, which adjusts the RPI.
- The Max Network Delay is the maximum observed transport delay from the time the data was produced until the time the data was received. When online, click Reset Max to reset the Max Network Delay.
- 9. If the Connection Reaction time limit is acceptable, click OK.
  - **TIP** If a safety consumed tag has the error code: "16#0111 Requested Packet Interval (RPI) out of range," check that the consumed tag RPI matches the producer safety task period.

## Producer Project

10. If your application has more complex requirements, click Advanced on the Safety tab to access the Advanced Connection Reaction Time Limit parameters.

Advanced Connection Reaction Tir	me Limit Configuration
Requested Packet Interval (RPI):	20 ms (1 - 500)
Timeout Multiplier:	2 (1 - 4)
Network Delay Multiplier:	200 🔪 % of RPI (10 - 600%)
Connection Reaction Time Limit:	80.0 ms
ок	Cancel Help

- The Timeout Multiplier determines the number of RPIs to wait for a packet before declaring a connection timeout.
- The Network Delay Multiplier defines the message transport time that is enforced by the CIP Safety protocol. The Network Delay Multiplier specifies the round-trip delay from the producer to the consumer and back to the producer.

You can use the Network Delay Multiplier to increase or decrease the Connection Reaction Time Limit.



**ATTENTION:** If you decrease the timeout multiplier or network delay multiplier below the defaults, this could cause nuisance safety connection losses. If you use wireless networks, you may need to increase the values above the default.

#### Table 26 - More Resources

Resource	Description
Connection Reaction Time Limit on page 200	Provides more information on how to set the RPI and understand how the Max. Network Delay, Timeout Multiplier, and Network Delay Multipliers affect the Connection Reaction Time
Monitor Safety Connections on page 261	Contains information on the CONNECTION_STATUS predefined data type
Logix 5000 Controllers Produced and Consumed Tags Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM011</u>	Provides detailed information on using produced and consumed tags

# **Safety Tag Mapping**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
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Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

A safety routine cannot directly access standard tags. To allow standard tag data to be used within safety task routines, the Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers provide a safety tag mapping feature that lets standard tag values be copied into safety task memory.

Mapped tags are copied from the standard tags to their corresponding safety tags at the beginning of the safety task. This can increase the safety task scan time.

**TIP** Standard task routines can directly read safety tags.

## Restrictions

Safety tag mapping is subject to these restrictions:

- The safety tag and standard tag pair must be controller-scoped.
- The data types of the safety and standard tag pair must match.
- Alias tags are not allowed.
- Mapping must take place at the whole tag level. For example, myTimer.pre is not allowed if myTimer is a TIMER tag.
- A mapping pair is one standard tag mapped to one safety tag.
- You cannot map a standard tag to a safety tag that has been designated as a constant.
- Tag mapping cannot be modified when the following is true:
  - The project is safety-locked.
  - A safety signature exists.
  - The key switch is in RUN position.
  - A nonrecoverable safety fault exists.
  - An invalid partnership exists between the controller and internal safety partner



**ATTENTION:** When you use standard data in a safety routine, you must verify that the data is used in an appropriate manner. Using standard data in a safety tag does not make it safety data. You must not directly control a safety output with standard tag data.

For more information, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

## **Create Tag Mapping Pairs**

1. To open the Safety Tag Mapping dialog box, choose Map Safety Tags from the Logic menu.

arety	Tag Mapping			
*	Standard Tag Name	▲ Safety Tag Nam	e •	Close Help
				Delete Row

2. Add an existing tag to the Standard Tag Name or Safety Tag Name column by typing the tag name into the cell, or choose a tag from the pull-down menu.

Click the arrow to display a filtered tag browser dialog box. If you are in the Standard Tag Name column, the browser shows only controllerscoped standard tags. If you are in the Safety Tag Name column, the browser shows controller-scoped safety tags.

ety Tag Mapping					
Standard Tag Name	 Safety Tag Name		*	<u>C</u> lose	
*	 		<b>_</b>	Help	i
	Tag Name	Data Type	Description	1104	1
	n_out:l	AB:1791D			
	In_out:O	AB:1791D			
				ete Row	•
	Controller		<u>S</u> tandard		
	Program	- Ē	Safety	=	
			_		
	Filter: Show All		_	>>	

- 3. To add a new tag to the Standard Tag Name or Safety Tag Name column:
  - a. Right-click in the empty cell and select New Tag.
  - b. Type the tag name into the cell.
- 4. Right-click in the cell and choose New tagname, where tagname is the text you entered in the cell.

## **Monitor Tag Mapping Status**

The leftmost column of the Safety Tag Mapping dialog box indicates the status of the mapped pair.

Table 27 - Tag Mapping Status Icons

Cell Contents	Description
Empty	Tag mapping is valid.
X	When offline, the X icon indicates that tag mapping is invalid. You can move to another row or close the Safety Tag Mapping dialog box. <sup>(1)</sup> When online, an invalid tag map results in an error message explaining why the mapping is invalid. You cannot move to another row or close the Safety Tag Mapping dialog box if a tag mapping error exists.
	Indicates the row that currently has the focus.
*	Represents the Create New Mapped Tag row.
.0	Represents a pending edit.

(1) Tag mapping is also checked during project verification. Invalid tag mapping results in a project verification error.

For more information, see the tag mapping restrictions on page 248.

# Safety Application Protection

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can help protect your application program from unauthorized changes by generating a safety signature, setting passwords, and safety-locking the controller.

## Safety-lock the Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller



**ATTENTION:** Safety-locking alone does not satisfy SIL 2/PLd or SIL 3/PLe requirements.

To help protect safety-related control components from modification, and help prevent the safety signature from being deleted accidentally, you can safety-lock the controller and set passwords to lock and unlock the controller.

**IMPORTANT** If the application is configured to load from the SD card on power up, then the application in the controller is overwritten even if the controller is safety locked.

The safety-lock feature applies only to safety components, such as the safety task, safety programs, safety routines, safety Add-On Instructions, safety tags, safety I/O, and the safety signature.

You can modify all standard components while the controller is safety locked.

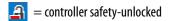
#### **TIP** There are multiple ways to view the safety lock status of the controller:

- The 4-character display on the controller indicates lock status.
- In the Logix Designer application, the text of the online bar Safety Status button indicates the safety-lock status.



 The Logix Designer application tray also displays the following icons to indicate the safety controller safety-lock status.

a controller safety-locked



You can safety-lock the controller project regardless of whether you are online or offline and regardless of whether you have the original source of the program. However, no safety forces or pending online safety edits can be present.

You cannot change the Safety-locked or -unlocked status when the controller mode switch is in the RUN position.

TIP Safety-lock or -unlock actions are logged in the controller log.
For more information on how to access the controller log, refer to the Logix 5000
Controllers Controller Information and Status Programming Manual,
publication <u>1756-PM015</u>.

You can safety-lock and -unlock the controller from the Safety tab of the Controller Properties dialog box.

#### Figure 55 - Safety-locking the Controller

ontroller Properties - L3100E	RMS2_producer					×
Nonvolatile Memory C General Major Faults	Capacity Inte Minor Faults	met Protocol Date/Time	Port Config Advanced	uration SFC Execution	Security on Proje	Alarm Log act Safety
Safety Application: Unlocker Safety Status:				k/Unlock		
Safety Signature:			Gen	erate	+	
ID: <none> Date:</none>			Co	ру		
Time:			De	lete	+	
Protect Signature in R	un Mode					
When replacing Safety I/O:	Configure Only W	/hen No Safety S	ìignature Exists	•		
Safety Level:	SIL2/PLd			•		
Safety Network Numbers:	5069 Backplane	_	0462_64D0 7 4:25:57.200 PM			
	A1, Ethernet		0462_64D1 7 4:25:57.201 PM			
	A2, Ethernet		0462_64D2 7 4:25:57.202 PM			
L			ок	Cancel	Apply	Help

TIP In the Logix Designer application, you can also choose Tools > Safety > Safety Lock/Unlock.

If you set a password for the safety-lock feature, you must type it in the Enter Password field. Otherwise, click Lock.

#### Figure 56 - Safety-locking the Controller

Safety Lock
Locking disables data editing, logic editing, and forcing in the safety application.
Lock safety application?
Enter Password:
Generate Safety Signature
Change Password

You can also set or change the password from the Safety Lock dialog box. See <u>Set Passwords for Safety-locking and Unlocking on page 253</u>.

The safety-lock feature, described in this section, and standard security measures in the Logix Designer application are applicable to Compact GuardLogix controller projects.

See the Logix 5000 Controllers Security Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM016</u>, for information on Logix Designer security features.

### Set Passwords for Safety-locking and Unlocking

The safety-lock and -unlock feature uses two separate passwords. Passwords are optional.

**IMPORTANT** Rockwell Automation does not provide any form of password or security override services. When products and passwords are configured, Rockwell Automation encourages customers to follow good security practices and to plan accordingly for password management.

Follow these steps to set passwords.

- On the Logix Designer menu bar, click Tools > Safety > Change Passwords.
- 2. From the What Password pull-down menu, choose either Safety Lock or Safety Unlock.

What Password:	Safety Lock
	6
Old Password:	
New Password:	
Confirm New Password:	12 

- 3. Type the old password, if one exists.
- 4. Type and confirm the new password.
- 5. Click OK.
  - **TIP**Passwords can be from 1...40 characters in length and are not case-<br/>sensitive. Letters, numerals, and the following symbols can be used: ' ~ ! @<br/># \$ %  $\& * ()_{+}, -= \{ \} | [] : ? /.$

To clear an existing password, enter a new password of zero length.

### Generate the Safety Signature

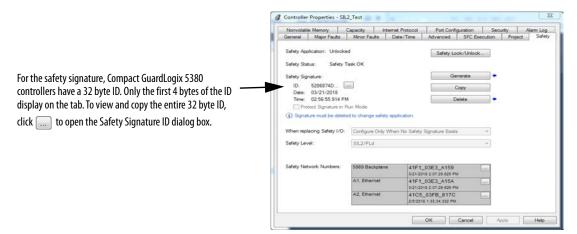
**IMPORTANT** To generate a signature, the controller must be in Program mode.

Before verification testing, you must generate the safety signature. You can generate the safety signature only when these conditions exist:

- The safety-unlocked Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller project is online.
- There are no safety forces, pending online safety edits, or safety faults.
- The safety status must be Safety Task OK.
  - **TIP** You can view the safety status via the safety status button on the online bar on the Safety tab of the Controller Properties dialog box.

To generate the safety signature from the Safety tab of the Controller Properties dialog box, click Generate.

#### Figure 57 - Generate Safety Signature



**TIP** In the Logix Designer application, you can also choose Tools > Safety > Generate Signature.

If a previous signature exists, you are prompted to overwrite it.

**TIP** Safety signature creation and deletion is logged in the controller log.

For more information on how to access the controller log, refer to Logix 5000 Controllers Controller Information and Status Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM015</u>.

When a safety signature exists, these actions are not permitted in the safety portion of the application:

- Online/offline programming or editing (including safety Add-On Instructions).
- Force safety I/O.
- Change the inhibit state of safety I/O modules or producer controllers.
- Manipulate safety data (except by safety routine logic).
- Download a new safety application only if the controller is locked.

### Protect the Safety Signature in Run Mode

You can help prevent the safety signature from being deleted while the controller is in Remote Run mode, regardless of whether the safety application is locked or unlocked.

IMPORTANT	You must complete these steps before you create a safety signature or safety
	lock the controller. Once a safety signature exists, or the application is safety
	locked, the Protect Signature in Run Mode checkbox is not editable.

Follow these steps to protect the safety signature:

- 1. Open the Controller Properties dialog box.
- 2. Click the Safety tab.
- 3. Check Protect Signature in Run Mode.
- 4. Click OK.

Nonvolati	e Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Conf	iguration	Secu	urity	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exe	cution	Project	Safety*
Safety App	blication: Unlock	ed		Safety Lo	ock/Unlock.	** ·		
Safety Sta	tus:							
Safety Sig	nature:			Ge	enerate	•		
ID: Date:	<none></none>				Сору			
Provide Providence								
Time:	tect Signature in	Run Mode			)elete	•		
_	tect Signature in acing Safety I/O		ly When No Safety			•		
	acing Safety I/O		ly When No Safety			•		
When repl Safety Lev	acing Safety I/O	Configure On	ane 4103_		\$	•		
When repl Safety Lev	acing Safety I/O	Configure On SIL2/PLd	ane 4103_ 7/26/20 4103_	Signature Exist	S (	•		

### Copy the Safety Signature

You can use the Copy button to create a record of the safety signature for use in safety project documentation, comparison, and validation.

Click Copy to copy the ID, Date, and Time components to the Windows clipboard.

### Delete the Safety Signature

Click Delete to delete the safety signature. The safety signature cannot be deleted when these are true:

- The controller is safety-locked.
- The controller is in Run mode with the mode switch in RUN.
- The controller is in Run or Remote Run mode with Protect Signature in Run Mode enabled.



**ATTENTION:** If you delete and then generate a new safety signature, you must retest and revalidate your system to meet SIL 2/PLd or SIL 3/PLe requirements.

Without a safety signature, the controller is not SIL 2/PLd or SIL 3/PLe capable. For more information on Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and Performance Level (PL) requirements, see the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>.

# **Programming Restrictions**

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The Logix Designer application imposes restrictions that limit the availability of some menu items and features (such as cut, paste, delete, search and replace). These restrictions help protect safety components from being modified whenever at least one of these are true:

- The controller is safety-locked.
- A safety signature exists.
- Safety faults are present.
- Safety status is in any of these states when online:
  - Partner missing
  - Partner unavailable
  - Firmware incompatible

**IMPORTANT** The maximum and last scan times of the safety task and safety programs can be reset when online.

If even one of these conditions apply, you cannot do the following:

- Create or modify safety objects, including safety programs, safety routines, safety tags, safety Add-On Instructions, and safety I/O devices.
- Apply forces to safety tags.
- Create new safety tag mappings.
- Modify or delete tag mappings.
- Modify or delete user-defined data types that are used by safety tags.
- Modify the controller name, description, chassis type, slot, and safety network number.
- Create, modify, or delete a safety connection.

When the controller is safety-locked, you cannot modify or delete the safety signature.

For a program parameter, a safety parameter cannot be connected with, or bound to, a standard parameter or controller-scoped tag.

# **Monitor Safety Status**

Applies to these controllers:
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can use the following to monitor the controller status:

- Online bar in the Logix Designer application
- Safety tab in the Controller Properties dialog box

# **View Status Via the Online Bar**

The online bar displays project and controller information, including the controller status, force status, online edit status, and safety status.

#### Figure 58 - Status Buttons



### **Controller Status**

When the Controller Status button Rem Prog is selected as shown above, the online bar shows the controller mode (Remote Program) and status (OK). The Energy Storage OK indicator combines the status of the primary controller and the safety partner.

If either or both have an energy storage fault, the status indicator illuminates. The I/O indicator combines the status of standard and safety I/O. The I/O with the most significant error status is displayed next to the status indicator.

### Forces Status

The Forces Status button No Forces I indicates Forces or No Forces. When the button is selected, the online bar shows whether I/O or SFC forces is enabled or disabled and installed or not installed. The ForcesStatus menu contains commands to remove, enable, or disable all forces.

### **Online Edit Status**

The Online Edit Status button No Edits indicates whether edits or no edits exist in the online ladder routine or Function Block Diagram. When the button is selected, the online bar shows the edit state of the controller. If edits are made by another user, this area shows a textual description of the edits.

### Safety Status

When you click the Safety Status button Safety Unlocked , the online bar displays the safety signature.

Figure 59 - Safety Signature Online Display

Iontroller Organizer			-	<b>4 x</b>				Si	afety	Tasl	k OK - safet	ty signal	ture e	xists
I/O OK	Rem Prog	No Forces	s 🕨 🕹	No Edits	5	Safety U	nlocked	I.		>	Favorites	Add-(	Dn	Progra
Program Mode     Controller OK     Energy Storage OK	`F	Safety Signature: ID: 5286874D	Date: 03/21/	2018	Time: 02:56:55			٥	4			(Second Second	0.00	100

The Safety Status button itself indicates whether the controller is safety-locked or -unlocked, or faulted. It also displays an icon that shows the safety status.

When a safety signature exists, the icon includes a small check mark.

# , I,

### Table 28 - Safety Status Icons

If the safety status is	This icon appears		
	SIL 2/PLd Application, both online and	SIL 3/PLe Applica	ation
	offline	Online	Offline
Safety Unlocked	The controller is not safety locked.	The controller is not safety locked and online.	The controller is not safety locked and offline.
Safety Locked	The controller is safety locked.	The controller is safety locked and online.	The controller is safety locked and offline.
Safety Faulted	There is a safety fault.		
Safety Task Inoperable	4	The controller is not safety locked and the safety task i	is inoperable.
	4	The controller is safety locked and the safety task is in	operable.
	4	There is a safety fault and the safety task is inoperable	<u>.</u>

# View Status Via the Safety Tab

View controller safety status information on the safety status button on the online bar and on the Safety tab of the Controller Properties dialog box.

### Figure 60 - Safety Status

Nonvolati	le Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port Confi	guration	Secu	urity .	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Exec	cution	Project	Safet
Safety Ap	plication: Unlock	ked		Safety Lo	ck/Unlock			

- Safety task inoperable.
- Safety Task OK.

Except for Safety Task OK, the descriptions indicate that nonrecoverable safety faults exist.

See <u>Major Safety Faults (Type 14) on page 266</u> for fault codes and corrective actions.

### **Monitor Safety Connections**

For tags associated with consumed safety data, you can monitor the status of safety connections by using the CONNECTION\_STATUS member. For monitoring input and output connections, safety I/O tags have a connection status member called SafetyStatus. Both data types contain two bits: ConnectionFaulted and RunMode.

The ConnectionFaulted value indicates whether the safety connection between the safety producer and the safety consumer is Valid (0) or Faulted (1). If ConnectionFaulted is set to Faulted (1) for any reason, the safety data is reset to zero and the RunMode value is set to Idle State (0).

The RunMode value indicates if consumed data is actively being updated by a device that is in the Run Mode (1) or Idle State (0). Idle state is indicated if the connection is closed, the safety task is faulted, or the remote controller or device is in Program mode or Test mode. For safety I/O connections, the RunMode is always inverse the ConnectionFaulted status. It does not provide unique data.

The following table describes the combinations of the ConnectionFaulted and RunMode states.

ConnectionFaulted Status	RunMode Status	Safety Connection Operation
0 = Valid	1 = Run	Data is actively being controlled by the producing device. The producing device is in Run mode.
0 = Valid	0 = Idle	The connection is active and the producing device is in the Idle state. The safety data is reset to zero. This applies to consumed connections only.
1 = Faulted	0 = Idle	The safety connection is faulted. The state of the producing device is unknown. The safety data is reset to zero and the RunMode value is set to Idle State (0).
1 = Faulted	1 = Run	Invalid state.

**Table 29 - Safety Connection Status** 

If a device is inhibited, the ConnectionFaulted bit is set to Faulted (1) and the RunMode bit is set to Idle (0) for each connection that is associated with the device. As a result, safety consumed data is reset to zero.

### **Utilize Status**

Connection Status(.ConnectionFaulted) is the status of the safety connection between the safety controller and safety I/O module. When the connection is operating properly, this bit is LO (0). When the connection is NOT operating properly, this bit is HI (1). When the connection status is HI (connection not operating properly), all other module defined tags are LO, and should be considered 'invalid' data.

Point Status is available for both safety inputs (.PtxxInputStatus) and safety outputs (.PtxxOutputStatus). When a point status tag is HI (1), it indicates that individual channel is functioning and wired correctly, and that the safety connection between the safety controller and the safety I/O module on which this channel resides is operating properly.

Combined Status is also available for both safety inputs (.CombinedInputStatus) and safety outputs (.CombinedOutputStatus). When the combined status tag is HI (1), it indicates that all input or output channels on the module are functioning and wired correctly, and that the safety connection between the safety controller and the safety I/O module on which these channels reside is operating properly.

Whether combined status or point status is used is application dependent. Point status simply provides more granular status.

The dual-channel safety instructions have built in safety I/O status monitoring. Input status and Output status are parameters for the safety input and output instructions. The DCS instruction (and other dual-channel safety instructions) has input status for input channels A and B. The CROUT instruction has input status for Feedbacks 1 and 2, and has output status for the output channels that are driven by the CROUT outputs O1 and O2. The status tags used in these instructions must be HI (1) for the safety instruction output tag(s) (O1 for input instructions and O1/O2 for CROUT) to be energized.

For proper safety instruction operation, it is important to drive the input status and output status tags BEFORE/ABOVE the safety instruction as shown in Figure 61.

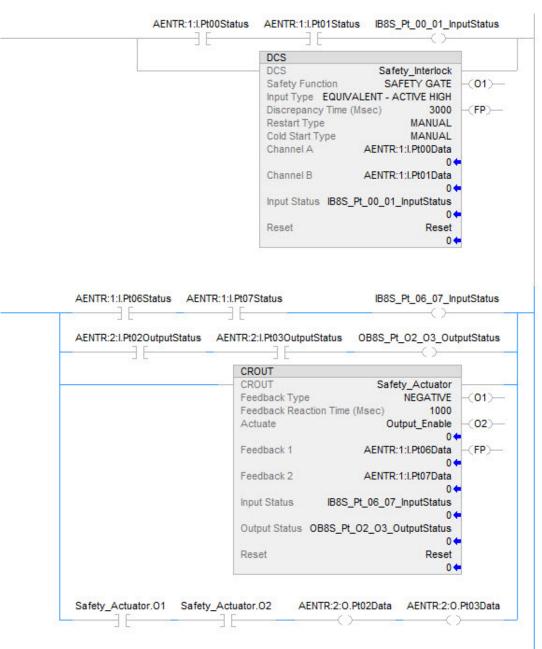


Figure 61 - Instruction Examples

Safety I/O status should be interrogated when using instructions such as XIC and OTE. The responsibility for this falls to the user. You should verify that safety input channel status is HI (1) before using a safety input channel as an interlock. You should verify that safety output channel status is HI (1) before energizing a safety output channel.

# Safety Faults

Applies to these controllers:	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

Faults in the Compact GuardLogix 5380 system can be:

- Recoverable controller faults
- Nonrecoverable controller faults
- Nonrecoverable safety faults in the safety application
- Recoverable safety faults in the safety application

## **Nonrecoverable Controller Faults**

Nonrecoverable controller faults occur when the controller internal diagnostics fail. If a nonrecoverable controller fault occurs, standard and safety task execution stops and outgoing connections stop. Safety I/O devices respond to the loss of output data by transitioning to the safe state. Recovery requires that you download the application program again.

If a fault occurs, diagnostic data is automatically written to the SD card. Rockwell Automation can then use the data to help investigate the cause of the fault. Contact Technical Support.

# Nonrecoverable Safety Faults in the Safety Application

If a nonrecoverable safety fault occurs in the safety application, safety logic and the safety protocol are terminated. Safety task watchdog and control partnership faults fall into this category.

When the safety task encounters a nonrecoverable safety fault, a standard major recoverable fault is also logged, and the controller proceeds to execute the controller fault handler, if one exists. If the controller fault handler handles this fault, then the standard tasks continue to run, even though the safety task remains faulted.



**ATTENTION:** If you override a safety fault, it does not clear the fault. If you override a safety fault, it is your responsibility to prove that operation of your system is still safe.

You must provide proof to your certifying agency that your system can continue to operate safely after an override of a safety fault.

If a safety signature exists, you can clear the fault to enable the safety task to run. If no safety signature exists, the safety task cannot run again until the entire application is downloaded again.

- If you use the Clear Majors button or Clear Faults menu item in Logix Designer to clear the fault, the standard application should continue to run while the safety application is recovered from the snapshot.
- If you use the mode switch method (turn the mode switch to Program, then back to Run), the safety application is recovered from the snapshot, but the standard application briefly transitions out of Run mode.

### **Recoverable Faults in the Safety Application**

If a recoverable fault occurs in the safety application, the system can halt the execution of the safety task, depending upon whether or not the fault is handled by the Program Fault Handler in the safety application.

When a recoverable fault is cleared programmatically, the safety task continues without interruption.

When a recoverable fault in the safety application is not cleared programmatically, a Type 14, Code 2 recoverable safety fault occurs. The safety program execution is stopped, and safety protocol connections are closed and reopened to reinitialize them. Safety outputs are placed in the safe state and the producer of safety-consumed tags commands the consumers to place them in a safe state, as well.

If the recoverable safety fault is not handled, a standard major recoverable fault is also logged, and the controller proceeds to execute the controller fault handler, if one exists. If the controller fault handler handles this fault, then the standard tasks continue to run, even though the safety task remains faulted.

The occurrence of recoverable faults is an indication that the application code is not protecting itself from invalid data values or conditions. Consider modifying the application to eliminate these faults, rather than handling them at run-time.



**ATTENTION:** If you override a safety fault, it does not clear the fault. If you override a safety fault, it is your responsibility to prove that operation of your system is still safe.

You must provide proof to your certifying agency that your system can continue to operate safely after an override of a safety fault.

## **View Faults**

The Recent Faults dialog box on the Major Faults tab of the Controller Properties dialog box contains two subtabs, one for standard faults and one for safety faults.

The status display on the controller also shows fault codes with a brief status message. See <u>Status Indicators on page 299</u>.

# **Fault Codes**

<u>Table 30</u> shows the fault codes specific to Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers. The type and code correspond to the type and code that is displayed on the Major Faults tab of the Controller Properties dialog box and in the PROGRAM object, MAJORFAULTRECORD (or MINORFAULTRECORD) attribute.

#### Table 30 - Major Safety Faults (Type 14)

Code	Cause	Status	Corrective Action
01	Task watchdog expired. User task has not completed in a specified period of time. A program error caused an infinite loop, the program is too complex to execute as quickly as specified, or a higher priority task is keeping this task from finishing.	Nonrecoverable	Clear the fault. If a safety signature exists, safety memory is reinitialized and the safety task begins executing. If a safety signature does not exist, you must redownload the program so the safety task can run.
02	An error exists in a routine of the safety task.	Recoverable	Correct the error in the user-program logic.
07	Safety task is inoperable. This fault occurs when the safety logic is invalid.	Nonrecoverable	Clear the fault. If a safety signature exists, safety memory is reinitialized via the safety signature and the safety task begins executing. If a safety signature does not exist, you must download the program again so the safety task can run.

The Logix 5000 Controllers Major and Minor Faults Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>, contains descriptions of the fault codes common to Logix controllers.

# Develop a Fault Routine for Safety Applications

#### Applies to these controllers:

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	
	_

If a fault condition occurs that is severe enough for the controller to shut down, the controller generates a major fault and stops the execution of logic.

Some applications do not want all safety faults to shut down the entire system. In those situations, use a fault routine to clear a specific fault and let the standard control portion of your system continue to operate or configure some outputs to remain ON.



**ATTENTION:** You must provide proof to your certifying agency that your system can continue to operate safely after an override of a safety fault. The occurrence of recoverable faults is an indication that the application code is not protecting itself from invalid data values or conditions. Consider modifying the application to eliminate these faults, rather than handling them at run-time.

The controller supports two levels for handling major faults in a safety application:

- Safety Program Fault Routine
- Controller Fault Handler

Both routines can use the GSV and SSV instructions as described on page 268.

Each safety program can have its own fault routine. The controller executes the program fault routine when an instruction fault occurs. If the program fault routine does not clear the fault, or if a program fault routine does not exist, the safety task faults and shuts down.

When the safety task faults, a standard major recoverable fault is also logged, and the controller proceeds to execute the controller fault handler, if one exists. If the controller fault handler handles this fault, then the standard tasks continue to run, even though the safety task remains faulted.

The controller fault handler is an optional component that executes when the program fault routine cannot clear the fault or does not exist.

You can create one program for the controller fault handler. After you create that program, you must configure a routine as the main routine.

The Logix 5000 Controllers Major and Minor Faults Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>, provides details on creating and testing a fault routine.

# Use GSV/SSV Instructions in a Safety Application

Applies	to these	controllers:
---------	----------	--------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

For standard tasks, you can use the GSV instruction to get values for the available attributes. When using the SSV instruction, the software displays only the attributes that you can set.

For the safety task, the GSV and SSV instructions are more restricted. SSV instructions in safety and standard tasks cannot set bit 0 (major fault on error) in the mode attribute of a safety I/O device.



**ATTENTION:** Use the SSV instruction carefully. Making changes to objects can cause unexpected controller operation or injury to personnel.

### Access FaultRecord Attributes

Create a user-defined structure to simplify access to the MajorFaultRecord and SafetyTaskFaultRecord attributes.

Name	Data Type	Style	Description
TimeLow	DINT	Decimal	Lower 32 bits of the fault timestamp value
TimeHigh	DINT	Decimal	Upper 32 bits of the fault timestamp value
Туре	INT	Decimal	Fault type (program, I/O, or other)
Code	INT	Decimal	Unique code for this fault (dependent on fault type)
Info	DINT[8]	Hexadecimal	Fault-specific information (dependent on fault type and code)

Table 31 - Parameters for Accessing FaultRecord Attributes

### **Capture Fault Information**

The SafetyStatus and SafetyTaskFaultRecord attributes can capture information about non-recoverable faults. Use a GSV instruction in the controller fault handler to capture and store fault information. The GSV instruction can be used in a standard task in conjunction with a controller fault handler routine that clears the fault and lets the standard tasks continue executing.

For more information on using the GSV and SSV instructions in safety applications, refer to the Input/Output Instructions chapter of the Logix 5000 Controllers General Instructions Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM003</u>.

# **Develop Motion Applications**

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Some CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers support Integrated Motion over an EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network on digital and integrated motion interfaces.

• The controllers support these numbers of integrated motion axes:

CompactLogix 5380 Controller	5	Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controlle	rs
5069-L306ERM	2	5069-L306ERMS2, 5069-L306ERMS3	2
5069-L310ERM	4	5069-L310ERMS2, 5069-L310ERMS3	4
5069-L320ERM, 5069-L320ERP	8	5069-L320ERMS2, 5069-L320ERMS2K, 5069-L320ERMS3, 5069-L320ERMS3K	8
5069-L330ERM	16	5069-L330ERMS2, 5069-L330ERMS2K, 5069-L330ERMS3, 5069-L330ERMS3K	16
5069-L340ERM, 5069-L340ERP	20	5069-L340ERMS2, 5069-L340ERMS3	20
5069-L350ERM	24	5069-L350ERMS2, 5069-L350ERMS2K, 5069-L350ERMS3, 5069-L350ERMS3K	24
5069-L380ERM	28	5069-L380ERMS2, 5069-L380ERMS3	28
5069-L3100ERM	32	5069-L3100ERMS2, 5069-L3100ERMS3	32

- Digital drive interfaces include EtherNet/IP connected drives.
- Integrated Motion over an EtherNet/IP network supports some Kinetix<sup>®</sup> drives and some PowerFlex<sup>®</sup> drives. For example, Kinetix 5700 and PowerFlex 755 drives.
- All CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers support single-axis motor control with PowerFlex variable frequency drives over an EtherNet/IP network.

This functionality is available on CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers that do not support other aspects of Integrated Motion over an EtherNet/IP network.

For more information, see the following:

- Integrated Motion on the EtherNet/IP network Configuration and Startup User Manual, publication <u>MOTION-UM003</u>.
- Integrated Motion on the EtherNet/IP network Reference Manual, Publication <u>MOTION-RM003</u>.

# **Overview**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Motion Controllers

# **Motion Overview**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Motion Controllers

The controllers support up to 256 axes of integrated motion. The 256 axes can be any combination of CIP<sup>™</sup>, Virtual, and Consumed axes. You can add all axes to one Motion Group, and you can assign any combination of axes to different axis update schedules. You can associate Integrated Motion axes to any appropriate drive.

The controllers do not support Analog or SERCOS motion.

The configuration process varies, depending on your application and your drive selection. The following are general steps to configure a motion application.

- 1. Create a controller project.
- 2. Select the type of drive.
- 3. Create axis tags as needed.
- 4. Configure the drive.
- 5. Create axes as needed.

# **Program Motion Control**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Motion Controllers

The controller provides a set of motion control instructions for your axes:

- The controller uses these instructions just like the rest of the Logix 5000<sup>™</sup> instructions.
- Each motion instruction works on one or more axes.
- You can use motion control instructions in these programming languages:
  - Ladder Diagram (LD)
  - Structured Text (ST)
  - Sequential Function Chart (SFC)
- Each motion instruction needs a motion control tag. The tag uses a MOTION\_INSTRUCTION data type and stores the information status of the instruction.

For more information, see the Logix 5000 Controller Motion Instructions Reference Manual, publication <u>MOTION-RM002</u>.

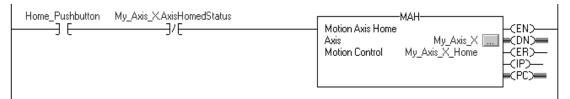


**ATTENTION:** Use each motion control tag in only one motion instruction. Unintended operation can result if you reuse the same motion control tag in other motion instructions, or if you write to any of the motion control tag elements. In this example, a simple ladder diagram that homes, jogs, and moves an axis.

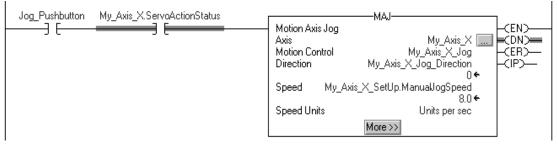
If Initialize\_Pushbutton = on and the axis = off (My\_Axis\_X.ServoActionStatus = off), the MSO instruction turns on the axis.

Initialize_Pushbutton	My_Axis_X.ServoActionStatus ]/[]/	MS0 Motion Servo On Axis My_Axis_X CDN Motion Control My_Axis_X_On CER>

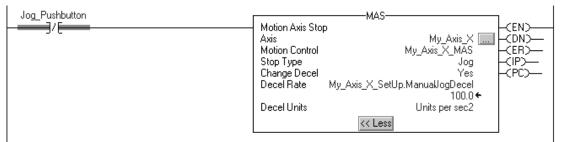
If Home\_Pushbutton = on and the axis hasn't been homed (My\_Axis\_X.AxisHomedStatus = off), the MAH instruction homes the axis.



If Jog\_Pushbutton = on and the axis = on (My\_Axis\_X.ServoActionStatus = on), the MAJ instruction jogs the axis forward at 8 units/second.



If Jog\_Pushbutton = off, the MAS instruction stops the axis at 100 units/.second<sup>2</sup>. Make sure that Change Decel is Yes. Otherwise, the axis decelerates at its maximum speed.



If Move\_Command = on and the axis = on (My\_Axis\_X.ServoActionStatus = on), the MAM instruction moves the axis. The axis moves to the position of 10 units at 1 unit/second.

Move_Command My_Axis_X.ServoActionStatus	MAM Axis Move Axis Motion Control Move Type	My_Axis_XCEN)
	Position	10 CPC>
	Speed My_Axis_X_SetUp.	AutoSpeedCommand 1.0 ←
	Speed Units	Units per sec
	More >	>

# **Obtain Axis Information**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Motion Controllers

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Motion Controllers

You can obtain axis information via these methods:

- Double-click the axis to open the Axis Properties dialog box.
- Use a Get System Value (GSV) or Set System Value (SSV) instruction to read or change the configuration at runtime.
- View the Quick View pane to see the state and faults of an axis.
- Use an axis tag for status and faults.

#### Figure 62 - Obtain Axis Information

File Edit View Search Logic Communications	fools Window Help	_ 8 ×
当 Go L 合 法 自 信 や な	🗸 🚑 🅦 🏗 🗽 😰 🔍 🔍 Select language 🗸 🕺	
No Forces  OK Energy Storage	Gnone>         ▼         (m)           H         H=         ++         +/+         (↓)         ↓           Favorities         A Add-On         A Alarms         X Bit         X Timer/Counter         ∧	
Controller Organizer   Controller Organizer  Controller Controllogix sercos_motion  Controller Tags  Controller Controller Tags  Controller Ta	Imp_exisUninhibt_Cred       0       Axis Properties Dialog Box       1       Imp_exisinhibitStatus       Imp_exisinhibitStatus	Set System Value Class Name Axis Instance Name my_drive_X Attribute Name InhibitAxis Source my_drive_X ?? my_axis_x_0K
Type     AXIS_SERVO_DRIVE       Description     Axis State       Update Period     2.0 ms       Drive Name <none>       Node     <none>       Axis Fault        Drive Fault        Module Faults        Attribute Error        Amplifier Catalog     <none></none></none></none>	Axis Tag Quick View Pane	V (or GSV) Instruction

# Notes:

# **Troubleshoot the Controller**

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Controller Diagnostics with Logix Designer	276
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Other Potential Issues to Troubleshoot	298

This chapter describes how to troubleshoot the controller if issues occur during normal operation.

You can use messages on the 4-character display to troubleshoot the controller. For more information, see Appendix A, <u>Status Indicators on page 299</u>.

# **Automatic Diagnostics**

Automatic Diagnostics is a system-level feature in Logix 5000 controllers that provides device diagnostics to HMIs and other clients, with zero programming. The diagnostics include device description conditions and state events.

Automatic Diagnostics is enabled by default in Logix 5000 controllers with firmware revision 33 or later. You can disable and enable the whole feature while online or offline from the Advanced tab on the Controller Properties dialog. You can also disable Automatic Diagnostics for a specific device in the device's configuration.

Nonvolat	tile Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port C	Configuration	Security	Alarm Log
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Execution	Project	Redundanc
Controller	Fault Handler:	<none></none>		~			
	Handler:			=			
ower-up	Handler:	<none></none>		~			
Match	Project to Cont	roller					
	Serial Number:	0					
Allow	Consumed Tags	to Use RPI Provid	led by Producer				
	Consumed Tags		led by Producer				
			led by Producer				
			led by Producer				
			led by Producer				
			led by Producer				
			ded by Producer				
			led by Producer				
Report		• •	led by Producer				
] Report	Overflow Fault	• •	led by Producer				

# Considerations for Communication Loss Diagnostics

The response time and diagnostic information for a loss of communication depends on the device and configuration settings.

Type of Connection	Device Behavior
Direct connection to a Logix 5000 controller	Device reports communication loss.The device communication loss can be replaced by the diagnostics of a communication adapter
No connection to a Logix 5000 controller	Communication adapters that do not have a connection to the controller do not report a communication loss diagnostics. It is recommended that you configure your communications adapters for a status connection to ensure they report any communication loss diagnostic in a timely manner.
Data connection	Device reports communication loss. The device communication loss can be replaced by the diagnostics of a communication adapter
Rack-optimized connection	Device does not report communication loss diagnostics. The communication adapter reports communication loss diagnostics. A device with a rack optimized connection has a reduced set of diagnostics as compared to a direct connection.

When enabled, the Automatic Diagnostics feature enables:

- Communication loss diagnostics for all devices in the controller I/O configuration
- Device-level automatic diagnostics evaluations for all uninhibited and enabled devices.

You can disable Automatic Diagnostics for a specific device in the device configuration. The communication loss diagnostic remains active even if the device disables Automatic Diagnostics. To disable communication loss diagnostic, inhibit the device or disable Automatic Diagnostics at the controller.

You can use the Controller Properties in the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application to view fault conditions in these ways:

- <u>Warning Symbol in the I/O Configuration Tree</u>
- <u>Categories on I/O Module Properties Dialog</u>
- Notification in the Tag Monitor
- <u>Fault Information in the Controller Properties Dialog Box</u>
- Port Diagnostics
- <u>Advanced Time Sync</u>

# Controller Diagnostics with Logix Designer

Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380

Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

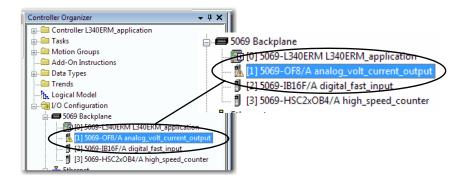
## Warning Symbol in the I/O Configuration Tree

### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

You cannot configure safety connections to automatically fault the controller.

A warning symbol appears in the controller organizer next to the I/O module. This occurs when there are faults or other conditions in the I/O module, or if the connection to the I/O module fails while in run mode.

#### Figure 63 - Warning Symbol on I/O Module



The following conditions are possible:

- When the I/O module is configured to cause a major fault on the controller and an I/O module fault occurs, the following can result:
  - Controller state displays Faulted.
  - Controller status displays Controller Fault and is steady red.
  - I/O module status displays I/O Not Responding and blinks green.



**IMPORTANT** The descriptions in the Logix Designer application can change based on the controller mode and status.

### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration You cannot configure safety connections to automatically fault the controller.

- When the I/O module is not configured to cause a major fault on the controller and an I/O module fault occurs, the following result:
  - Controller state displays the current state, for example, Rem Run.
  - Controller status displays Controller OK and is steady green.
  - I/O module status displays I/O Not Responding and blinks green.



### Categories on I/O Module Properties Dialog

The Module Properties dialog for I/O modules includes a series of categories. You can use some of the categories to troubleshoot the controller.

**IMPORTANT** The number and type of categories varies by I/O module type.

The following are examples of ways to use categories on the Module Properties dialog box when you troubleshoot a controller:

- <u>Module Status on General Category</u>
- <u>Module Fault Descriptions on Connection Category</u>
- <u>Module Fault Descriptions on Module Info Category</u>
- Diagnostics Option on Module Info Category

The categories that are described in this section display the module status. When a fault exists, the text is **Status: Faulted** in the module status line as shown in <u>Figure 64</u>.

### Module Status on General Category

The General category displays the module status.

### Figure 64 - Module Status in Fault Message Line

Module Properties: Local:1 (50	69-OF8 2.006)			_ • •
Connection	General			
Connection December Connection Connecti	Vendor: Parent:	5055/F8 8 Channel Voltage/Current Analog Output Nen-Bradey analog_volt_current_output	S	kt [1
Color Lumits Calibration	Module Definiti Series: Revision: Electronic Key Connection Output Data	A 2.006	Orange	
Status: Faulted				Apply Help

Module Fault Descriptions on Connection Category

The Connection category displays the module fault description that includes an error code that is associated with the specific fault type.

### Figure 65 - Fault Description with Error Code

Module Properties: Local:1 (506)	9-OF8 2.006)	
General	Connection	
→ Connection → Module Info ← Channels ← Ch00 ↓ Limits ← Ch01 ↓ Limits	Name	Requested Packet Interval (RPI) (ms)
B- Ch02	OutputData	80.0 🛨 0.2 - 750.0
- 0.03 - 1. Units - 0.04 - 1. Units - 0.05 - 1. Luits - 0.07 - 0.07 - Units - Calibration	Thibst Module Module Fault Confection Fails While in RUN Noce Module Fault (Code 1540116) Bectronic Keying Manatidit: Major and/or Minor revision invalid or incorrect.	
Status: Faulted	OK Cancel	Apply Help

### Module Fault Descriptions on Module Info Category

When you click the Module Info category, a dialog box displays the module fault description and the corresponding fault code. Click OK to access the Module Info category.

- **TIP** The Module Info tab requires successful communications to help you troubleshoot the fault effectively. Consider the following:
  - If communication to the I/O module is OK, but the module is faulted, we
    recommend that you use the Module Info category to troubleshoot the
    fault.
  - If communication to the I/O module is faulted, we recommend that you use the Connection category to troubleshoot the fault.

On the Module Info category, the Status section displays the following about the I/O module:

- Major and Minor Faults
- Internal State

### Figure 66 - Major and Minor Fault Information

Module Properties: Local:1 (50	069-OF8 2.006)	
General	Module Info	
Constant Constant	Lidentification Vendor: Trops: Rodwind Automa on m Product 2005 Senal Humber: 2005 Senal Humber: 2005213 Product Name: 5059-OFB/A Defront Name: 5059-OFB/A Defront Name: S059-OFB/A Defront Name: Name	
Status: Faulted	OK Cancel Apply	Help

# Diagnostics Option on Module Info Category

You can access the diagnostics for a module from the Module Info category. Click Diagnostics, to access the Module Diagnostics dialog box.

Figure 67 - Module Diagnostics

General Connection	Module Info	
Module Info Channels Ch01 Ch01 Ch01 Ch02	Identification Vendor: Allen-Bradley Product Type: Rodowell Automation m Product Code: 5069-0F8	Status Magor Fault: None Internal State: Unconnected
Ch03 Ch03 Ch04 Limits Ch04	Revision: 2.005 Serial Number: 70302218 Product Name: 5069-OF8/A	Configured: Configured Owned: No Module Identity: Match
Ch06 Ch06 Ch07 Ch07 Lumits	Degnostica	Refresh Reset Module +
Calibration		

Run Mode:	Idle	Diagnostic Count	ers
Diagnostics Thresholds Exceeded:	Present	Connections:	0
Diagnostics Sequence Count:	9	Packet lost:	0
Self Test:	Passed	Timeout:	0
CPU Utilization:	0%		
Time Synchronization			
Time Synchronization			
Status:	Not Synchronize	ed .	
Grand Master Clock Identity:	0000000000000	1000	
Local Clock Offset to System Time:	0 ns		
Local Clock Offset Timestamp:	1969-12-31-20:	54:13.703_349_190(UTC-05:0	))

# Notification in the Tag Monitor

General and diagnostic module faults are reported in the Tag monitor of your Logix Designer application project.

The Value field indicates a fault with the number 1.

Scope: Scope: Scope:	ic 👻 Show: All Tags				▼ Enter Nan
Name	<u>==</u> 4	Value 🔶	Force Mask 🗧 🗧	Style	Data Type
+-Local:1:C		{}	{}		AB:5000_AO8:C:0
Local:1:I		{}	{}		AB:5000_AO8:1:0
Local:1:LRunMode		0		Decimal	BOOL
Local:1:I.Connection	Faulted	1	$\geq$	Decimal	BOOL
Local.1.I.Diagnostic	Active			Decimal	BOOL
+ Local:1:I.Diagnostic	SequenceCount	9		Decimal	SINT
- Local:1:I.Ch00		[]	{}		CHANNEL_AO_D
Local:1:I.Ch00.Fa	ult	1	$\supset$	Decimal	BOOL
Local: 1:1.Ch00.U	neertain	0		Decimal	BOOL

# Fault Information in the Controller Properties Dialog Box

You can use these tabs on the Controller Properties dialog box to troubleshooting the controller:

- <u>Major Faults</u>
- Minor Faults
- <u>Network</u>

#### Major Faults

You can monitor information about recent major faults and also clear major faults on the Major Faults tab.

Table 32 - Major Faults Tab in Controller Properties Dialog Box

Controller Properties - L340		D.10.0 V		
Nonvolatile Memory M General Major Faults	Minor Faults Date/Time	Port Configuration Advanced	Network SFC Execution	Security Project
1 major fault since last cleared.		Clear Majors		
Recent Faults:				
12/31/1997 9:14:46 PM (Type 03) I/O Fault				
(Code 16) I/O module connect module.	on failed on required			
Port: Backplane Module: analog_volt_current,	autout.			
Error: Electronic Keying Mi revision invalid or incorrect.	smatch: Major and/or Minor			
Info: <none></none>				
	-			

### **Minor Faults**

You can monitor information about recent minor faults and also clear minor faults on the Minor Faults tab.

Table 33 - Minor Faults Tab in Controller Properties Dialog Box

	Reveal Port Configuration Network Security
General Major Faults Minor Faults	Vate/Time Advanced SFC Execution Project
No minor faults since last cleared.	Clear Minors
Recent Faults:	Fault Bits:
	□ I/O
	Program
	Watchdog
	Nonvolatile Memory
	Energy Storage
	Diagnostics
	OK Cancel Apply Help

### Network

Typically, the Network tab is used to monitor for faults that occur when the controller is used in a DLR network.

**IMPORTANT** The Network tab is not available when the controller operates in Dual-IP mode.

### Figure 68 - Network Tab in Controller Properties Dialog Box

General	Major Fau	its Mir	or Faults	Date/Time	1	Advanced 🖌	SFC Execution	Projec
Nonvolatile	Memory	Memory	Interne	et Protocol	Port	Configuratio	Network	ecurity
Network 1	Fopology:	Ring					Adva	nced
Network S	Status:	Ring Fa	ult					
	g Supervisor:	192.168	8.1.2					
Active Su Preceden		0						
🔽 Enable	Supervisor M	ode						
Ring F	aults Detecte	d: 1		Reset Counter	+			
Super	visor Status:	Active			_			
Ring Fau	ult							
Last Act	ive Node on P	ort 1:	192.168.1	.3				
Last Act	ive Node on P	ort 2:	192.168.1	2				
			Verify Fa	ult Location +				

# **Port Diagnostics**

When your project is online, you can view the status of the embedded Ethernet ports on the controller.

- 1. Access the Controller Properties.
- 2. Click the Port Configuration tab.
- 3. On the Port Configuration tab, click the Port Diagnostics button for an active port.

Gener	al N	Major Fault	9	Minor	Faults	Date	e/Time	Adva	nced	SFC Executio	on Project
	olatile Mem			mory		t Protoc		Port Confi		Network	
											$\frown$
				Auto-		Spe	eed		Dup	lex	Port
Port	Enable	Link Sta	itus	Negotiat	e Sek	ected	Currer	nt Se	elected	Current	Diagnostics
A1	<b>V</b>	Active		<b>V</b>		-	1 Gbps		-	Full	
A2						-			-		M
											$\smile$

The Port Diagnostics page, displays information for the port. See <u>Table 34 on page 285</u> for parameter descriptions.

rt Diagnostics - Port: 1	( Contraction of the local data	Contraction	
Interface Counters		Media Counters	
Octets Inbound:	444804	Alignment Errors:	0
Octets Outbound:	436980	FCS Errors:	0
Unicast Packets Inbound:	1913	Single Collisions:	0
Unicast Packets Outbound:	2955	Multiple Collisions:	C
Non-unicast Packets Inbound:	908	SQE Test Errors:	C
Non-unicast Packets Outbound:	12	Deferred Transmissions:	0
Packets Discarded Inbound:	0	Late Collisions:	0
Packets Discarded Outbound:	0	Excessive Collisions:	0
Packets With Errors Inbound:	0	MAC Transmit Errors:	0
Packets With Errors Outbound:	0	MAC Receive Errors:	0
Unknown Protocol Packets Inbound:	0	Carrier Sense:	0
		Frame Too Long:	a
			Reset Counters +
	Close	Help	

Parameter	Description
Interface Counters	The Interface Counters values have no value when you cannot communicate out of the port.
Octets Inbound	Displays the number of octets that are received on the interface.
Octets Outbound	Displays the number of octets that are transmitted to the interface.
Unicast Packets Inbound	Displays the number of unicast packets that are received on the interface.
Unicast Packets Outbound	Displays the number of unicast packets that are transmitted on the interface
Non-unicast Packets Inbound	Displays the number of non-unicast packets that are received on the interface.
Non-unicast Packets Outbound	Displays the number of non-unicast packets that are transmitted on the interface.
Packets Discarded Inbound	Displays the number of inbound packets that are received on the interface but discarded.
Packets Discarded Outbound	Displays the number of outbound packets that are transmitted on the interface but discarded.
Packets With Errors Inbound	Displays the number of inbound packets that contain errors (excludes discarded inbound packets).
Packets With Errors Outbound	Displays the number of outbound packets that contain errors (excludes discarded outbound packets).
Unknown Protocol Packets Inbound	Displays the number of inbound packets with unknown protocol.
Media Counters	The Media Counters values have no value when you are offline or online and there is a communication error.
Alignment Errors	Displays the number of frames received that are not an integral number of octets in length.
FCS Errors	Displays the number of frames received that do not pass the FCS check.
Single Collisions	Displays the number of successfully transmitted frames that experienced exactly one collision.
Multiple Collisions	Displays the number of successfully transmitted frames that experienced multiple collisions.
SQE Test Errors	Displays the number of times an SQE test error message was generated.
Deferred Transmissions	Displays the number of frames for which the first transmission attempt is delayed because the medium is busy.
Late Collisions	Displays the number of times a collision is detected later than 512 bit-times into the transmission of a packet.
Excessive Collisions	Displays the number of frames for which transmission fails due to excessive collisions.
MAC Transmit Errors	Displays the number of frames for which transmission fails due to an interna MAC sub layer transmit error.
MAC Receive Errors	Displays the number of frames for which reception on an interface fails due to an internal MAC sub layer receive error.
Carrier Sense	Displays the number of times that the carrier sense condition was lost or never asserted when attempting to transmit a frame.
Frame Too Long	Displays the number of frames received that exceed the maximum permittee frame size.
Reset Counters	Click Reset Counter to cause the interface and media counter values on the module to set to zero, and the values in the dialog to update. Reset Counter appears dimmed when: • offline • online and a communication error has occurred

### **Advanced Time Sync**

The Advanced Time Sync dialog displays information that is related to CIP Sync<sup>™</sup> time synchronization. The information appears only if the project is online and Time Synchronization is enabled on the Date/Time tab. Also, when the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, the Advanced Time Sync tab provides data for each port.

### IMPORTANT Precision Time Protocol (PTP) Software

 Access to software that manages/updates the Precision Time Protocol on a control system network should be limited to users who are trained on the administration of industrial control system time including PTP.
 This includes the PTP update tool supplied by Rockwell Automation, or

other publicly available PTP management software.

Incorrect updates while a control system is running can disrupt the operation of the control system (including major faults and some devices taken off line).

- When disabling PTP on a controller, to give the controller time to process the disable, use a two-second delay before setting the WallClockTime (WCT) in the controller. Otherwise, there is a risk of the grandmaster clock overwriting the WCT.
- 1. On the Date/Time tab, click the Advanced button.

ổ Controller Prop	erties - L340ERM	application				
Nonvolatile Mer	nory Memor	/ Interne	et Protocol	Port Configuration	Network	Security
General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Execution	Project
	d Time displayed he Ids to configure Tim Set Date, Time ar	e attributes of th	he Controller.	estation local time.		
Date and Time:	1/1/1970 2:28:39	AM	Ch	ange Date and Time.		
Time Zone:	(UTC+00:00)		▼ ←			
	Adjust for Daylig	ht Saving (+01	.00) 🗲			
Time Synchro	nize					
V Enable Time	Synchronization	4	disabled online, controller in this	e synchronization is active axes in any chassis, or any other		
O Is the system			synchronized de unexpected moti	vice, may experience on.		
<ul> <li>Is a synchron</li> </ul>						
	T master detected			$\frown$		
<ul> <li>CST Mastersi</li> <li>No CST mast</li> </ul>				Advancet		
			ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help

The Advanced Time Sync dialog box opens. See <u>Table 35 on page 287</u> for parameter descriptions.

randmaster Clock Description: User Name: User Location: Protocol Address: 00.00.00 Physical Address: 00-00-00 Clock Tvne: Boundary Fnd-To-a Identity: E49069FFFEAA0C77	Local Clock Synchronization Status: Offset from Master: Backplane State: Ethernet State: Identity:	Synchronized 18 ns Master (Port 1) Slave (Port 2) F45433FFFE9276C8
Class:         248           Accuracy:         254           Variance:         65535           Source:         Oscillator           Priority 1:         128           Priority 2:         128	Class: Accuracy: Variance: Source: Priority 1: Priority 2:	248 254 65535 Oscillator 128 🐨 (Master Override) 128 🐨 (The Breaker)

# Table 35 - Time Sync Parameters

Grandmaster Clock		
Description	Displays information about the Grandmaster clock. The vendor of the Grandmaster device controls this information. The following information is specified:         • User Name         • User Location         • Protocol Address         • Physical Address         • Clock Type         • Manufacturer Name         • Model         • Serial Number         • Hardware Revision         • Firmware Revision         • Pofile Identity         • Physical Protocol         • Network Protocol         • Network Protocol         • Det Number	
ldentity	Displays the unique identifier for the Grandmaster clock. The format depends on the network protocol. Ethernet network encodes the MAC address into the identifier.	
Class	Displays a measure of the quality of the Grandmaster clock. Values are defined from 0255 with zero as the best clock.	
Accuracy	Indicates the expected absolute accuracy of the Grandmaster clock relative to the PTP epoch. The accuracy is specified as a graduated scale that starts at 25 nsec and ends at greater than 10 seconds or unknown. The lower the accuracy value, the better the clock.	
Variance	Displays the measure of inherent stability properties of the Grandmaster clock. The value is represented in offset scaled log units. The lower the variance, the better the clock.	
Source	Displays the time source of the Grandmaster clock. The available values are: • Atomic Clock • GPS • Radio • PTP • NTP • HAND set • Other • Oscillator	

Priority 1 / Priority 2	Displays the relative priority of the Grandmaster clock to other clocks in the system. The priority values range from 0255. The highest priority is zero. The default value for bot settings is 128.	
Local Clock		
Synchronization Status	Displays whether the local clock is synchronized or not synchronized with the Grandmaster reference clock. A clock is synchronized if it has one port in the slave state and is receiving updates from the time master.	
Offset to Master	Displays the amount of deviation between the local clock and the Grandmaster clock in nanoseconds.	
Backplane State	Displays the current state of the backplane. The available values are as follows: <ul> <li>Initializing</li> <li>Faulty</li> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Listening</li> <li>PreMaster</li> <li>Master</li> <li>Passive</li> <li>Uncalibrating</li> <li>Slave</li> <li>None</li> </ul>	
Ethernet State	Displays the state of the Ethernet port. The available values are as follows: Initializing Faulty Disabled Listening PreMaster Master Passive Uncalibrating Slave None IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this attribute provides date for each controller port. The fields appear as follows: A1, Ethernet State A2, Ethernet State	
Identity	Displays the unique identifier for the local clock. The format depends on the network protocol. Ethernet network encodes the MAC address into the identifier.	
Class	Displays a measure of quality of the local clock. Values are defined from 0255, with zero as the best clock.	
Accuracy	Indicates the expected absolute accuracy of the local clock relative to the PTP epoch. The accuracy is specified as a graduated scale that starts at 25 nsec and ends at greater than 10 seconds or unknown. The lower the accuracy value, the better the clock.	
Variance	Displays the measure of inherent stability properties of the local clock. The value is represented in offset scaled log units. The lower the variance, the better the clock.	
Source	Displays the time source of the local clock. The available values are: Atomic Clock GPS Terrestrial Radio PTP NTP HAND set Other Oscillator	

### Table 35 - Time Sync Parameters (Continued)

## Controller Diagnostics with Linx-based Software

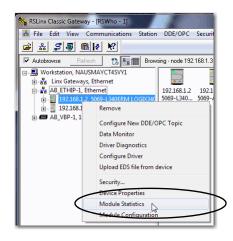
#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can also view diagnostic information in Linx-based software.

- 1. Use the RSWho button to browse.
- 2. Navigate to the Ethernet network.
- 3. Right-click the controller and choose Module Statistics.



The Module Statistics dialog provides this information:

- The General tab shows device information, and any faults on the controller.
- The Port Diagnostics tab shows information for the Ethernet port.
- The Connection Manager Tab shows information on connection requests.
- The USB tab shows information about the USB port.

AB_ETHIP-1\192.1	68.1.2 500	69-L340ERM/A Statis	tics		• X
General Port D	agnostics	Connection Manager	USB		
General Port D Device Name: Vendor: Product Type: Product Code: Revision: Serial Number: Faults:	5069-L340 Allen-Brad 14 194 28.004	DERM/A ley Company			
		OK	Cancel	Apply	Help

## **Controller Web Pages**

#### Applies to these controllers:

#### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The controller provides diagnostic web pages that track controller performance, network performance, and backplane performance.

**IMPORTANT** With the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application version 33.00.00 and later, controller web pages are disabled by default.

• To enable the controller web pages, select the checkbox on the Logix Designer Controller Properties Security tab.

General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Execution	Project	Redundar
Nonvolat	ile Memory	Capacity	Internet Protoco	I Port C	Configuration	Security*	Alarm Lo
Security A	uthority:	No Protection			$\sim$		
		Use only th	e selected Securit	ty Authority for	Authentication an	d Authorization	n
Sec	ure With:	O Logical Na	me <controlle< td=""><td>r Name&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></controlle<>	r Name>			
		O Permission	Set			~	
	Slots:	1 2	3 4 5 6	5			
🗹 Enable	Controller Web		3456				
_			3 4 5 6	2			
Change I	Controller Web	Pages	FFFFFFFFFFFF				
Change I	Controller Web Detection — To Detect:	Pages					
Change I Changes 1	Controller Web Detection — To Detect:	Pages					
Change I Changes 1	Controller Web Detection — To Detect:	Pages					
Change I Changes 1	Controller Web Detection — To Detect:	Pages				Apply	Help

To access the diagnostic web pages, follow these steps.

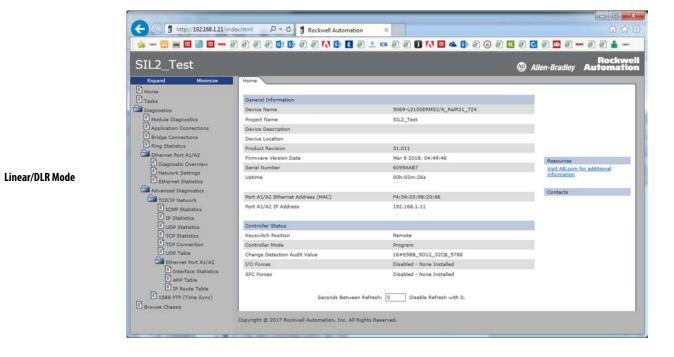
- 1. Open your web browser.
- 2. In the Address field, type the IP address of the controller and press Enter.
- 3. To access the information that you need, use the links in the left-side navigation bar.

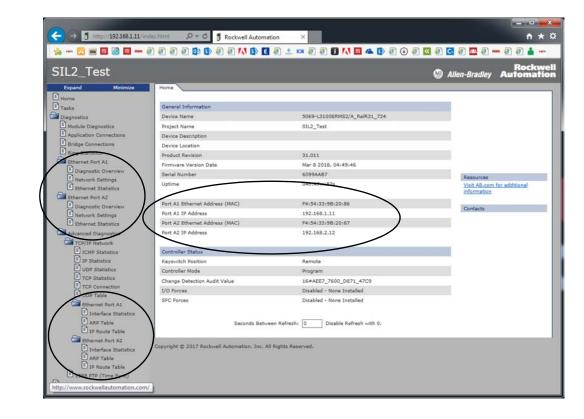
IMPORTANT The controller web pages are slightly different based on the EtherNet/IP™ mode that is used. The web pages look different and provide different information. For example, consider the following: When the controller operates in Linear/DLR mode, the left-side • navigation bar displays a Ethernet Port A1/A2 folder with three tabs. There is one Ethernet Port web page for both ports, and the controller web pages provide one set of Ethernet data. When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, the left-side navigation • bar displays an Ethernet Port A1 folder and an Ethernet Port A2 folder. Each folder has three tabs. There is an Ethernet Port web page for each port, and the controller web pages provide one set of Ethernet data for port A1 and another set of

Ethernet data for port A2.

### **Home Web Page**

The Home web page provides device information and controller status.



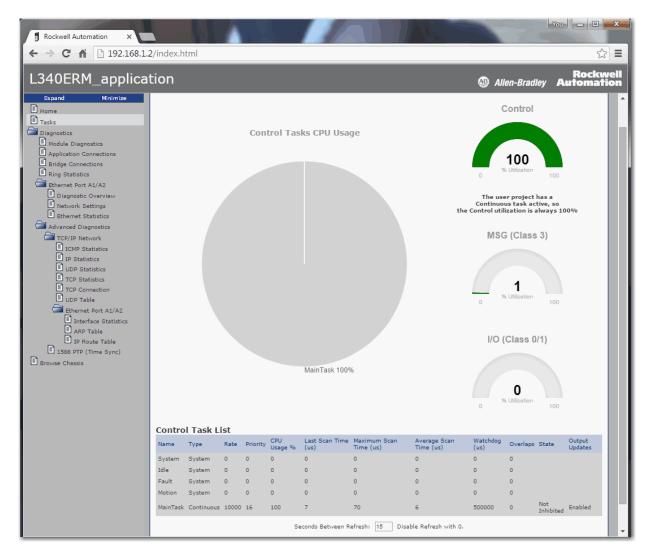


### Dual-IP Mode

### **Tasks Web Page**

On the Tasks web page, the pie chart shows the percentage of the control core's CPU consumed by the tasks that are on that core. The gauges show the CPU utilization of the control and communications cores.

The table shows the tasks that are running on the Control core (all system tasks are summarized as one task).



## **Diagnostics Web Pages**

The Diagnostics web pages use a series of tabs to provide information about the following:

- Module Diagnostics
- Application Connections
- Bridge Connections
- Ring Statistics

Rockwell Automation ×					
← → C ♠ 🗋 192.168.1.2	2/index.html				☆ =
L340ERM_applica	tion			🚇 Allen-Bradley	Rockwell Automation
Expand Minimize	Module Diagnostics Application Connection	ns 🔨 Bridge Connections 🔪 Ring St	atistics		
Tasks	Module Resource Utilization (All Ports)				
Diagnostics	I/O Comms Utilization (Actual)	0.5 %			
Module Diagnostics	I/O Comms Utilization (Theoretical)	0.5 %			
Bridge Connections	CIP Connection Statistics (All Ports)				
Ring Statistics	Active Total	6			
Ethernet Port A1/A2	Active Messaging	1			
Diagnostic Overview	Active I/O	5			
Network Settings	Maximum Total Observed	7			
Ethernet Statistics		Seconds Between Refresh: 15	Disable Refresh with 0.		
TCP/IP Network					
ICMP Statistics					
	Copyright © 2015 Rockwell Automation, Inc. A	ll Rights Reserved.			
UDP Statistics					
TCP Statistics					
UDP Table					
Ethernet Port A1/A2					
Interface Statistics					
ARP Table					
IP Route Table					
1588 PTP (Time Sync)					
Browse Chassis					

## **Ethernet Port Web Pages**

The Ethernet Port web pages use a series of tabs to provide information about the following:

- Diagnostic Overview
- Network Settings
- Ethernet Statistics

<ul> <li>Bockwell Automation ×</li> <li>← → C ☆ □ 192.168.1.</li> </ul>	2/index.html			<u>v</u> œ <u> </u>
L340ERM_applica	tion		AB 4	Rockwell
Expand Minimize	Diagnostic Overview Network Settin	gs Ethernet Statistics		
Home Home				
Tasks	TCP Connections (EtherNet/IP Port)		HMI/MSG Connected (EtherNet/IP Port	
Diagnostics	Active	2	Sent Packets Per Second	3
Module Diagnostics	Maximum Observed	2	Received Packets Per Second	3
Application Connections	Guaranteed	5	Sent Bytes Per Second	1500
<ul> <li>Bridge Connections</li> <li>Ring Statistics</li> </ul>	Maximum Allowed	512	Received Bytes Per Second	598
Ethernet Port A1/A2	Total Pool Size	512	Sent Packet Count	9197
Diagnostic Overview			Received Packet Count	9197
Network Settings	HMI/MSG Unconnected (EtherNet/IP Po			
Network Settings     Ethernet Statistics     Advanced Diagnostics	Sent Packets Per Second	0	I/O and Prod/Cons Packets Per Second	(EtherNet/IP Port)
	Received Packets Per Second	0	Total	428
TCP/IP Network	Sent Packet Count	122	Sent	214
ICMP Statistics	Received Packet Count	122	Received	214
IP Statistics				
UDP Statistics			I/O and Prod/Cons Packet Counts (Eth	erNet/IP Port)
TCP Statistics			Total	963537
TCP Connection			Sent	481772
UDP Table			Received	481765
Ethernet Port A1/A2			Rejected	0
Interface Statistics			Missed	0
IP Route Table			Multicast Producers (EtherNet/IP Port)	
1588 PTP (Time Sync)			Active	0
Browse Chassis			Maximum Observed	0
			Maximum Supported	32
			Base Address	239.192.1.32
		Seconds Between Refres	h: 15 Disable Refresh with 0.	

#### Linear/DLR Mode

← → C ⋒ 🗋 192.168.3	1.2/index.html				
L340ERM_applica	ation		<u> </u>	Allen-Bradley	Ro Auton
Expand Minimize	Diagnostic Overview Network Setting	os Ethernet Statistics			
Home Home					
Tasks	TCP Connections (EtherNet/IP Port)		HMI/MSG Connected (EtherNet/IP Port)		
Diagnostics	Active	0	Sent Packets Per Second	0	
Module Diagnostics	Maximum Observed	1	Received Packets Per Second	0	
Application Connections Bridge Connections	Guaranteed	16	Sent Bytes Per Second	0	
Ring Statistics	Maximum Allowed	496	Received Bytes Per Second	0	
Ethernet Port A1	Total Pool Size	512	Sent Packet Count	0	
Diagnostic Overview	N		Received Packet Count	0	
Network Settings	HMI/MSG Unconnected (EtherNet/IP Po	1			
Ethernet Statistics	Sent Packets Per Second	0	I/O and Prod/Cons Packets Per Second	· · · · ·	
Ethernet Port A2	Received Packets Per Second	0	Total	0	
Diagnostic Overview	Sent Packet Count	9	Sent	0	
Network Settings	Received Packet Count	9	Received	0	
Ethernet Statistics			I/O and Prod/Cons Packet Counts (Ethe	rNet/IP Port)	
Advanced Diagnostics			Total	0	
TCP/IP Network			Sent	0	
ICMP Statistics			Received	0	
UDP Statistics			Rejected	0	
TCP Statistics			Missed	0	
TCP Connection			112260	0	
UDP Table			Multicast Producers (EtherNet/IP Port)		
Ethernet Port A1			Active	0	
Interface Statistics			Maximum Observed	0	
ARP Table			Maximum Supported	32	
IP Route Table			Base Address	239,192,1	.32
Ethernet Port A2			1034 (100) E55		
Interface Statistics					
ARP Table		Seconds Between F	Refresh: 15 Disable Refresh with 0.		
IP Route Table					

Dual-IP Mode

### **Advanced Diagnostics Web Pages**

The Advanced Diagnostics web pages provide information about the following:

- TCP/IP Network Provide information about the following:
  - ICMP Statistics
  - IP Statistics
  - UDP Statistics
  - TCP Statistics
  - TCP Connection
  - UDP Table
- Ethernet Port A1/A2- Provide information about the following:
  - Interface Statistics
  - ARP Table
  - IP Route Table

**IMPORTANT** This information is listed separately for, and is unique to, each port when the controller operates in Dual-IP mode.

• 1588 PTP (Time Sync)

Brockwell Automation			You
← → C ⋒ 🗋 192.168.1.3	/index.html		☆ =
L340ERM_applica	ion	🚇 Allen-Bradley	Rockwell Automation
Expand Minimize			
Home	ICMP Statistics		
Tasks	In messages		1
Diagnostics	In errors		0
Module Diagnostics	In destination unreachable		1
	In time exceeded		0
Application Connections	In parameter problems		0
Bridge Connections	In source quenches		0
Ring Statistics	In redirects In echos		0
Ethernet Port A1/A2			0
Diagnostic Overview	In echo responses In timestamps		0
Network Settings	In timestamps In timestamp responses		0
Ethernet Statistics	In address masks		0
Advanced Diagnostics	In address masks In address mask responses		0
TCP/IP Network	Out messages		3
TCP/IP Network	Out messages Out errors		0
ICMP Statistics	Out destination unreachable		1
IP Statistics	Out time exceeded		0
UDP Statistics	Out parameter problems		0
TCP Statistics	Out source quenches		0
TCP Connection	Out redirects		0
UDP Table	Out reduceds Out echos		0
Ethernet Port A1/A2	Out echo responses		0
	Out timestamps		0
Interface Statistics	Out timestamp responses		0
ARP Table	Out address masks		0
IP Route Table	Out address mask responses		0
1588 PTP (Time Sync)	Seconds Between Re	fresh: 15 Disable Refresh with 0.	
Browse Chassis			
C	pyright © 2015 Rockwell Automation, Inc. All Rights Reserved.		

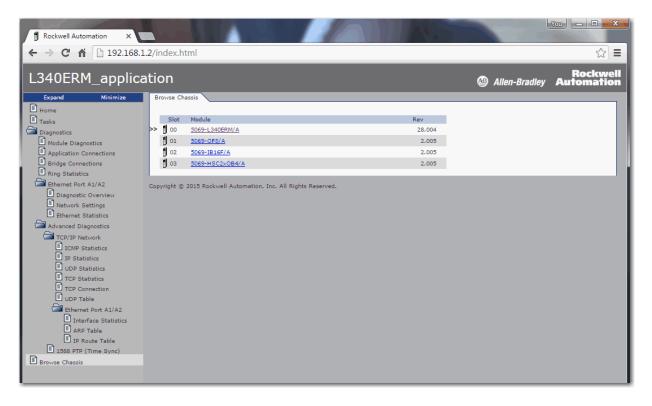
### Linear/DLR Mode

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		<b>•</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Expand Minimize	ICMP Statistics		
Home			
Tasks	In messages		1
Diagnostics	In errors In destination unreachable		0
Module Diagnostics			1
Application Connections	In time exceeded		0
Application Connections	In parameter problems In source quenches		•
Bridge Connections	In source quenches In redirects		0
Ring Statistics	In redirects In echos		
Ethernet Port A1			0
Diagnostic Overview	In echo responses		0
Network Settings	In timestamps		0
Ethernet Statistics	In timestamp responses In address masks		0
Ethernet Port A2			0
	In address mask responses		0
Diagnostic Overview	Out messages		3
Network Settings	Out errors Out destination unreachable		0
Ethernet Statistics	Out destination unreachable Out time exceeded		1
Advanced Diagnostics			0
TCP/IP Network	Out parameter problems		0
	Out source quenches		0
ICMP Statistics	Out redirects		0
IP Statistics	Out echos		0
UDP Statistics	Out echo responses		0
TCP Statistics	Out timestamps		0
Ter connection	Out timestamp responses		0
UDP Table	Out address masks		0
Ethernet Port A1	Out address mask responses		0
	Seconds Between Refresh: 15 Disable Refresh with	D.	
Interface Statistics			
ARP Table			
IP Route Table			
Ethernet Port A2	Coryright © 2015 Rockwell Automation, Inc. All Rights Reserved.		
Interface Statistics			
ARP Table			

#### Dual-IP Mode

### **Browse Chassis Web Page**

The Browse Chassis provides information about the devices in the system. You can click the link for each catalog number to access more information about that device.



## Other Potential Issues to Troubleshoot

Applies	to ti	nese	contr	ollers:

CompactLogix 5380
-------------------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Your controller can experience other issues that you must troubleshoot.

## Continuous Task Sends Output Data at High Rate

A free-running Continuous Task can keep sending outputs at a high rate. If the Continuous Task executes repetitively with a short task execution time, and local output or produced data is changing, the controller can produce data faster than the receiving modules can react. We recommend that you program appropriately to avoid this condition.

## Immediate Output Instructions Issued at High Rate

CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers can issue Immediate Output (IOT) instructions faster than I/O modules can react to them. We recommend that you program IOT instructions so that they are sent at a rate appropriate for the I/O module and the corresponding physical devices.

## Integrated Motion On an EtherNet/IP Network Traffic Priority Status

When you use a Stratix<sup>®</sup> managed switch to change the network communication rate from 1 Gbps to 100 Mbps, the system can fail to prioritize the Integrated Motion On an EtherNet/IP network communication higher than standard I/O communication.

For more information on when to use a Stratix managed switch to change the network communication rate from 1 Gbps to 100 Mbps, see <u>page 127</u>.

For more information on managed switches in general, see the EtherNet/IP Network section of the product directory accessible at this address: <u>http://ab.rockwellautomation.com/networks-and-communications/ethernet-ip-network.</u>

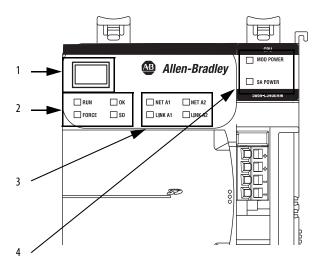
# **Status Indicators**

The CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 and Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controllers have a four-character scrolling status display, controller status indicators, EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> network status indicators, and power indicators.

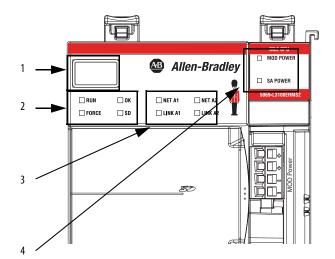
Topic	Page
Status Display and Indicators	300
General Status Messages	301
Compact GuardLogix Status Messages	303
ault Messages	303
lajor Fault Messages	305
0 Fault Codes	305
ontroller Status Indicators	306
therNet/IP Status Indicators	308
ower Status Indicators	309
hermal Monitoring and Thermal Fault Behavior	310

# Status Display and Indicators

<u>Figure 69</u> shows the status display and indicators on CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.







ltem	Description
1	4-Character Scrolling Status Display, see page 301
2	Controller Status Indicators, see page 306
3	EtherNet/IP™ Status Indicators, see page 308
4	Power Status Indicators, see page 309

# **General Status Messages**

### Applies to these controllers:

### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The scrolling messages that are described in this table are typically indicated upon powerup, powerdown, and while the controller is running to show the status of the controller.

Message	Interpretation
No message is indicated	The controller is Off. Check the MOD POWER status indicator to see if power is applied to the system. Check the OK indicator to determine if the controller is powered and to determine the state of the controller.
ldentity Mismatch - Contact Tech Support	This product's identity has been modified from its original production state and the integrity of the product has been compromised. This could be the result of unauthorized modifications made to the product or the product may not be a genuine Rockwell Automation product. This product should not be placed into service.
TEST	The controller is conducting power-up tests.
CHRG	The embedded energy storage circuit is charging.
PASS	Power-up tests have completed successfully.
SavingDo Not Remove SD Card	The controller is about to save an image to the SD card.
SAVE	A project is being saved to the SD card. For more information, see <u>SD Indicator on</u> page 307. Let the save operation complete before you: • Remove the SD card. • Disconnect the power.
	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : Do not remove the SD card while the controller is saving to the SD card. Let the save complete without interruption. If you interrupt the save, data corruption or loss can occur.
<ul> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>LOAD</li> <li>LoadingDo Not Remove SD Card</li> </ul>	A project is being loaded from the SD card. For more information, see <u>SD Indicator on</u> page 307. Let the load operation complete before doing the following: • Remove the SD card • Disconnect the power
	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : Do not remove the SD card while the controller is loading from the SD card. Let the load complete without interruption. If you interrupt the load, data corruption or loss can occur.
UPDT	A firmware update is being conducted from the SD card upon powerup. For more information, see <u>SD Indicator on page 307</u> . If you do not want the firmware to update upon powerup, change the Load Image property of the controller.
Rev XX.xxx	The firmware major and minor revision of the controller.
5069-L3xxx	The controller catalog number and series.
Link Down	Message appears when an Ethernet port does not have a network connection. Message scrolls continuously during operation. <b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for each link, that is, Link A1 and Link A2. The link name appears before the information.
Link Disabled	Message appears when you have disabled an Ethernet port. Message scrolls continuously during operation. IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for each link, that is, Link A1 and Link A2. The link name appears before the information.
DHCP- 00:00:XX:XX:XX:XX	Message appears when the controller is set for DHCP, but not configured on a network. The message shows the MAC address of the controller. Message scrolls continuously during operation if no IP address is set. <b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.

Message	Interpretation
Ethernet Port Rate/ Duplex State	The current port rate and duplex state when an Ethernet port has a connection. Message scrolls continuously during operation.
	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for each link, that is, Link A1 and Link A2. The link name appears before the information.
IP Address	The IP address of the controller. Appears on powerup and scrolls continuously during operation. If the IP address is not yet set, the MAC address appears.
	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
Duplicate IP - 00:00:XX:XX:XX:XX	Message appears when the controller detects a device with the same IP address on the network. The message shows the MAC address of the device with the duplicate IP address. Message scrolls continuously during operation. <b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
DHCP-Address Lost	The controller communicated with the DHCP server to renew the IP address. The server either did not reply or did not renew the IP address.
	The controller continues to operate, but with no Ethernet connectivity out of this port. <b>IMPORTANT</b> : When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
IP Address/Mask/ Gateway/DNS Invalid	The DHCP server responded with an unusable combination. IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
IP Address Invalid	The IP Address that is used in the port configuration is not valid. IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
Mask Invalid	The Subnet/Network Mask used in the port configuration is not valid. IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provider for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
Gateway Invalid	The Gateway Address that is used in the port IP configuration is not valid. IMPORTANT: When the controller operates in Dual-IP mode, this information is provided for Port A1 and Port A2. The port name appears before the information.
DNS Invalid	The DNS used in the port IP configuration is not valid.
No Project	<ul> <li>No project is loaded on the controller.</li> <li>To load a project:</li> <li>Use the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application to download the project to the controller</li> <li>Use an SD card to load a project to the controller</li> </ul>
Project Name	The name of the project that is loaded on the controller.
BUSY	The I/O modules that are associated with the controller are not yet fully powered. Let powerup and I/O module self-testing complete.
Corrupt Certificate Received	The security certificate that is associated with the firmware is corrupted. Go to <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/</u> and download the firmware revision to which you are trying to update. Replace the firmware revision that you have previously installed with that posted on the Technical Support website.
Corrupt Image Received	The firmware file is corrupted. Go to <u>http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/</u> and download the firmware revision to which you are trying to update. Replace the firmware revision that you have previously installed with that posted on the Technical Support website.
Backup Energy HW Failure - Save Project	A failure with the embedded storage circuit has occurred, and the controller is incapable of saving the program in the event of a powerdown. If you see this message, save your program to the SD card before you remove power and replace the controller.
Backup Energy Low - Save Project	The embedded storage circuit does not have sufficient energy to enable the controller to save the program in the event of a powerdown. If you see this message, save your program to the SD card before you remove power and replace the controller.
Flash in Progress	A firmware update that is initiated via ControlFLASH™ or AutoFlash software is in progres Let the firmware update complete without interruption.

Message	Interpretation
Firmware Installation Required	The controller is using boot firmware, that is, revision 1.xxx, and requires a firmware update.
	The Compact GuardLogix SIL3 controller also shows "Firmware Installation Required", when the controller and the internal safety partner have incompatible firmware. Update the module to correct firmware version.
SD Card Locked	An SD card that is locked is installed.
Download in Progress	An active download is occurring
Aborting Download	An active download is being canceled. This can be due to a user initiated cancel, a download failure, or connection loss.

The Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller display can show these scrolling

## Compact GuardLogix Status Messages

Applies to these controllers: Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 messages. Table 36 - Safety Status Messages

Message	Interpretation
No Safety Signature	Safety Task is in Run mode without a safety signature. Generate a safety signature.
Safety Unlocked	The controller is in Run mode with a safety signature, but is not safety-locked. Safety lock the controller.
Safety Task Inoperable	The safety logic is invalid. For example, a watchdog timeout occurred, or memory is corrupt. For a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 controllers, a mismatch occurred between the primary controller and the safety partner.
Safety Partner Missing	For Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL3 controllers, the safety partner is missing or unavailable.

## **Fault Messages**

If the controller displays a fault, these messages can appear on the status display.

### Table 37 - Fault Messages

Message	Interpretation
Major Fault TXX:CXX message	A major fault of Type XX and Code XX has been detected. For example, if the status display indicates Major Fault T04:C42 Invalid JMP Target, a JMP instruction is programmed to jump to an invalid LBL instruction.
I/O Fault Local:X #XXXX message	An I/O fault has occurred on a module in the local chassis. The slot number and fault code are indicated along with a brief description. For example, I/O Fault Local:3 #0107 Connection Not Found indicates that a connection to the local I/O module in slot three is not open. Take corrective action specific to the type of fault indicated.

Applies to these controllers.
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Message	Interpretation
I/O Fault <i>ModuleName #XXXX message</i>	An I/O fault has occurred on a module in a remote chassis. The name of the faulted module is indicated with the fault code and brief description of the fault. For example, I/O Fault My_Module #0107 Connection Not Found indicates that a connection to the module named My_Module is not open. Take corrective action specific to the type of fault indicated.
I/O Fault <i>ModuleParent:X</i> #XXXX message	An I/O fault has occurred on a module in a remote chassis. The parent name of the module is indicated because no module name is configured in the I/O Configuration tree of Logix Designer application. In addition, the fault code is indicated with a brief description of the fault. Take corrective action specific to the type of fault indicated.
X I/O Faults	I/O faults are present and $X =$ the number of I/O faults present. If there are multiple I/O faults, the controller indicates that the first fault reported. As each I/O fault is resolved, the number of indicated faults decreases and the I/O Fault message indicates the next reported fault. Take corrective action specific to the type of fault indicated.

### Table 37 - Fault Messages (Continued)

For details about major recoverable faults and I/O fault codes, see the Logix 5000 Major, Minor, and I/O Fault Codes Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.

## **Major Fault Messages**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The Major Fault TXX:CXX *message* on the controller status display indicates major faults.



This manual links to Knowledgebase Article <u>Logix 5000</u> <u>Controller Fault Codes</u> for fault codes. Download the spreadsheet from this public article.

You might be asked to login to your Rockwell Automation web account, or create an account if you do not have one. You do not need a support contract to access the article.

For suggested recovery methods for major faults, see the Logix 5000 Major, Minor, and I/O Fault Codes Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.

The controller indicates I/O faults on the status display in one of these formats:

- I/O Fault Local:X #XXXX message
- I/O Fault ModuleName #XXXX message
- I/O Fault ModuleParent:X #XXXX message

The first part of the format is used to indicate the location of the module with a fault. How the location is indicated depends on your I/O configuration and the properties of the module that are specified in the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application.

The latter part of the format, #XXXX message, can be used to diagnose the type of I/O fault and potential corrective actions.



This manual links to Knowledgebase Article <u>Logix 5000</u> <u>Controller Fault Codes</u> for fault codes. Download the spreadsheet from this public article.

You might be asked to login to your Rockwell Automation web account, or create an account if you do not have one. You do not need a support contract to access the article.

For suggested recovery methods for I/O faults, see the Logix 5000 Major, Minor, and I/O Fault Codes Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.

## I/O Fault Codes

Applies to the	ese controllers:
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CompactLogix 5380	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2	
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3	

## **Controller Status Indicators**

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix	5380
--------------	------

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The controller status indicators display the state of the controller.

### IMPORTANT Safety Consideration

Status indicators are not reliable indicators for safety functions. Use them only for general diagnostics during commissioning or troubleshooting. Do not attempt to use status indicators to determine operational status.

### **RUN Indicator**

The RUN indicator shows the current mode of the controller.

To change the controller mode, you can use the mode switch on the front of the controller or the Controller Status menu in the Logix Designer application.

#### Table 38 - RUN Indicator

State	Description
Off	The controller is in Program or Test mode.
Steady green	The controller is in Run mode.

## **FORCE Indicator**

The Force indicator shows if I/O forces are enabled on the controller.

#### Table 39 - FORCE Indicator

State	Description
Off	No tags contain I/O force values.
Solid yellow	I/O forces are enabled. If any I/O force values exist, they are active. IMPORTANT: Use caution if you change any force values. In this state, the changes take effect immediately.
Flashing yellow	I/O forces exist in the application, but are not active because I/O forces are not enabled. IMPORTANT: Use caution if you enable I/O forces. All existing I/O force values take effect immediately.

## **SD Indicator**

The SD indicator shows if the SD card is in use.

### Table 40 - SD Indicator

State	Description	
Off	No activity is occurring with the SD card.	
Flashing green	The controller is reading from or writing to the SD card.	
Solid green	<b>IMPORTANT</b> : Do not remove the SD card while the controller is reading or writing. Let the read/write complete without interruption. If you interrupt the read/write, data corruption or loss can occur.	
Flashing red	One of the following exists:	
	The SD card does not have a valid file system.	
	The SD card drew excessive current and power has been removed from the card.	
Solid red	The controller does not recognize the SD card.	

## **OK Indicator**

The OK indicator shows the state of the controller.

### Table 41 - OK Indicator

State	Description		
Off	No power is applied.		
Flashing red	One of the following exists:		
	<ul> <li>The controller requires a firmware update. Typically, the controller is in its out-of-box state when a firmware update is required.</li> </ul>		
	If a firmware update is required, the 4-character display indicates Firmware Installation Required. For more information on how to update firmware, see <u>Upload from the</u> <u>Controller on page 95</u> .		
	A firmware update is in progress.		
	If a firmware update is in progress, the 4-character display indicates Flash in Progress. For more information on how to update firmware, see <u>Upload from the Controller on</u> <u>page 95</u> .		
	• The controller has a major fault. The fault can be recoverable or nonrecoverable. If the fault is nonrecoverable, the program has been cleared from the controller memory.		
	If a fault has occurred, the 4-character display shows information about the fault, for example, the Type and Code.		
	<ul> <li>For details about major faults, see the following:</li> <li>The fault descriptions in the <u>General Status Messages</u> that begin on <u>page 301</u>.</li> <li>Logix 5000 Major, Minor, and I/O Fault Codes Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM014</u>.</li> </ul>		
	• All user tasks, that is, standard and safety, are stopped.		
Solid red	One of the following:		
	The controller is completing power-up diagnostics.		
	The controller is depleting its residual stored energy upon powerdown.		
	The controller is powered, but is inoperable.		
	The controller is loading a project to nonvolatile memory.		
	<ul> <li>The controller is experiencing a Hardware Preservation Fault due to a high internal module temperature.</li> </ul>		
	In this condition, only the status indicator receives power. Once the controller cools down to an acceptable temperature, full power is applied.		
Solid green	The controller is operating normally.		

## **EtherNet/IP Status Indicators**

Applies to these controllers:
-------------------------------

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

**5** The EtherNet/IP indicators show the state of the controller Ethernet ports and network communication activity.

## **NET A1 and NET A2 Indicators**

The NET A1 and NET A2 indicators show the state of the Ethernet port.

Table 42	NET A1	and NET	A2 Indicators
----------	--------	---------	---------------

State	Description
Off	<ul> <li>One of the following:</li> <li>The controller is not configured, or does not have an IP address.</li> <li>The port is administratively disabled.</li> <li>The EtherNet/IP mode is Linear/DLR mode. In this case, the NET A2 indicator is off. The NET A1 indicator remains on.</li> </ul>
Flashing green	The controller has an IP address, but no active connections are established.
Steady green	The controller has an IP address and at least one established active connection.
Steady red	Duplicate IP address or invalid configuration.

## LINK A1 and LINK A2 Indicators

The LINK A1 and LINK A2 indicators show the state of the EtherNet/IP links.

Table 43	- LINK A1	and LINK	A2 Indicators
----------	-----------	----------	---------------

State	Description		
Off	The link is down. One or more of these conditions exists:		
	• Ethernet cables are not properly connected at both ends. That is, the cables are not properly connected the controller Ethernet port and to the connected device.		
	No link exists on the port. For example, the connected device is not powered.		
	The port is administratively disabled.		
	<ul> <li>LINK A2 only:         <ul> <li>The controller is the active ring supervisor in a DLR network, and the ring is not broken. This is normal operation.</li> <li>The controller is the active ring supervisor in a DLR network and has detected a rapid ring fault.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Flashing green	All of these conditions exist:		
	The port is enabled.		
	• A link exists. That is, the cable is properly connected to an enabled controller Ethernet port on to another device.		
	There is <b>activity</b> on the port.		
Steady green	All of these conditions exist:		
	The port is enabled.		
	• A link exists. That is, the cable is properly connected to an enabled controller Ethernet port on to another device.		
	• There is <b>no activity</b> on the port.		

## **Power Status Indicators**

#### Applies to these controllers:

#### CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

The power status indicators show the status of module power and sensor/actuator power, known as MOD Power and SA Power, respectively.

### **MOD Power Indicator**

<u>Table 44</u> describes the MOD Power indicator on a CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

#### Table 44 - MOD Power Indicator

State	Description
Off	Module Power is not present
Steady green	Module Power is present <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Although unlikely, it is possible that there is enough Module Power present for the indicator to turn steady green but the power is not valid. Valid power is 18...32V DC to operate a CompactLogix 5380 system. If the system does not power up and operate successfully, Module Power can be invalid.

If Module Power is invalid, we recommend that you make sure that the external power supply is working correctly, properly sized for your application and that all wiring is correct.

### **SA Power Indicator**

<u>Table 45</u> describes the SA Power indicator on a CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

#### Table 45 - SA Power Indicator

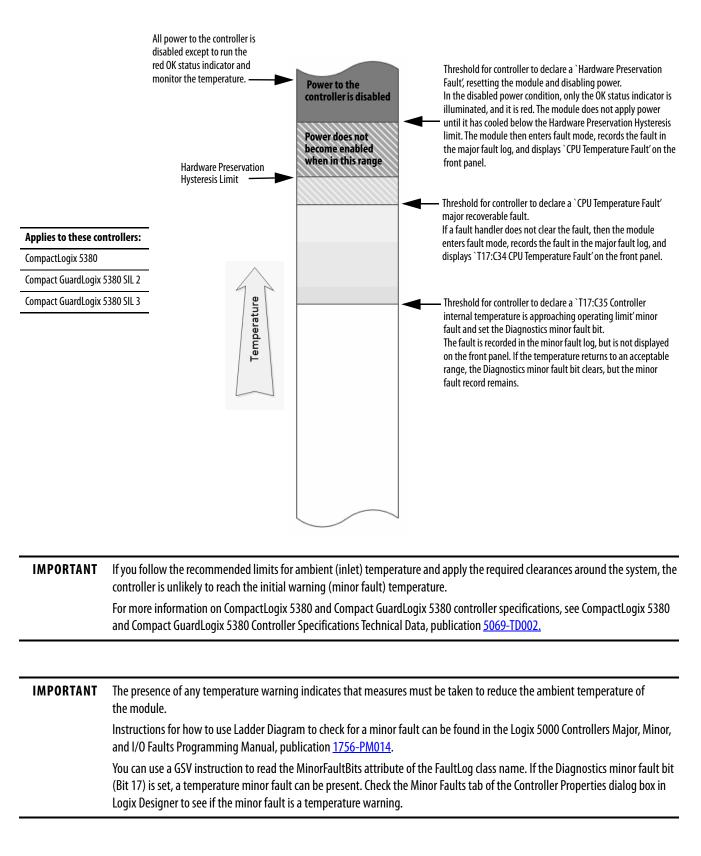
State	Description
Off	One of the following: • Sensor Actuator Power is not present • Status of Sensor Actuator power is unknown
Steady green	Sensor Actuator Power is present <sup>(1)</sup>

(1) Although unlikely, it is possible that there is enough Sensor/Actuator Power present for the indicator to turn steady green but the power is not valid. Valid power is 18...32V DC in applications that require DC voltage and 18...240V AC in applications that require AC voltage.

If Sensor/Actuator Power is invalid, we recommend that you make sure that the external power supply is working correctly, properly sized for your application and that all wiring is correct.

## Thermal Monitoring and Thermal Fault Behavior

The controllers monitor internal module temperatures. As shown below, the controller takes actions as the temperature increases.



# **Security Options**

Торіс	Page
Disable an Ethernet Port	311
Disable the 4-character Status Display	315
Disable the Controller Web Pages	320

For enhanced security, you can disable functionality on your controller.

## **Disable an Ethernet Port**

Applies to these controllers:
CompactLogix <sup>™</sup> 5380
Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can disable the controller Ethernet ports with the Studio 5000 Logix Designer<sup>®</sup> application, version 28.00.00 or later.

IMPORTANT	Remember the following:
	• When you use the Logix Designer application, version 29.00.00 or later, you can disable either of the Ethernet ports whether the controller uses Dual-IP mode or Linear/DLR mode.
	<ul> <li>Once an Ethernet port is disabled, you lose any connection that is established through that port.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>You cannot disable Ethernet ports if the controller is in Run mode or if the FactoryTalk<sup>®</sup> Security settings deny this editing option.</li> </ul>

Ethernet ports return to the default setting after the following occur on the controller:

- Stage 1 reset
- Stage 2 reset
- New project is downloaded In this case, the settings in the new project take effect.
- Program is cleared from the controller The following are examples of what clears the program from a controller:
  - Major non-recoverable fault occurs.
  - Firmware update occurs.

You must reconfigure the settings to disable an Ethernet port after the port returns to its default settings.

There are two ways to disable the Ethernet port:

- Disable the Ethernet Port on the Port Configuration Tab on page 312
- Disable the Ethernet Port with a MSG Instruction on page 313

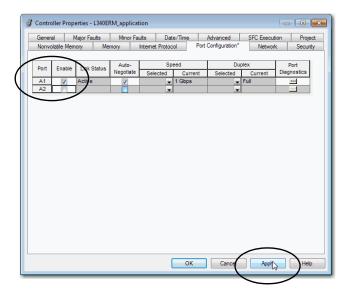
### Disable the Ethernet Port on the Port Configuration Tab

You can disable the embedded Ethernet port on the controller. This method retains the setting in the project, so every time you download the project to the controller, the Ethernet port is disabled.

1. On the Online toolbar, click the Controller Properties button.



- 2. On the Controller Properties dialog box, click the Port Configuration tab.
- 3. On the Port Configuration tab, clear the Enable checkbox for the port that you want to disable and click Apply.



4. If you are online when you make this change, click Yes on the Alert dialog box.



- The change takes effect immediately.
- If you are offline, the change takes effect when you download the program to the controller.
- 5. On the Port Configuration tab, click OK.

### Disable the Ethernet Port with a MSG Instruction

You use a CIP<sup>™</sup> Generic MSG with a Path of THIS to execute this option. You cannot use this MSG instruction to disable the Ethernet port on a different controller.

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

This message only needs to execute once, it does not need to execute with every program scan.

IMPORTANT	You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller
	is in Run mode or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this
	editing option.

2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:

**IMPORTANT** The values that are listed below are stored to NVS memory in such a way that the MSG instruction is not required to be executed each time the controller powers up.

- Message Type CIP Generic
- Service Type Set Attribute Single
- Instance 1 to disable Port A1, 2 to disable Port A2
- Class f6
- Attribute 9
- Source Element Controller tag of SINT data type
   In this example, the controller tag is named Port\_Configuration.
- Source Length 1

Message Con	nfiguration - MSGDisa			
Message 1	Type: CIP Gener	ic	•	
Service	Set Attribute Single	•	Source Element:	Port_Configuration 👻
Service			Source Length:	1 🗘 (Bytes)
Code:	10 (Hex) Class:	f6 (Hex)	Destination Element:	<b></b>
Instance:	1 Attribute:	9 (Hex)	Liement,	New Tag
O Enable	C Enable Waiting	<ul> <li>Start</li> </ul>	O Done Do	one Length: 0
O Error Cod		ed Error Code:		Timed Out 🗲
Error Path: T Error Text:	HIS	ОК	Cancel	Apply Help

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

Configuration Commun	ication Tag			Browse	
THIS					
Broadcast:	Ŧ				
Communication Meth	od				
CIP DH+	Channel: 'A'	~	Destination Link	c 🛛 🖨	
CIP With Source ID	Source Link: 0	A V	Destination Not	de: 0 🔺	(Octal)
Connected		Cache Connec	ctions 🗲	Large Conr	nection
) Enable 🛛 Enable	Waiting 🔾 S	tart O	) Done [	Done Length: 0	
C Error Code:	Extended Error	Code:		🗌 Timed Out 🗲	
Error Path: THIS					

4. Before you enable the MSG instruction, make sure that the Source Element tag value is 2.

IMPORTANT	You can re-enable an Ethernet port after it is disabled.
	To re-enable the port, complete the steps that are described in this section. Before you enable the MSG instructions, however, make sure that the Source Element tag value is 1.

## Disable the 4-character Status Display

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

With the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application, version 29.00.00 or later, you can disable certain categories of messages on the 4-character status display:

- Disable All Categories of Messages on page 316
- Disable Individual Categories of Messages on page 318

You use a CIP Generic MSG to execute each option.

**IMPORTANT** These system messages are always displayed and cannot be disabled:

- Powerup messages (TEST, PASS, CHRG)
- Catalog number message
- Firmware revision message
- Major / Critical failure messages

The 4-character status display returns to the default setting after one of these actions occur on the controller:

- Stage 1 reset
- Stage 2 reset
- New project is downloaded In this case, the settings in the new project take effect.
- Program is cleared from the controller The following are examples of what clears the program:
  - Major non-recoverable fault occurs.
  - Firmware update occurs.

You must reconfigure the settings to disable an Ethernet port after the port returns to its default settings.

### **Disable All Categories of Messages**

When you disable the 4-character display entirely, this information is no longer shown:

- Project name
- Link status
- Port status
- IP address

Complete these steps.

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller is in Run mode or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Set Attribute Single
  - Instance 1
  - Class 3a5
  - Attribute 1
  - Source Element Controller tag of SINT data type In this example, the controller tag is named LCD\_SINT.
  - Source Length 1

Message Configuration - MSGDisable_LC	D	×
Configuration Communication Tag		
Message Type: CIP Generic	•	
Service Type:	<ul> <li>Source Element:</li> </ul>	LCD_SINT 👻
	Source Length:	1 🗘 (Bytes)
Code: 10 (Hex) Class: 3a5	(Hex) Destination	<b></b>
Instance: 1 Attribute: 1	(Hex)	New Tag
○ Enable ○ Enable Waiting ○ St	tart 🔾 Done	Done Length: 0
Error Code: Extended Error Error Path: THIS Error Text:	Code:	🗖 Timed Out 🗲
	OK Cancel	Apply Help

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

~		
nel: 'A'	Destination Lin	0
Cache C	Connections 🔶	Large Connection
ng 🔾 Start	O Done	Done Length: 0
	Cache (	Cec Link: 0 Destination Li

4. Before you enable the MSG instruction, make sure that the Source Element tag value is 1.

IMPORTANTYou can re-enable the 4-character display after it is disabled.To re-enable the 4-character display, complete the steps that are<br/>described in this section. Before you enable the MSG instructions,<br/>however, make sure that the Source Element tag value is 0.

### **Disable Individual Categories of Messages**

You can disable a subset of the information that scrolls across the controller. You can disable these subsets:

- Project name and link status
- Port status and IP address

Complete these steps.

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program

This message only needs to execute once, it does not need to execute with every program scan.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller is in Run mode or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Set Attribute Single
  - Instance 1
  - Class 3a5
  - Attribute 2
  - Source Element Controller tag of DINT data type In this example, the controller tag is named Line\_MASK.
  - Source Length 4

Message Cor Configuration Message		9	<b>_</b>	
Service Type: Service Code: Instance:	Set Attribute Single           10         (Hex)         Class:           1         Attribute:	3a5 (Hex) 2 (Hex)	Source Element: Source Length: Destination Element:	Line_MASK  4   (Bytes)  Vew Tag
O Enable	<ul> <li>Enable Waiting</li> </ul>	O Start	O Done [	Done Length: 0
Error Coo Error Path: T Error Text:		ed Error Code:	Cancel	Timed Out

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

Path: THIS			Browse
THIS O Broadcast:	~		
Communication Method CIP DH+ Chann	el: 'A'	Destination Lin	k: 0 👘
CIP With Source	Elink: 0	Destination No	de: 0 🚔 (Octa
Connected	Cache (	Connections 🔶	Large Connection
) Enable 🔾 Enable Waiting	) Start	O Done	Done Length: 0
) Error Code: Exte	nded Error Code:		🗌 Timed Out 🔸

- 4. Before you enable the MSG instruction, set the bits in the Source Element tag to these values, based on what information that you want to disable:
  - Project name and link status Bit 0 of the Source Element = 1
  - Port status and IP address Bit 1 of the Source Element = 1

IMPORTANT	You can re-enable the subsets of information on the 4-character display after they are disabled.
	To re-enable the subsets, complete the steps that are described in this section. Before you enable the MSG instructions, however,
	make sure the appropriate bit in the Source Element tag value is 0.

## Disable the Controller Web Pages

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2

Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

You can disable the controller web pages with Studio 5000 Logix Designer application, version 28.00.00 or later.

### Studio 5000 Logix Designer Application Version 33.00.00 and Later

With the Studio 5000 Logix Designer application version 33.00.00 and later, controller web pages are disabled by default.

While using a CIP Generic MSG to disable Controller Web pages is supported in version 33.00.00 and later, Rockwell Automation recommends these methods to disable the controller web pages:

• If the controller web pages are enabled, clear the check box on the Logix Designer Controller Properties Security tab to disable the webpages.

General	Major Faults	Minor Faults	Date/Time	Advanced	SFC Execution	Project	Redundan
Nonvolati	le Memory	Capacity	Internet Protocol	Port C	onfiguration	Security*	Alarm Log
Security Authority:		No Protection	1		~		
		Use only th	ne selected Security	y Authority for	Authentication and	d Authorization	1
Sec	ure With:	🔿 Logical Na	me <controller< td=""><td>Name&gt;</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></controller<>	Name>			
		O Permission	Set			$\sim$	
Select	Slots:	is Except Through	h Selected Slots				
Select		1 2					
Select	Slots:	1 2					
Select	Slots: Controller Web Detection —	Pages					
Select	Slots: Controller Web Detection — To Detect:	Pages	3 4 5 6				

### Studio 5000 Logix Designer Application Version 32.00.00 or Earlier

For Studio 5000 Logix Designer application, version 32.00.00 or earlier, you use a CIP Generic MSG to execute this option.

See:

- Use a CIP Generic MSG to Disable the Controller Web Pages on page 322.
- Use a CIP Generic MSG to Enable the Controller Web Pages on page 324

### **Controller Web Page Default Settings**

The default settings for controller web pages are:

- Web pages enabled for controller firmware revision 32 and earlier.
- Web pages disabled for controller firmware revision 33 and later.

Controller web pages return to the default setting in these situations:

- A stage 1 reset for all versions of the Logix Designer application.
- A stage 2 reset for all versions of the Logix Designer application.

**IMPORTANT** When you update the controller firmware to revision 33 or later without a reset, the controller retains the previous controller web page configuration (web pages enabled) and does not automatically change to the default setting for V33 (disable the web pages).

• You must reconfigure the settings to disable the controller web pages after it returns to its default settings.

The setting of the controller web pages changes after the following occurs on the controller:

- New project is downloaded in this case, the settings in the new project take effect.
- When the controller receives a configuration message, it takes the setting from the configuration message.

### Use a CIP Generic MSG to Disable the Controller Web Pages

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller is in Run mode or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Custom
  - Service Code 4c
  - Instance 1 for Linear/DLR mode, 2 for Dual-IP mode
  - Class f5
  - Attribute 0
  - Source Element Controller tag of SINT[5] data type.
     In this example, the controller tag is named WP\_Disable and must match this graphic.

**IMPORTANT** The Source Element tag in your Logix Designer application project must match the values that are shown in the graphic.

If you use values that are different than the ones shown, the controller web pages are not disabled.

WP_Disable	{}	Decimal	SINT[5]
WP_Disable[0]	1	Decimal	SINT
WP_Disable[1]	80	Decimal	SINT
WP_Disable[2]	0	Decimal	SINT
WP_Disable[3]	6	Decimal	SINT
WP_Disable[4]	0	Decimal	SINT

#### - Source Length - 5

	nfiguration -		ble_Webpage			×
Message '	Type: (	CIP Gener	ic	•		
Service Type:	Custom		•	Source Element:	WP_Disable[0]	•
l				Source Length:	5 🗘	(Bytes)
Service Code:	4c (Hex	) Class:	f5 (Hex)	Destination		•
Instance:	1 /	Attribute:	0 (Hex)	Element:	New Tag	
) Enable	) Enable 1	Waiting	⊖ Start	◯ Done D	Done Length: 0	
O Error Coo	de:	Extende	ed Error Code:		Timed Out 🔸	
Error Path: 1 Error Text:	THIS		ОК	Cancel	Apply	Help

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

onfiguration Communication	Tag		Browse
Path: THIS     THIS			browse
Broadcast:	*		
Communication Method			
◎ CIP ○ DH+ Chan	nel: (A'	Destination Link:	0
CIP With Source ID	ce Link: 0	Destination Node:	0 🔹 (Octal)
Connected	Cache Cache	Connections 🗲	Large Connection
) Enable 🔾 Enable Waitir	g 🔾 Start	O Done Done	Length: 0
) Error Code: Ex	tended Error Code:	Ш Т	imed Out 🔸

### Use a CIP Generic MSG to Enable the Controller Web Pages

1. Add a MSG instruction to your program.

**IMPORTANT** You cannot add a MSG instruction to your program if the controller mode switch is in RUN mode, or if the FactoryTalk Security settings deny this editing option.

- 2. Configure the Configuration tab on the Message Configuration dialog box as follows:
  - Message Type CIP Generic
  - Service Type Custom
  - Service Code 4c
  - Instance 1 for Linear/DLR mode, 2 for Dual-IP mode
  - Class f5
  - Attribute 0
  - Source Element Controller tag of SINT[5] data type.
     In this example, the controller tag is named WP\_Enable and must match the following graphic.

IMPORTANTThe Source Element tag in your Logix Designer application<br/>project must match the values that are shown in the graphic.<br/>If you use values that are different than the ones shown, the<br/>controller webpages are not enabled.

▲ WP_Enable	{}	Decimal	SINT[5]
WP_Enable[0]	1	Decimal	SINT
WP_Enable[1]	80	Decimal	SINT
WP_Enable[2]	0	Decimal	SINT
WP_Enable[3]	6	Decimal	SINT
WP_Enable[4]	1	Decimal	SINT

#### - Source Length - 5

Message	Type:	CIP Generic	8	~		
Service Type:	Custom		~	Source Element		~
Service Code: Instance:		·	f5 (Hex) 0 (Hex)	Element	5 🜩	(Bytes)

3. Configure the Communication tab to use a Path of THIS.

#### **IMPORTANT** Messages to THIS must be unconnected messages.

Configuration*	Commun	nication Tag	,				_
Path:	THIS					Browse	
	THIS						
O Broadc	ast:	~					
Communica	ation Metho	bd	_				
CIP		Channel:	'A'	Destinat	ion Link:	0 📫	
CIP Wit		Source Link	. 0	🗢 Destinat	ion Node:	0 🛟	(Octa
Conne	ected		Cache	Connections	•	Large Cor	nnection
Conne	cted		Cache	Connections	•	Large Cor	nection
	) Enable	Waiting	🔾 Start	◯ Done		Large Con	nnection

# Notes:

# **Change Controller Type**

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Change from a Safety to a Standard Controller	328
Change Safety Controller Types	329

Safety controllers have special requirements and do not support certain standard features. You must understand the behavior of the system when changing the controller type from standard to safety, or from safety to standard, in your controller project.

Changing controller type affects the following:

- Supported features
- Physical configuration of the project
- Controller properties
- Project components such as tasks, programs, routines, and tags
- Safety Add-On Instructions

You can change from a CompactLogix<sup>™</sup> 5380 controller to a Compact GuardLogix<sup>®</sup> 5380 controller in safety applications.

Upon confirmation of a change from a standard controller to a safety controller project, safety components are created to meet the minimum requirements for a safety controller:

- The safety task is created only if the maximum number of downloadable tasks has not been reached. The safety task is initialized with its default values.
  - **TIP** If your project already contains 32 tasks, and you try to change from a standard to a safety controller, the project does not convert and stays with the standard controller.
- Safety components are created (safety task, safety program, and so forth).
- A time-based safety network number (SNN) is generated for the local chassis.
- A time-based safety network number (SNN) is also generated for each embedded EtherNet/IP<sup>™</sup> port.
- Standard controller features that are not supported by the safety controller, such as redundancy, are removed from the Controller Properties dialog box (if they existed).

# Change from a Standard to a Safety Controller

Appl	Applies to these controllers:			
Comp	pactLogix 5380			
Comp	oact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2			
Comp	act GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3			

# Change from a Safety to a Standard Controller

#### Applies to these controllers:

CompactLogix 5380
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3

Upon confirmation of a change from a safety controller project to a standard controller, some components are changed and others are deleted:

- Safety I/O devices and their tags are deleted.
- The safety task, programs, and routines are changed to a standard task, programs, and routines.
- All safety tags, except safety consume tags, are changed to standard tags. Safety consume tags are deleted.
- Safety tag mappings are deleted.
- The safety network numbers (SNNs) are deleted.
- Safety-lock and -unlock passwords are deleted.
- If the standard controller supports features that were not available to the safety controller, those new features are visible in the Controller Properties dialog box.
  - **TIP** Peer safety controllers are not deleted, even if they have no connections remaining.
- Instructions can still reference modules that have been deleted and can produce verification errors.
- Consumed tags are deleted when the producing module is deleted.
- As a result of the above changes to the system, safety-specific instructions and safety I/O tags do not verify.

If the safety controller project contains safety Add-On Instructions, you must remove them from the project or change their class to standard before changing the controller type.

# Change Safety Controller Types

Applies to these controllers:			
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2			
Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3			

When you change from one safety controller type to another, the class of tags, routines, and programs remain unaltered. Any I/O devices that are no longer compatible with the target controller are deleted.

If you change from a safety controller with a SIL 3/PLe application to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 controller, the application changes to SIL 2/PLd.

If you change from a safety controller with a SIL 3/PLe application to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller, the application remains SIL 3/PLe.

If you change from a safety controller with a SIL 2/PLe application to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controller, the representation of the safety partner is updated to appear appropriately for the target controller.

Safety Network Numbers are also preserved when you change to a Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller.

# Notes:

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# **Additional Resources**

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation.

Resource		Description	
	CompactLogix 5380 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN013</u>	Provides installation instructions for CompactLogix™ 5380 controllers.	
Hardware installation	Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 2 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN014</u>	Provides installation instructions for Compact GuardLogix® 5380 SIL 2 controllers.	
	Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 Controllers Installation Instructions, publication <u>5069-IN023</u>	Provides installation instructions for Compact GuardLogix 5380 SIL 3 controllers.	
	Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication <u>1770-4.1</u>	Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system.	
	Compact 5000 I/O Modules Specifications Technical Data, publication 5069-TD001	Provides specifications for Compact 5000™ I/O EtherNet/IP™ adapters and Compact 5000 I/O modules.	
Technical Data	CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controllers Specifications Technical Data, publication <u>5069-TD002</u>	Provides specifications for CompactLogix 5380 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controllers.	
Networks	EtherNet/IP Network Devices User Manual, publication ENET-UM006	Describes how to configure and use EtherNet/IP™ devices with a Logix 5000™ controller and communicate with various devices on the Ethernet network.	
Safety Application Requirements	GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 Controller Systems Safety Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM012</u>	Provides requirements for achieving and maintaining Safety Integrity Level (SIL) 2 and Performance Level (PL) d and Safety Integrity Level (SIL) 3 and Performance Level (PL) e requirements with the GuardLogix 5580 and Compact GuardLogix 5380 controller system using the Studio 5000 Logix Designer® application.	
Mation	Integrated Motion on the EtherNet/IP Network Reference Manual, publication <u>MOTION-RM003</u>	Provides descriptions of the AXIS_CIP_DRIVE attributes and the Logix Designer application Control Modes and Methods.	
Motion	Logix 5000 Controllers Motion Instructions Reference Manual, publication <u>MOTION-RM002</u>	Provides information on how to use Motion instructions.	
	Logix 5000 Controllers Design Considerations Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM094</u>	Provides information on how to design and plan Logix 5000 controller systems.	
Design Considerations	Ethernet Design Considerations Reference Manual, publication ENET-RM002	Provides additional information on network design for your system.	
	Replacement Guidelines: Logix 5000 Controllers Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM100</u>	Provides guidelines on how to replace the following: • ControlLogix® 5560/5570 controller with a ControlLogix 5580 controller • CompactLogix 5370 L3 controllers with a CompactLogix 5380 controller	
	Logix 5000 Controllers Common Procedures Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM001</u>	Provides access to the Logix 5000 Controllers set of programming manuals. The manuals cover such topics as how to manage project files, organize tags, program logic, test routines, handle faults, and more.	
Programming Tasks and Procedures	Logix 5000 Controllers General Instructions Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM003</u>	Provides information on the programming instructions available to use in Logix Designer application projects.	
	GuardLogix Safety Application Instruction Set Reference Manual, publication <u>1756-RM095</u>	Provides information on the GuardLogix Safety application instruction set.	
Product Certifications	Product Certifications website, <u>rok.auto/</u> <u>certifications</u> .	Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.	

You can view or download publications at <u>rok.auto/literature</u>.

# **Rockwell Automation Support**

Use these resources to access support information.

Technical Support Center	Find help with how-to videos, FAQs, chat, user forums, and product notification updates.	rok.auto/support
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Local Technical Support Phone Numbers	Locate the telephone number for your country.	rok.auto/phonesupport
Literature Library	Find installation instructions, manuals, brochures, and technical data publications.	rok.auto/literature
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